



Symbiotic Renewable Energy Supply for Europe

How to meet climate targets with a technology-agnostic approach

Bad Honnef, June 19th 2023

Prof. Dr. Stefan Niessen MBA

Agenda

- Cost-minimal path to decarbonization of the EU
- Cost-minimal path to decarbonization of Germany
- Concrete examples for the decarbonization of sites
 - a) SIEMENS factory at Amberg
 - b) Factory for Electric Vehicles
 - c) Bremerhaven Harbor

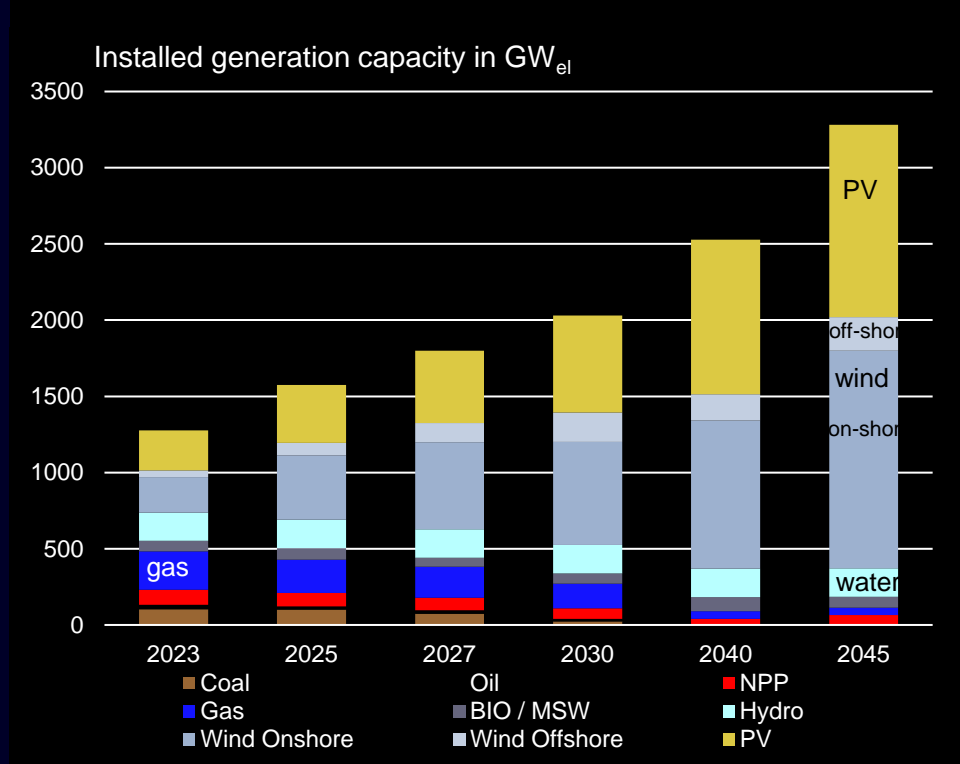


EU27
+NO +CH
+UK +Balkan

How to decarbonize the EU

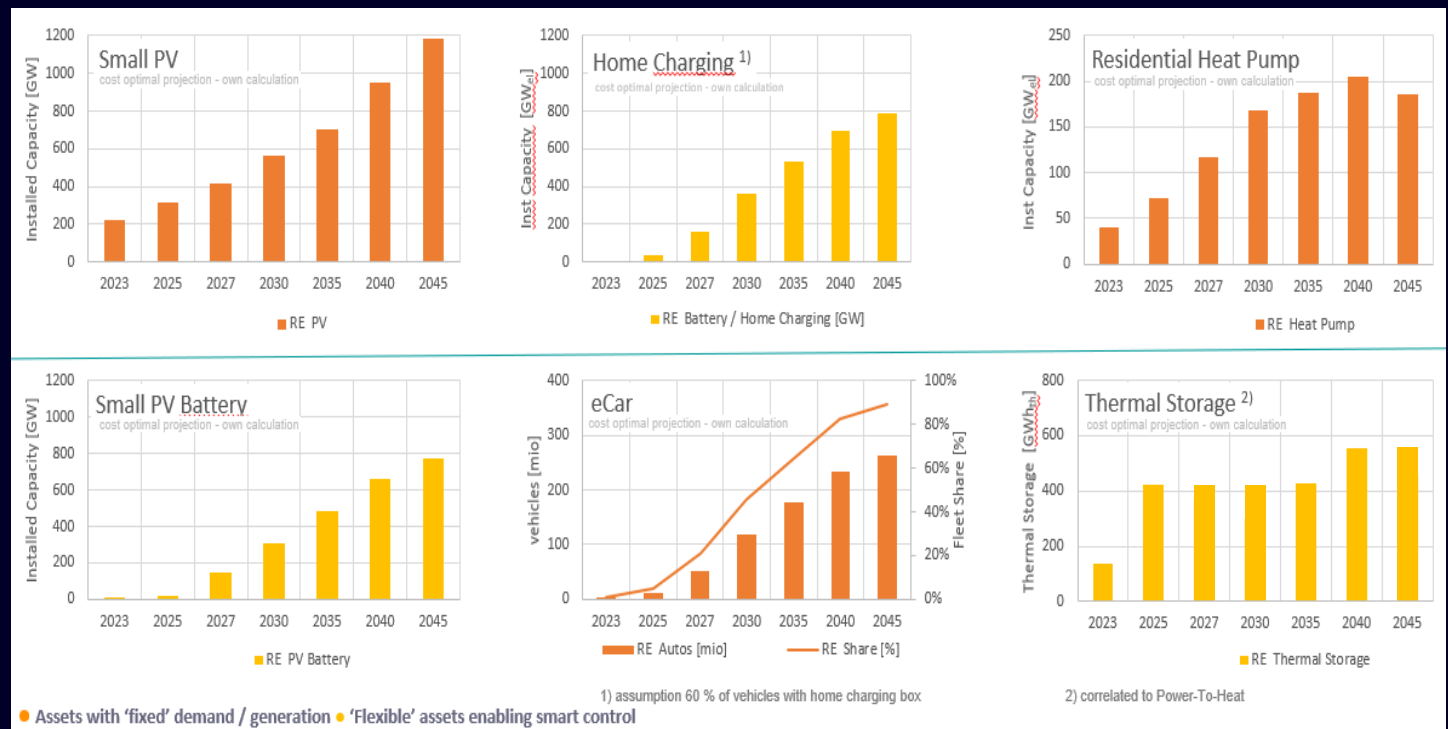
A cost-optimal implementation of the RePower EU scenario will look like this:

Generation: ramp-up of renewables



Cost optimal projection - own calculation

Consumption: prosumer swarms -> dynamics & flexibilities

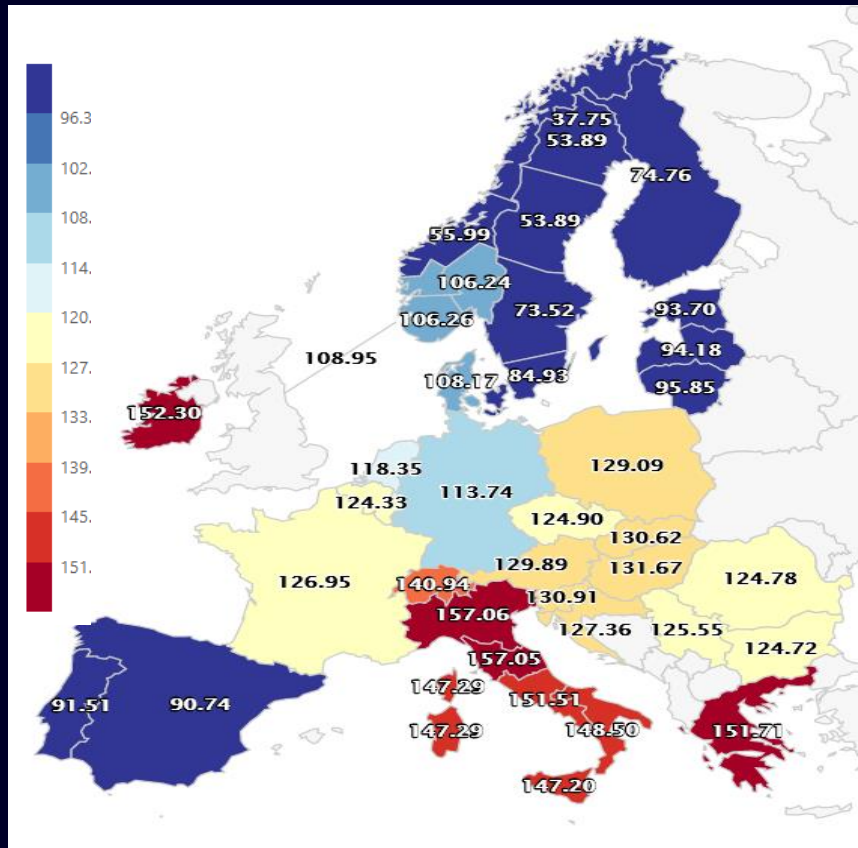


70GW
Electro
lyzers
2030

Security of supply needs to be evaluated on a European level

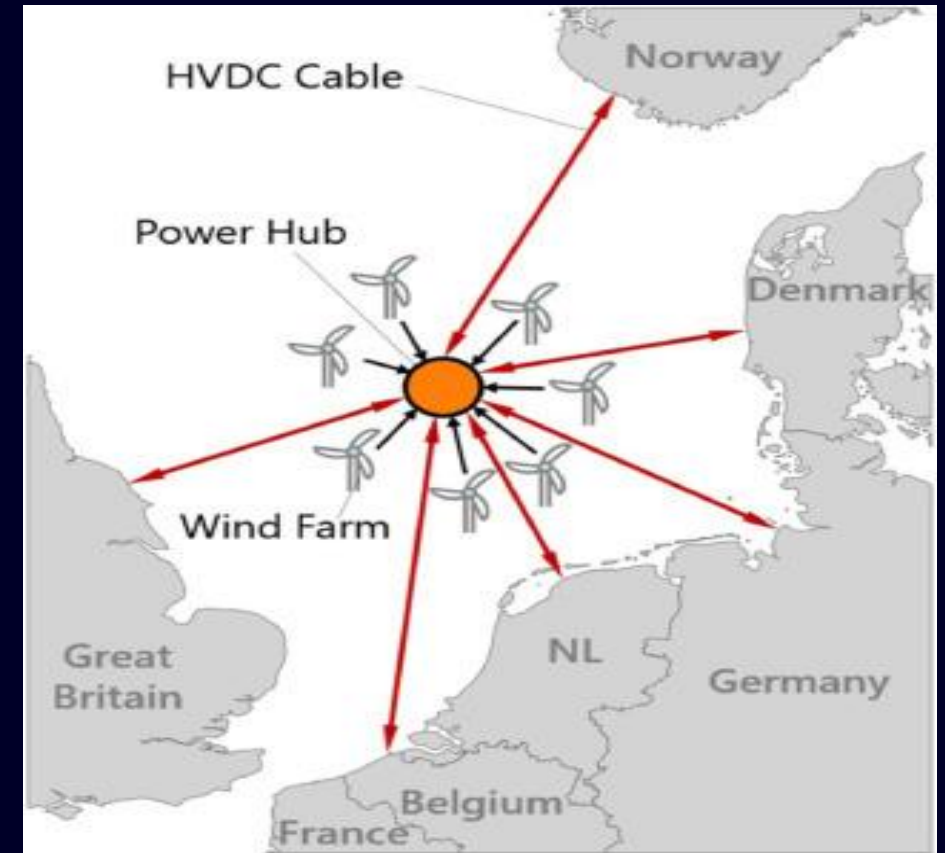
Germany profits from its central location

Avg. electricity price – EEX Spot Market¹⁾
 2023-Q1 DE: 114 €/MWh



Future wind hubs at sea

several Hubs in North & Baltic Sea are planned

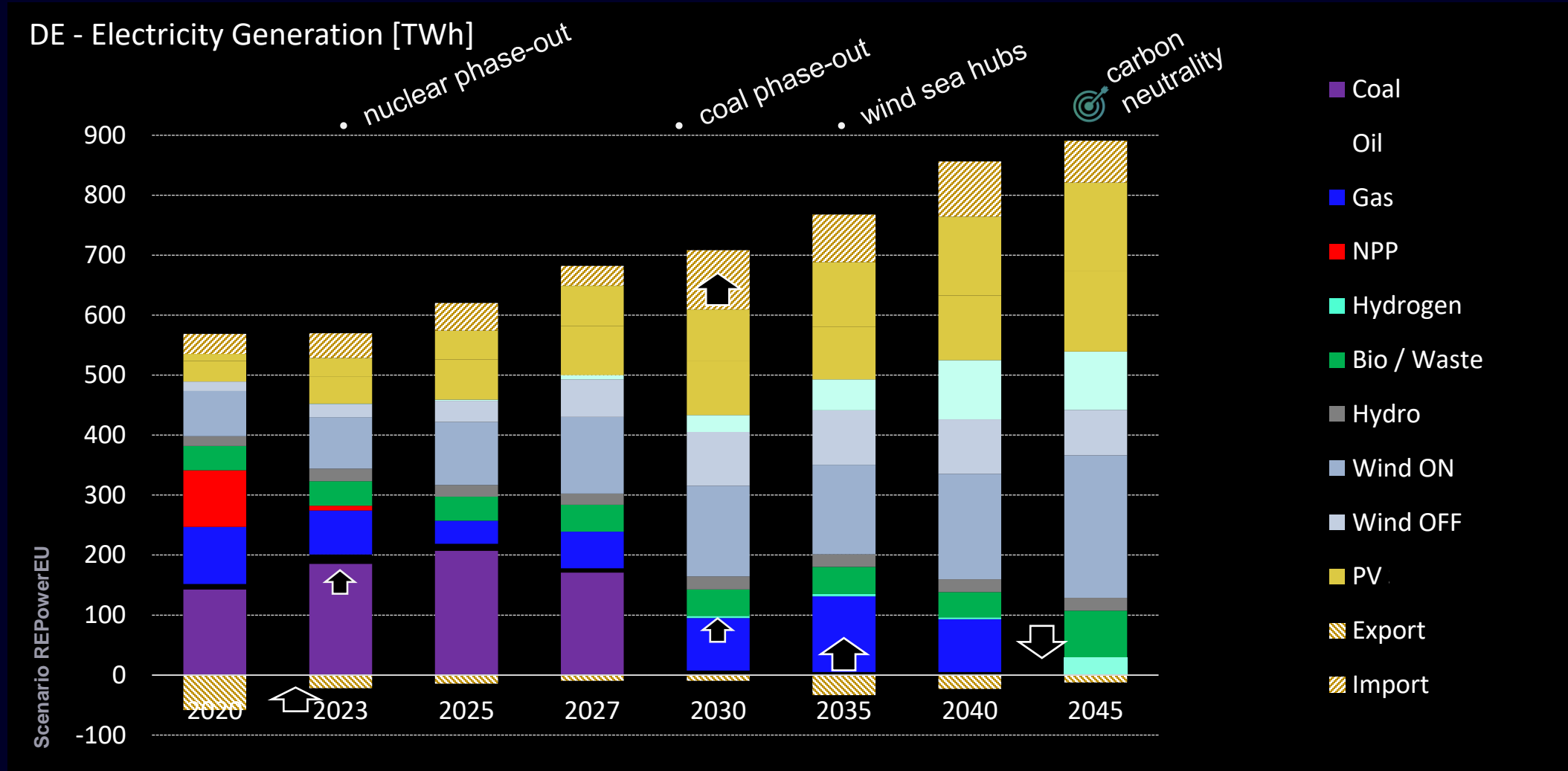


1) source [1] FhG - www.energy-charts
 2) see [2] ENTSO-e TYNDP 2022 Target cross border cap
 +64 GW till 2030 and +132 GW till 2040

3) source [3] Adv Applied Energies 2022 M.Jansen



Germany: nuclear and coal phase-out require even more drastic changes



1) Note: Gas includes Gas CHP_s, H2 includes H2 FC CHPs and bio / Waste includes Biogas CHPs
 2) RES includes Hydro, Biomass, Waste, Hydrogen, Geothermal, PV and Wind; total: sum of all generation plus net. imports



Firm capacity in Germany 2018

Firm capacity in GW according to Netzentwicklungsplan & Kohlekommission



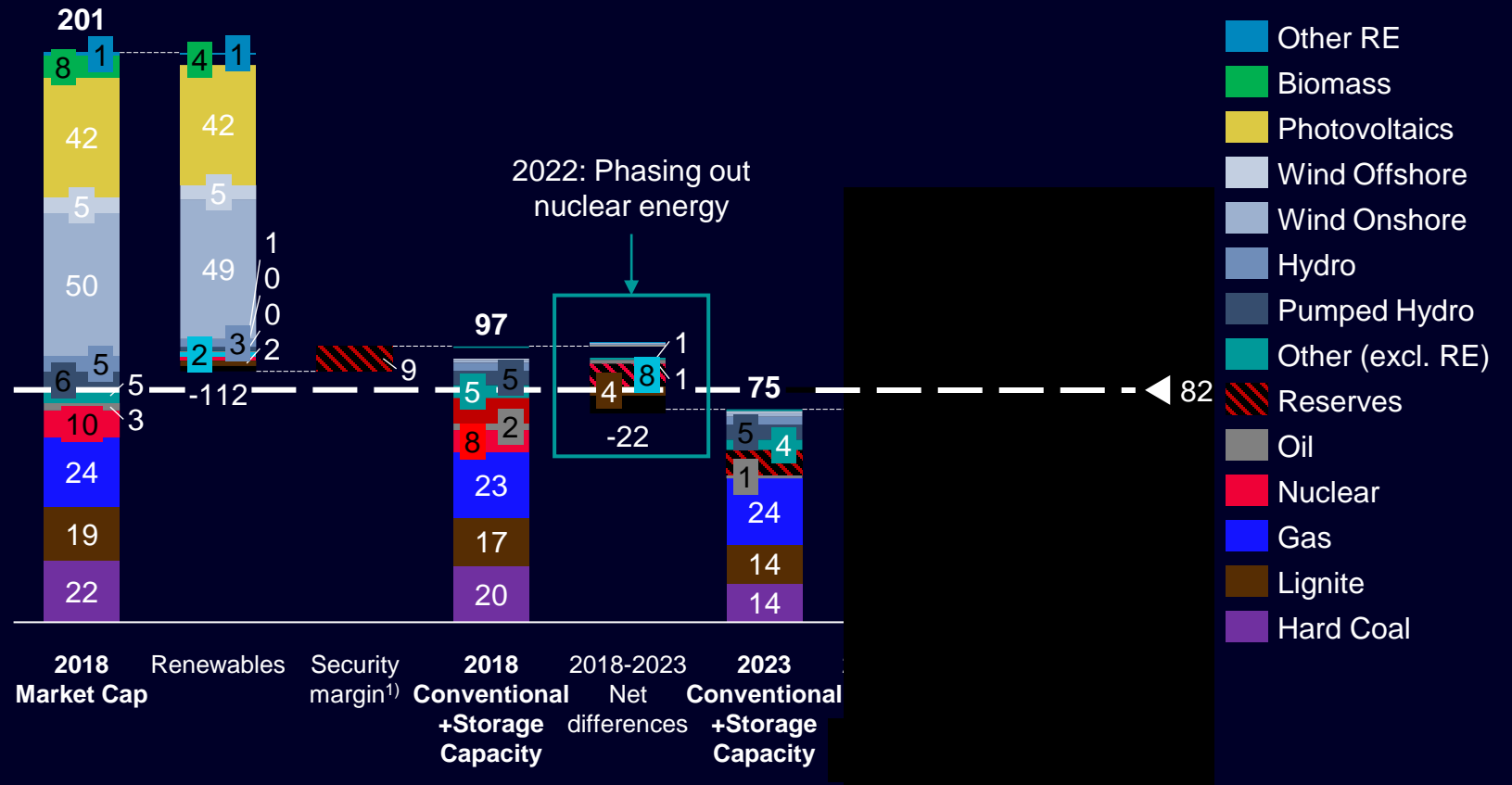
1) Security margin: built by "Sicherheitsbereitschaft" and "Netzreserve"; assumed to be stable (9 GW) until 2030 including "Kapazitätsreserve" from 2019 onwards.

2) Current peak load in Germany / Peak in 2035 DEKASim.



Firm capacity in Germany 2023

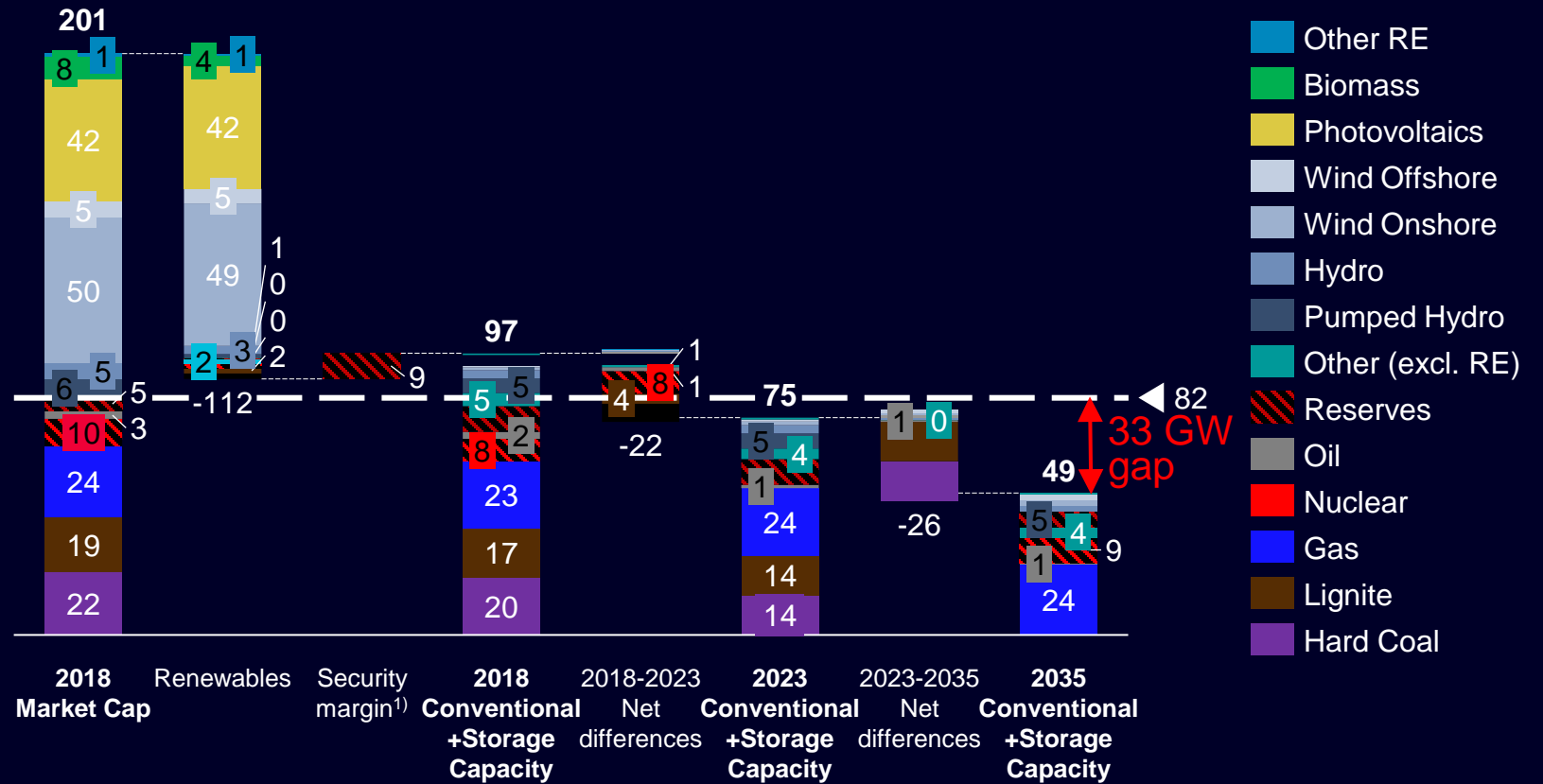
Firm capacity in GW according to Netzentwicklungsplan & Kohlekommission



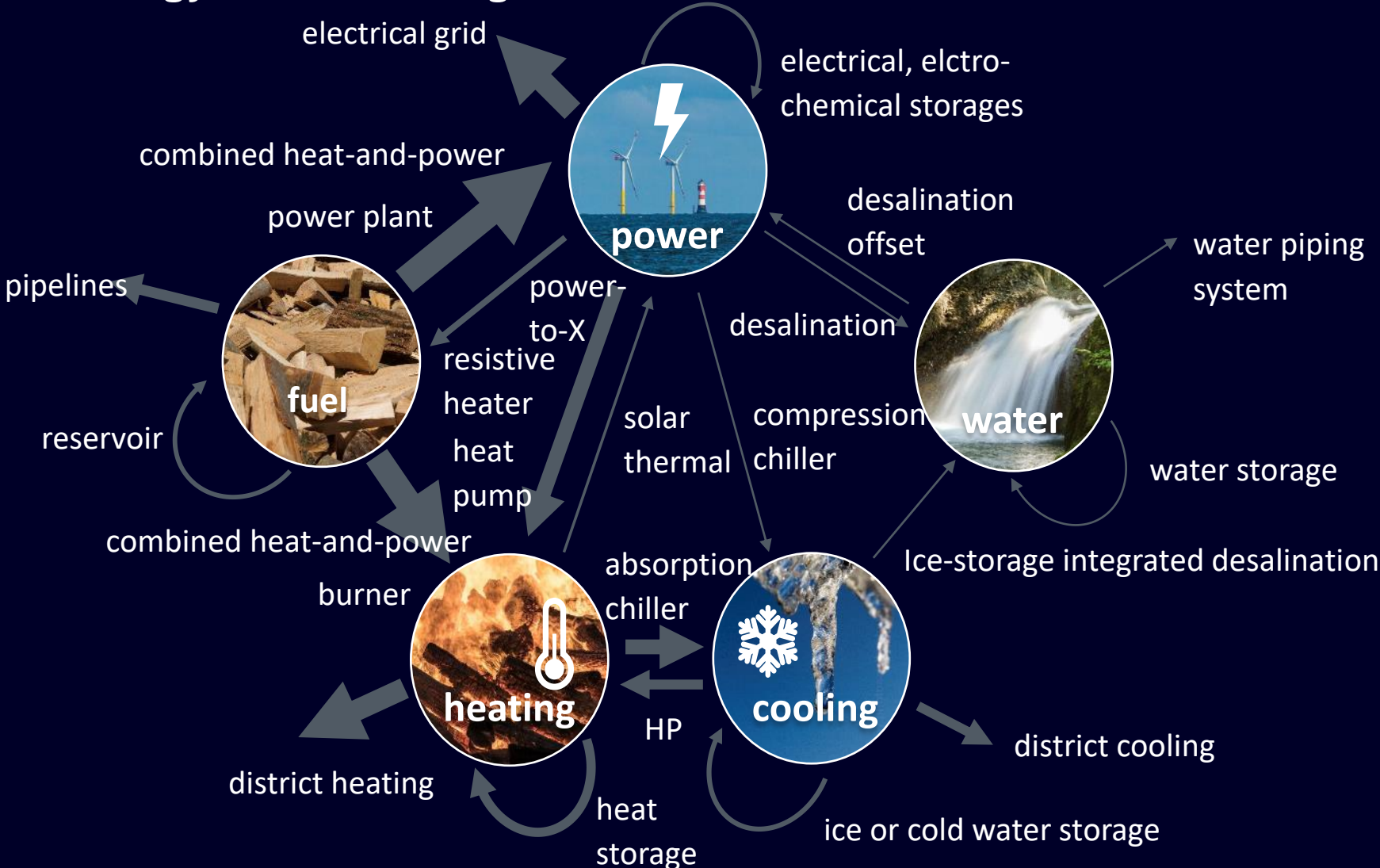


Firm capacity in Germany 2035 - or already 2030

Firm capacity in GW according to Netzentwicklungsplan & Kohlekommission

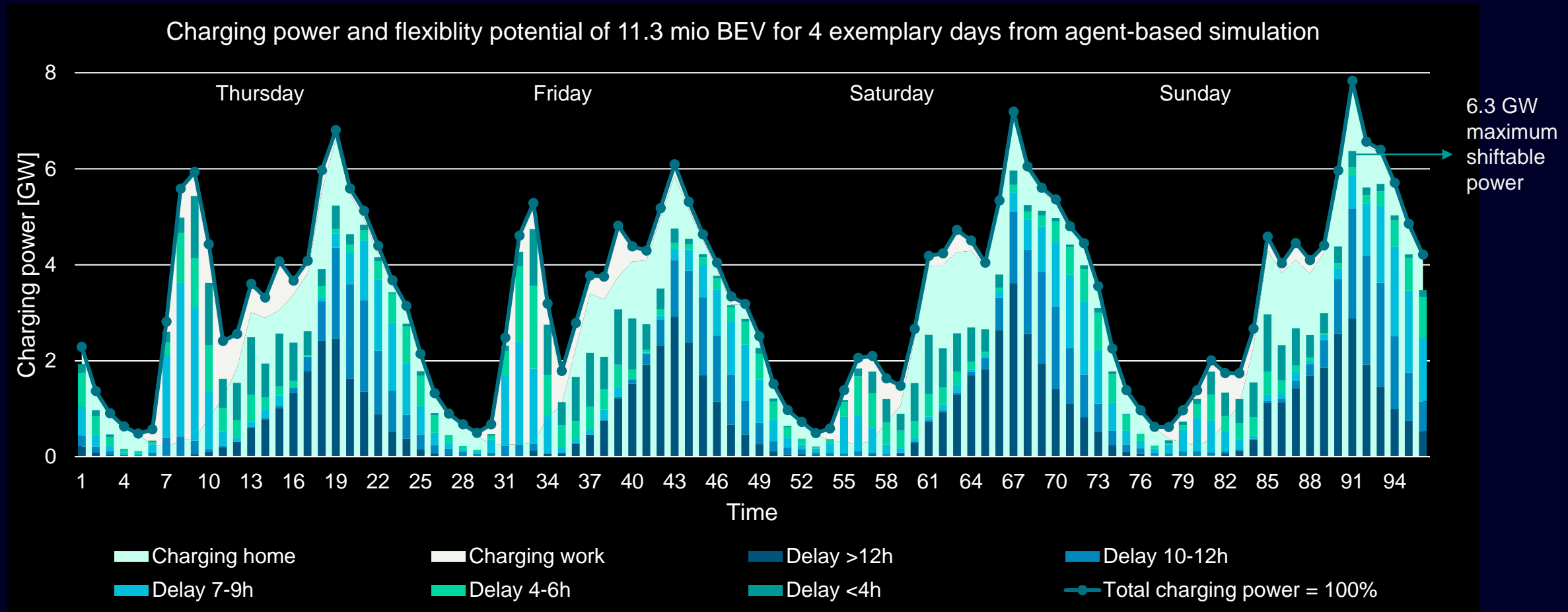


Different modes of energy and technologies for conversion





Example: flexibility from battery electric vehicles



Source: *The Contribution of Carbon-Optimized Battery Electric Vehicle Charging to the Decarbonization of a Multi-Modal Energy System*

D. Husarek, S. Paulus, M. Huber, M. Metzger, S. Niessen

4th E-Mobility Power System Integration Symposium, 3 November 2020 <https://mobilityintegrationsymposium.org/downloads/>

example: flexible Industrial processes

Siemensstadt Berlin

peak load

SIEMENS
Gasturbinenwerk

12,89 MW

SIEMENS
Schaltwerk

6,93 MW

SIEMENS
Meßgerätewerk

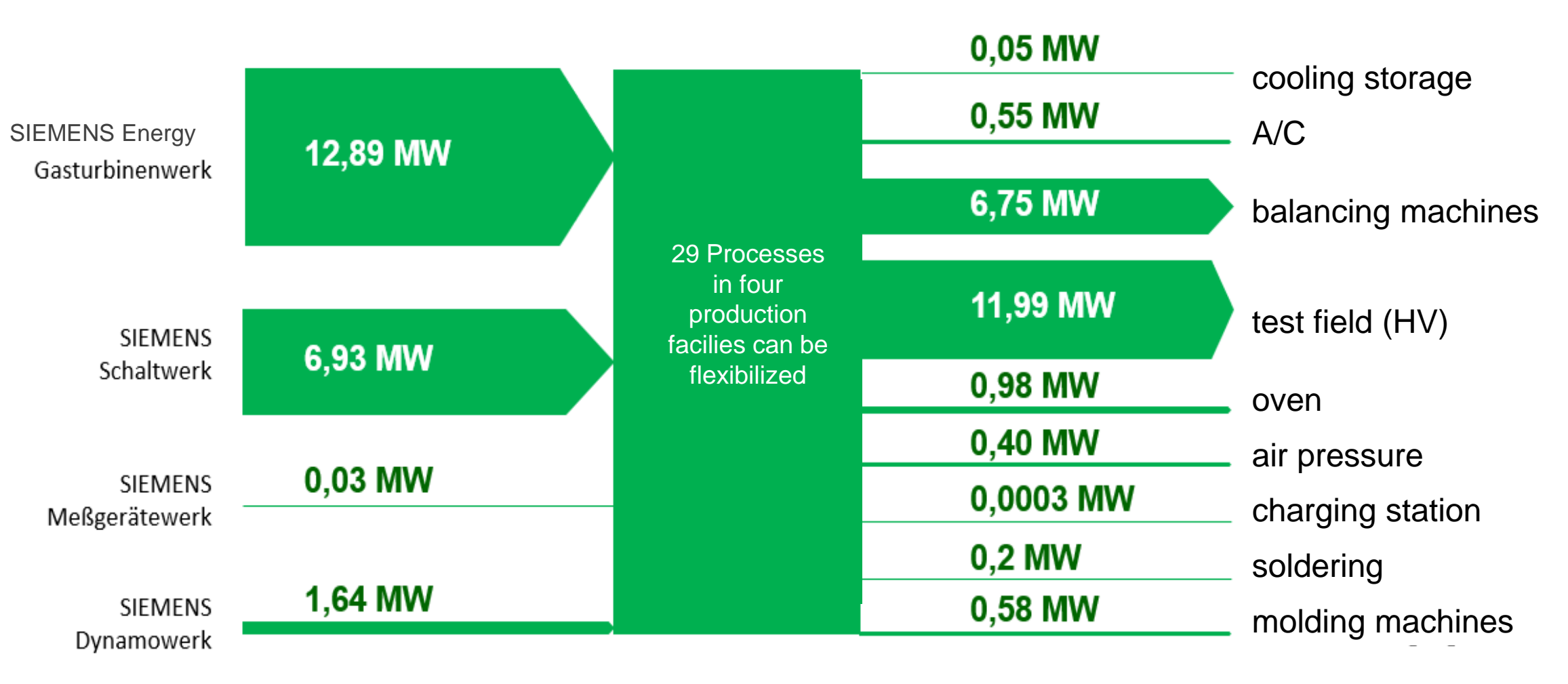
0,03 MW

SIEMENS
Dynamowerk

1,64 MW



example: flexible Industrial processes Siemensstadt Berlin



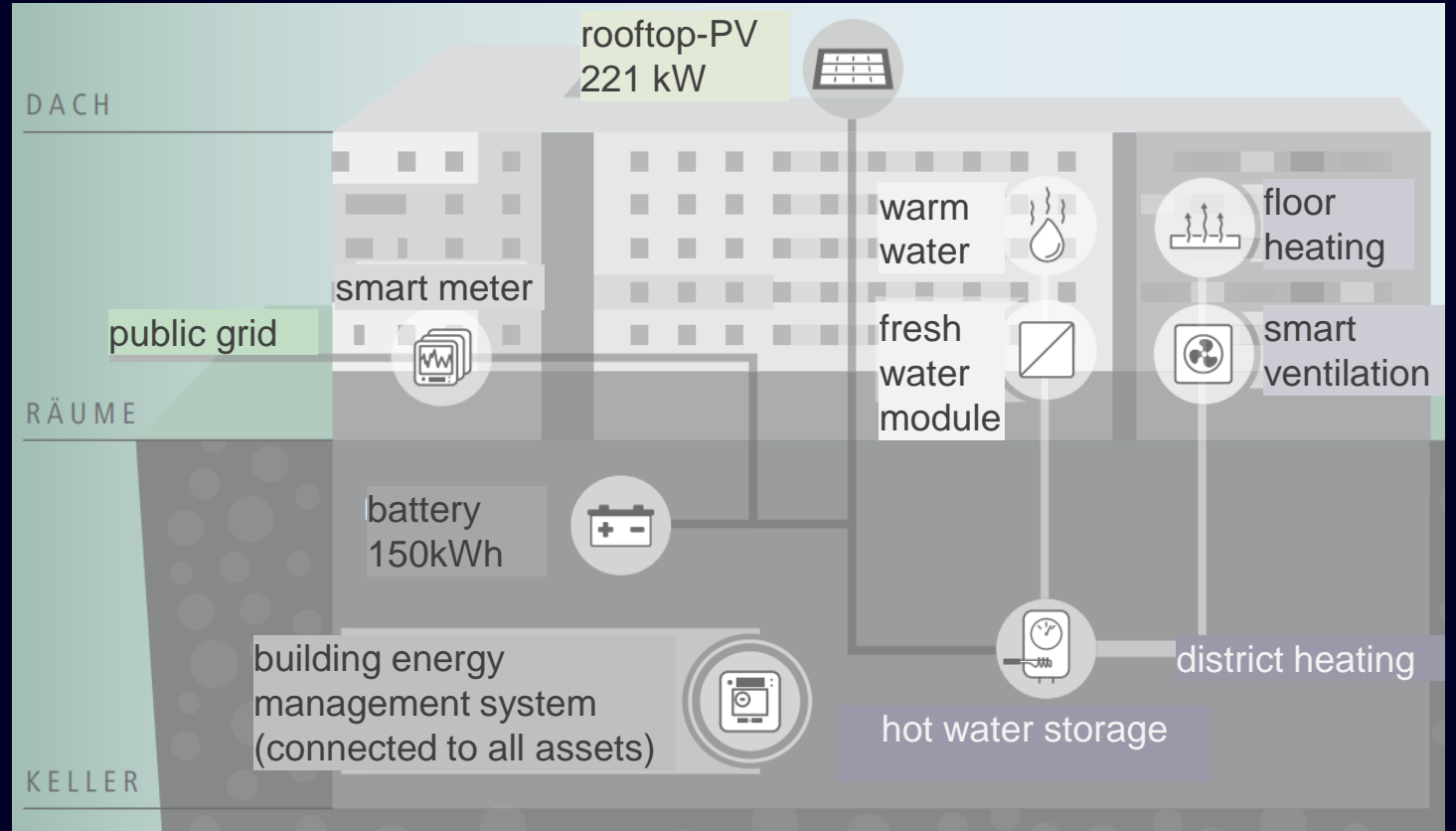


example: flexibility from building heating

student residency in Wien Aspern



Student dormitory



Multimodally coupled energy system

Reference: https://www.ascr.at/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/ASCR_Folder_2017_OK_deutsch_low.compressed.pdf
http://sk.porr-group.com/uploads/tx_mmc_porr_references/pdf/11177_de.pdf

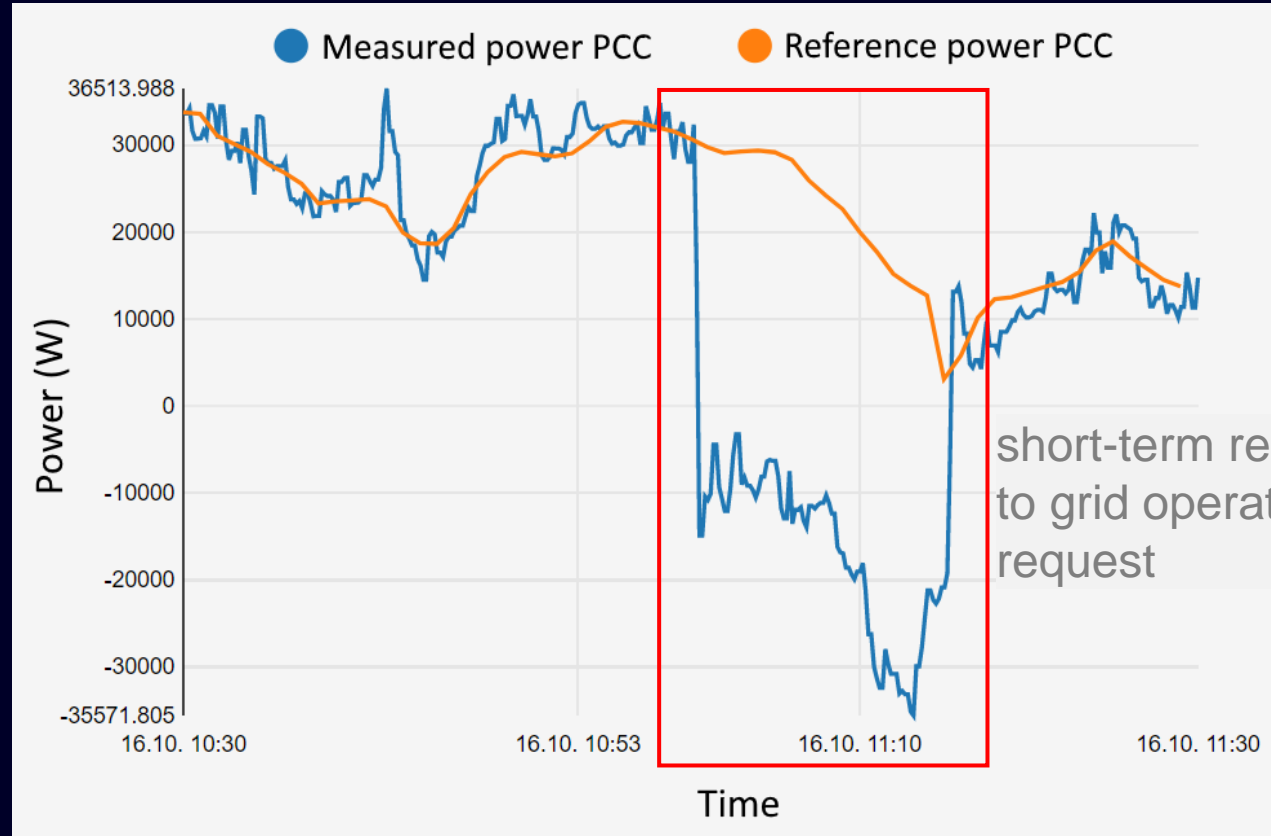




example: flexibility from building heating student residency in Wien Aspern



Student dormitory



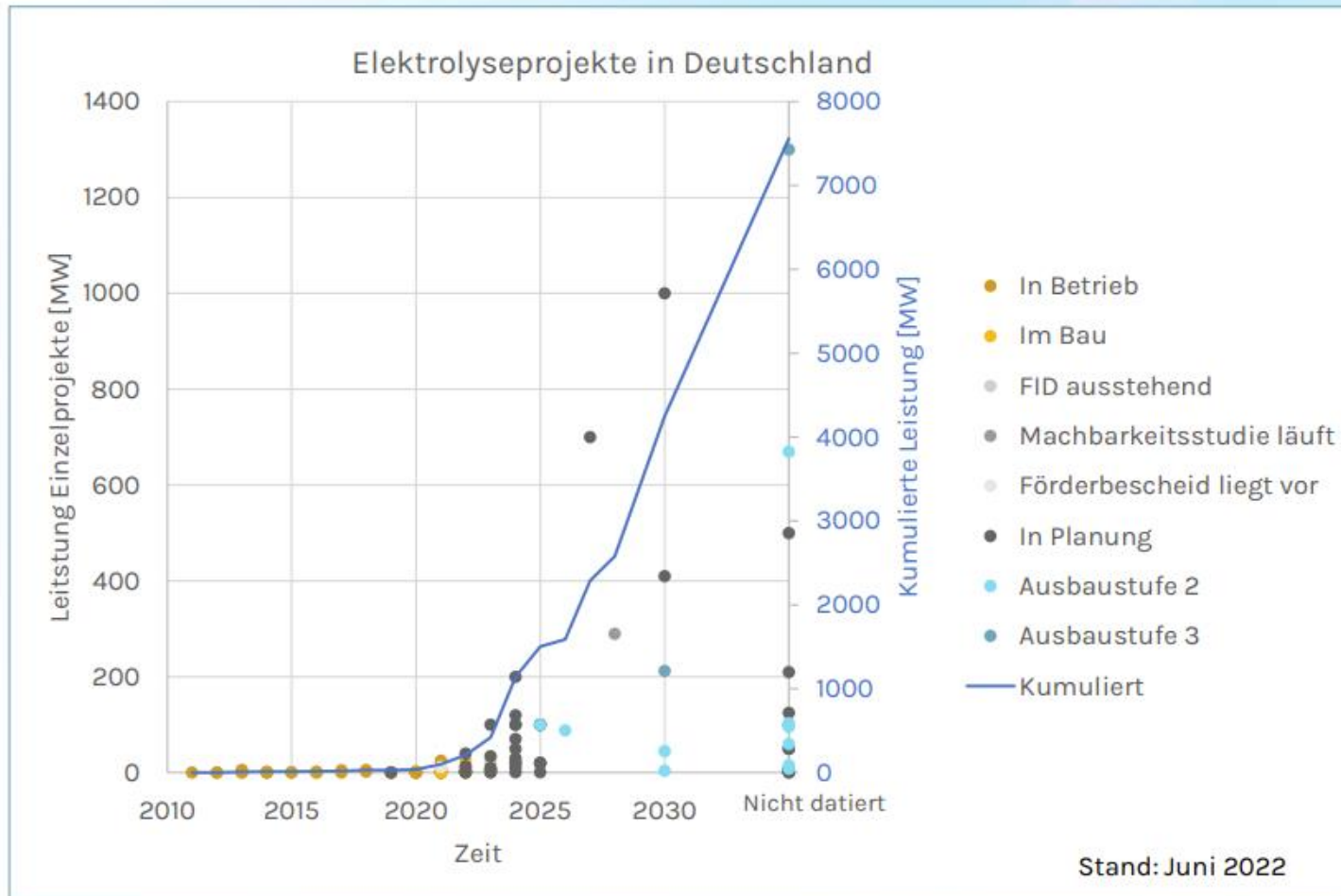
Automated reaction to short-term requests from dispatch center

PCC: point of common coupling



Elektrolysekapazitäten 2030

Geplante Wasserstoffherzeugungsprojekte



Die gezeigten Elektrolyseprojekte sind nach (geplantem) Zeitpunkt der Inbetriebnahme und Leistung dargestellt. Es konnten nur Projekte mit bekannter Leistung abgebildet werden.

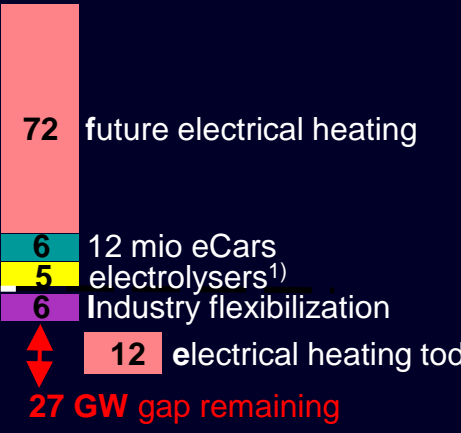
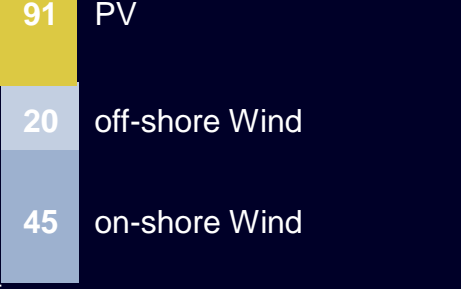
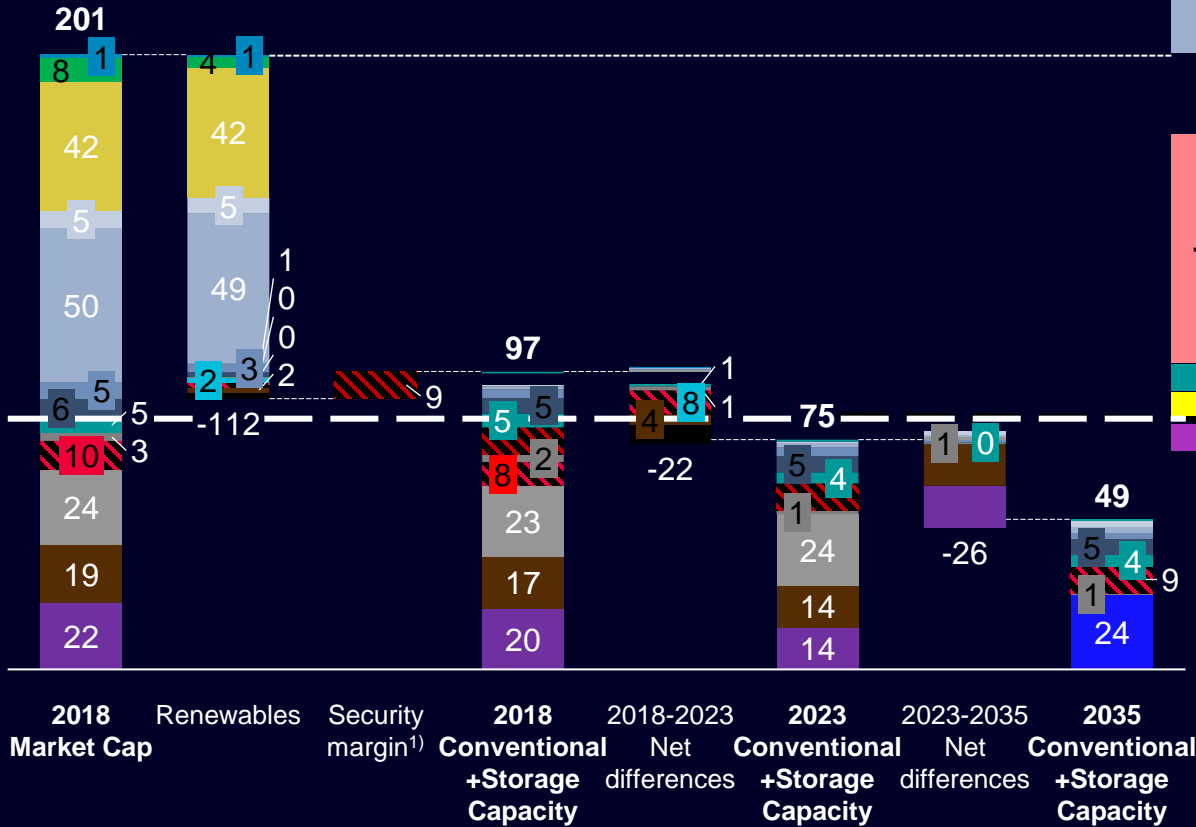
Die kumulierte Leistung aller aufgenommenen Projekte ist als Linie dargestellt und auf der rechten Achse aufgetragen.



mental experiment: flexibilization of demand side

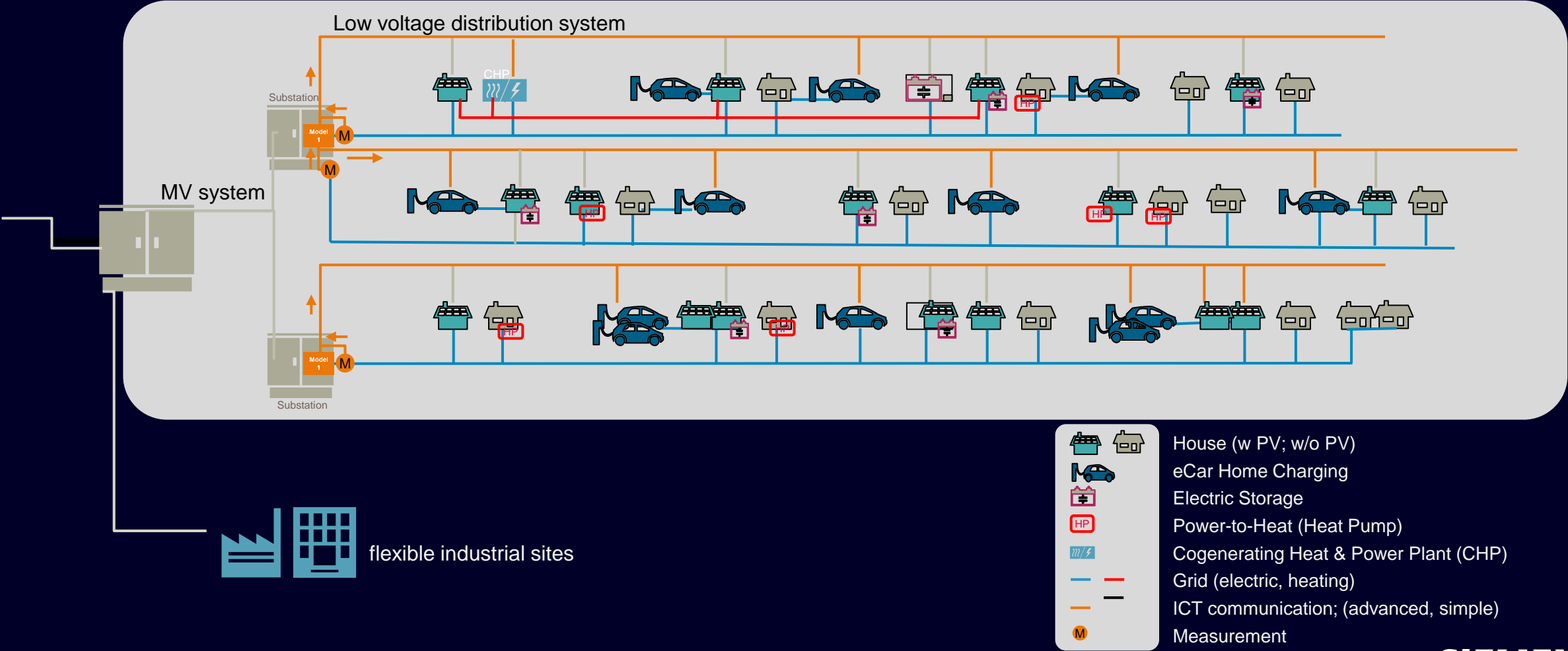


in GW
GW



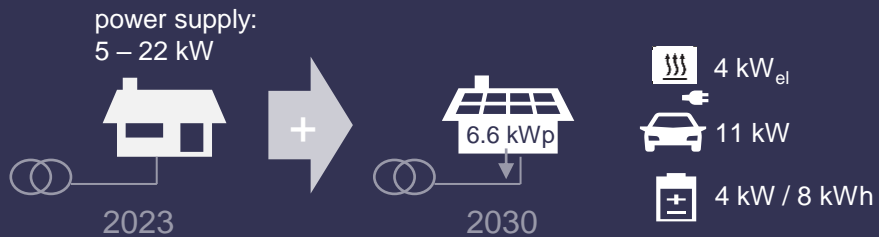
Context-aware, cooperative units in an intelligent distribution grid allow to generate 30% of the consumption locally by 2045

Prosumer Swarms on feeder level → Need for intelligent distribution grids



Smart control of decentral actors in the low voltage grid buys essential time needed for grid expansion

Distribution grids are changing:

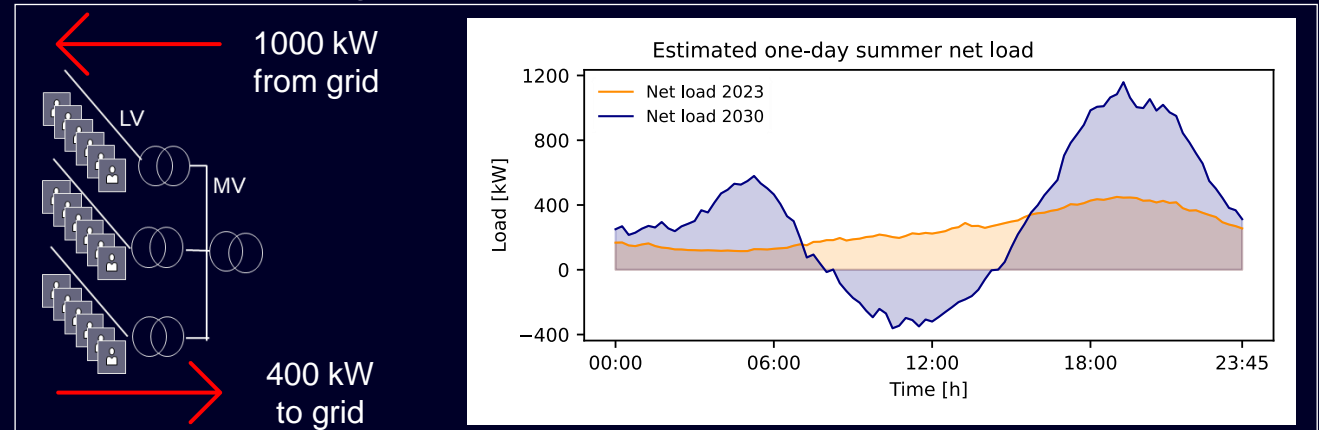


- Stress on grid increases due to decentral generation and increased consumption

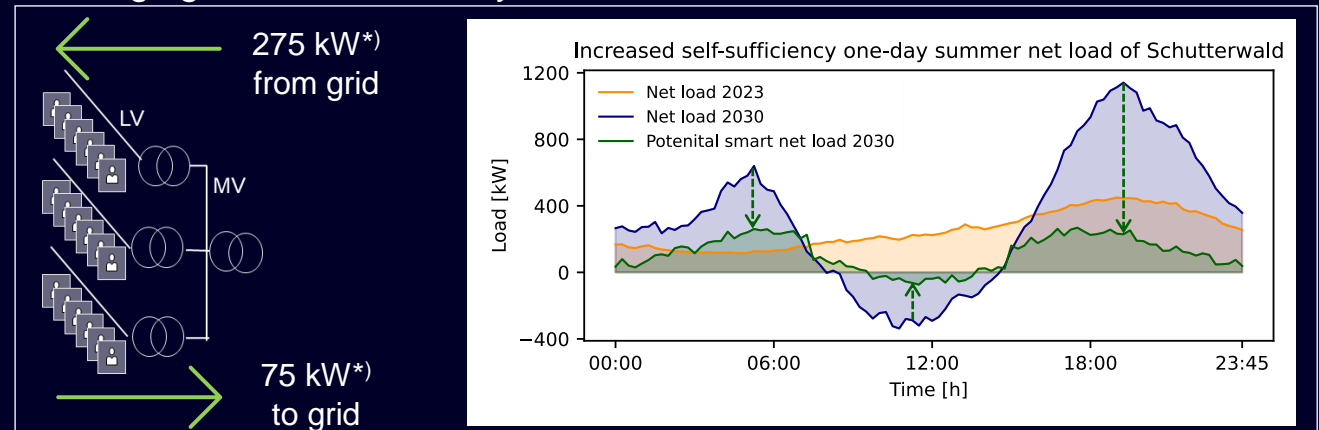
but

- Battery systems, PV and smart utilization of demand side management can decrease the electricity flow across MV/LV substations significantly

Increased stress on grid feeders:



Leveraging decentral flexibility:



*) exemplary numbers

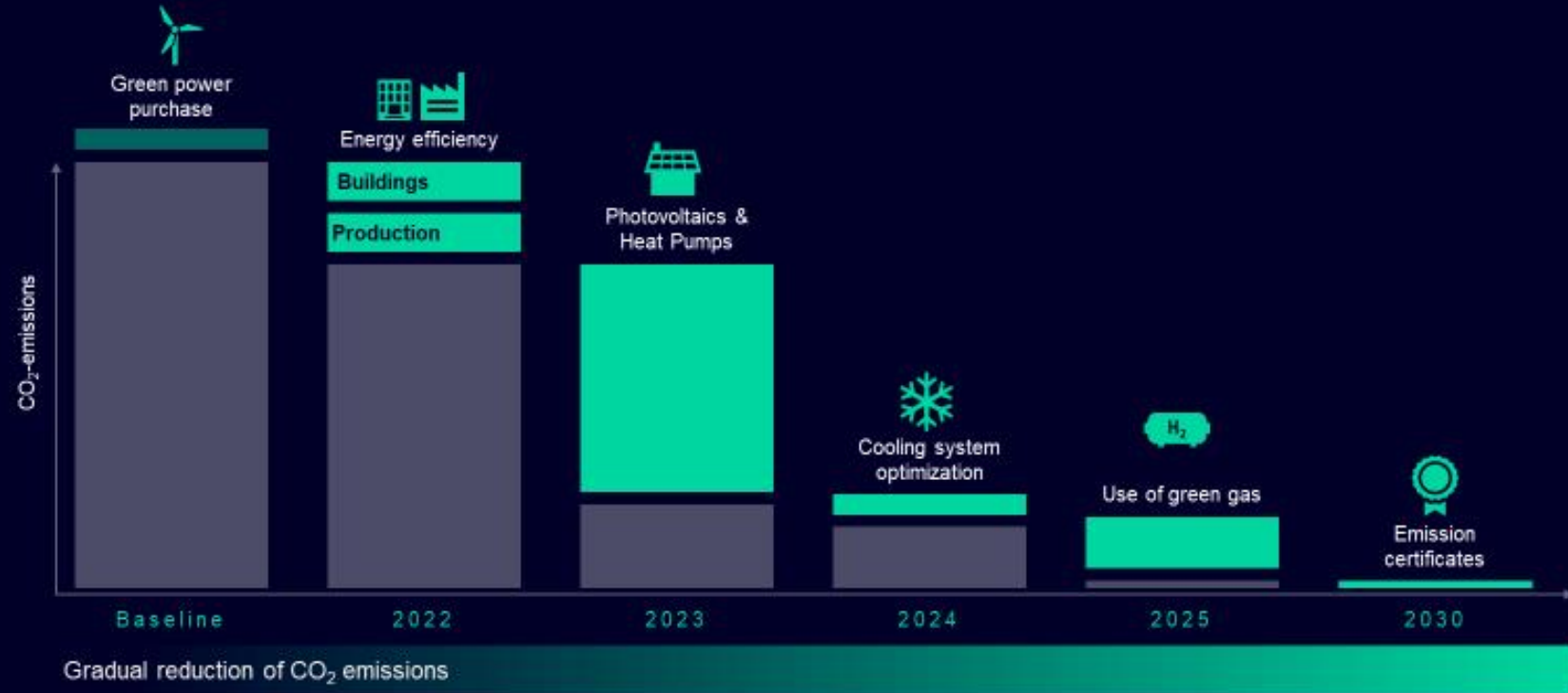
Sustainability Lighthouse: Siemens Factory at Amberg

13 January 2023

By [Gunter Beitinger](#): →

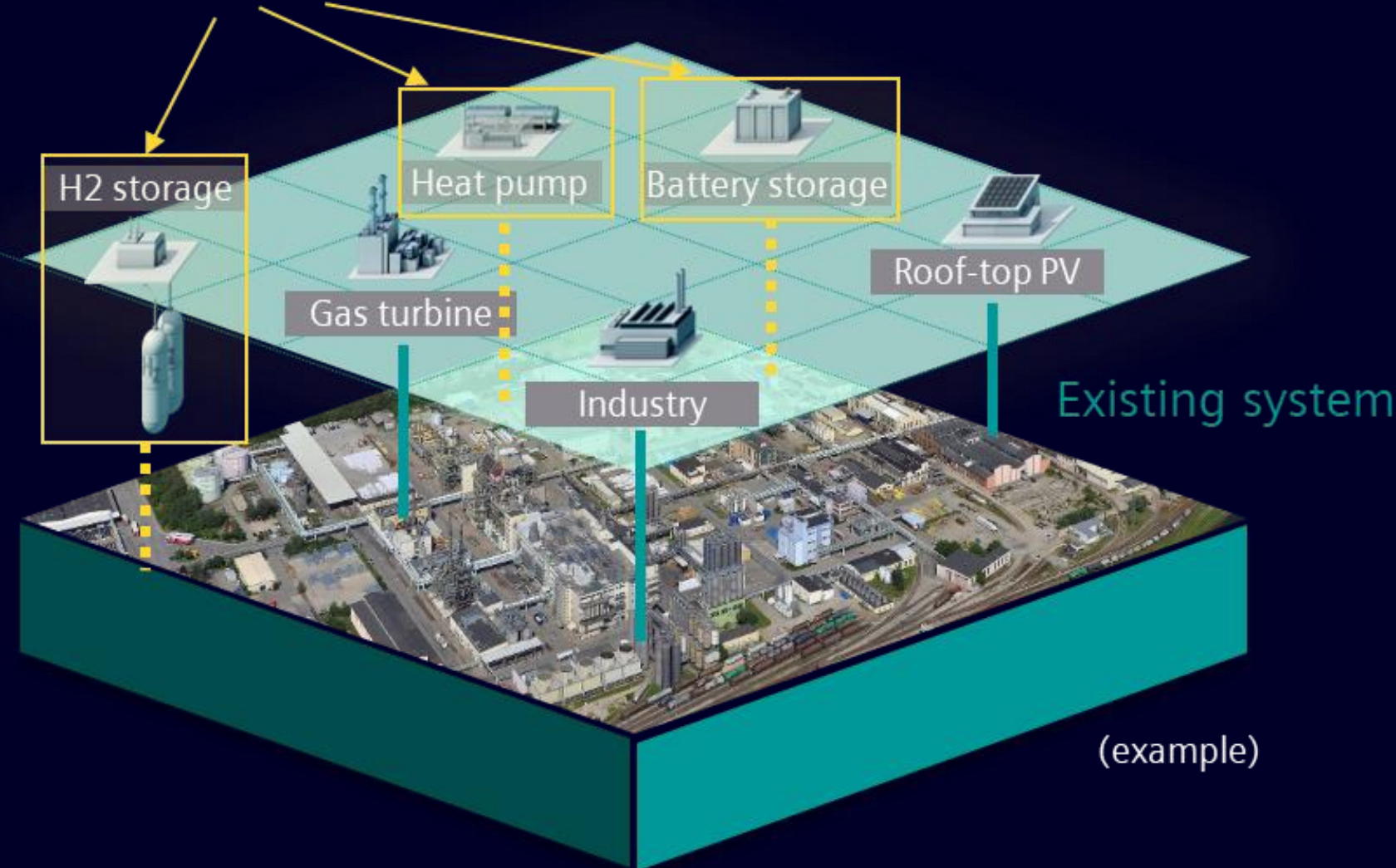
The Journey to a Sustainability Lighthouse awarded by the World Economic Forum

The World Economic Forum (WEF) has named the Siemens Electronic Works in Amberg, Germany, as Sustainability Lighthouse. The designation acknowledges its proactive approach to drive the future of sustainable manufacturing with energy and resource-efficient operations. How did we do that? And why is it still not enough? Let me take you on a short journey to a lighthouse of sustainability.



Optimal setup of onsite energy systems with a holistic digital twin

new potential assets



Simultaneous optimization of design and operation

Minimize total expenditures, carbon dioxide emissions, and/or primary energy consumption by ...

... (discrete) assets selection

PV ✓ CHP ✓ Battery ✗ [...]

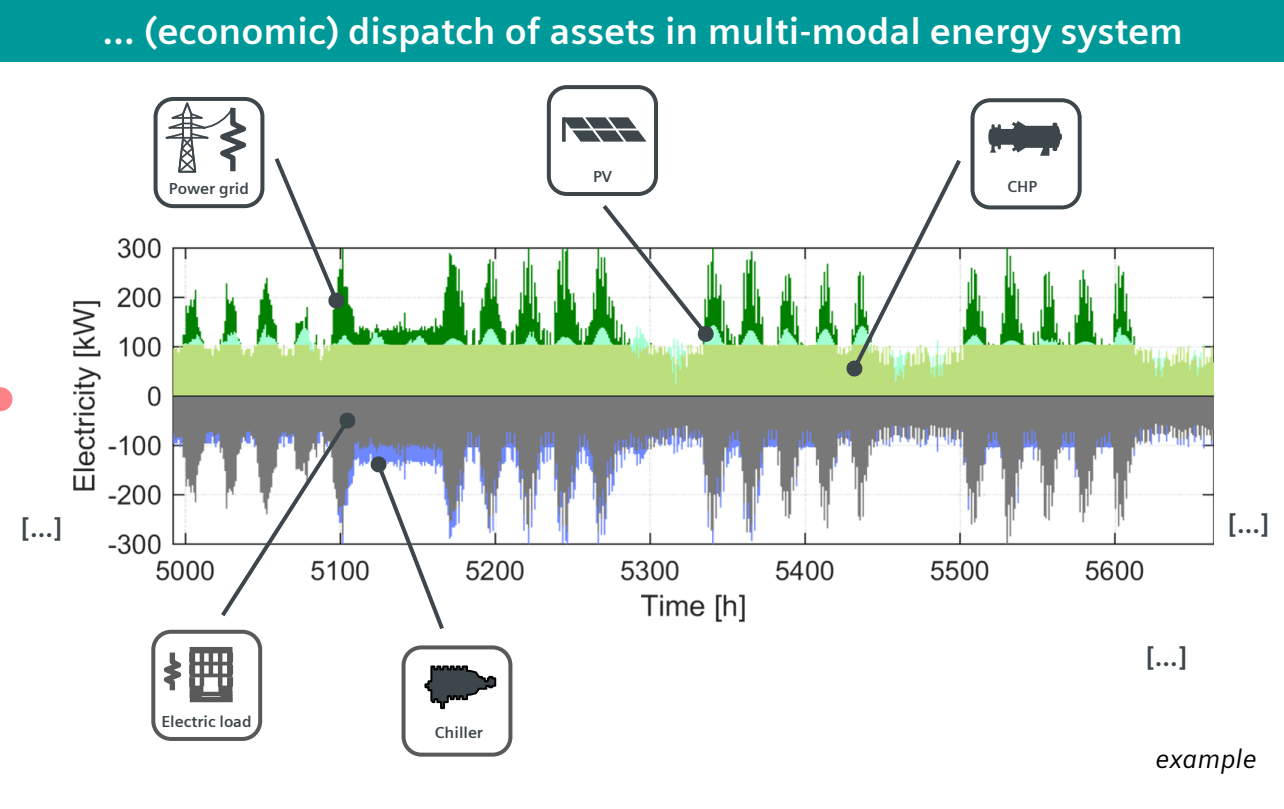
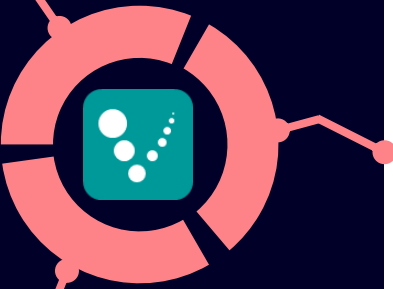
example

... (continuous) assets sizing

Size → ✓

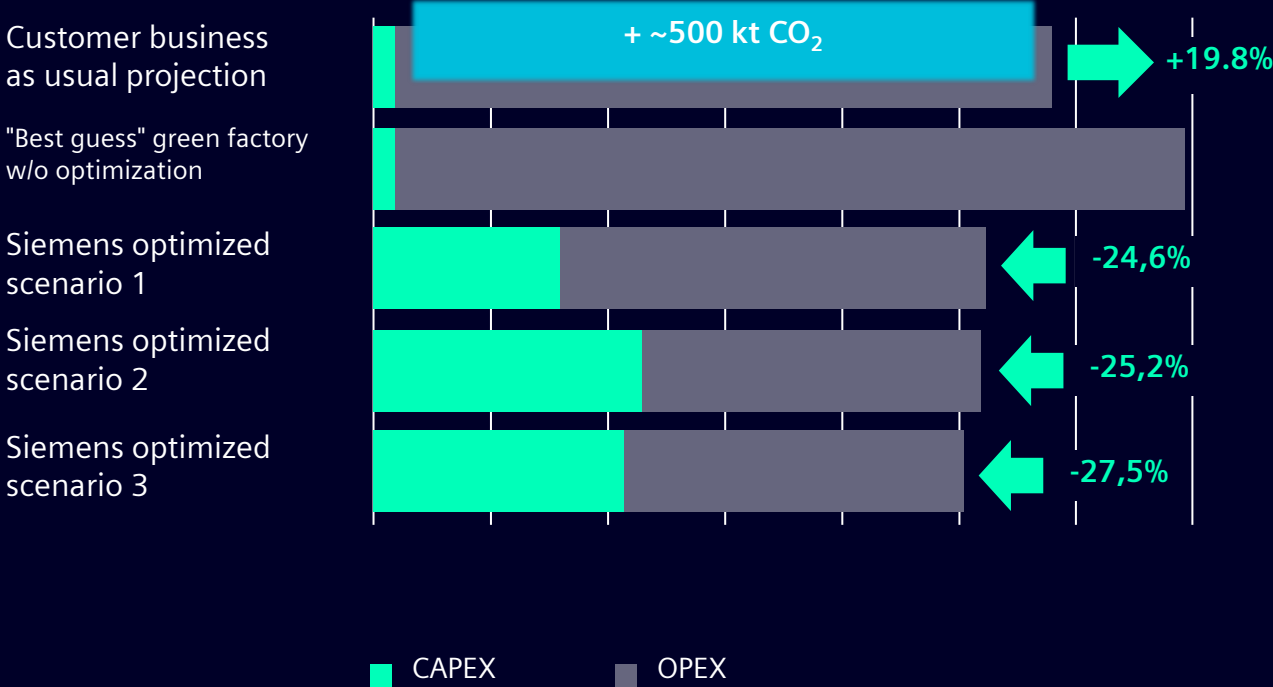
CHP CHP CHP [...]

example



Greenfield automotive factory

Total CAPEX and OPEX



Greenfield Automotive "Green Factory"

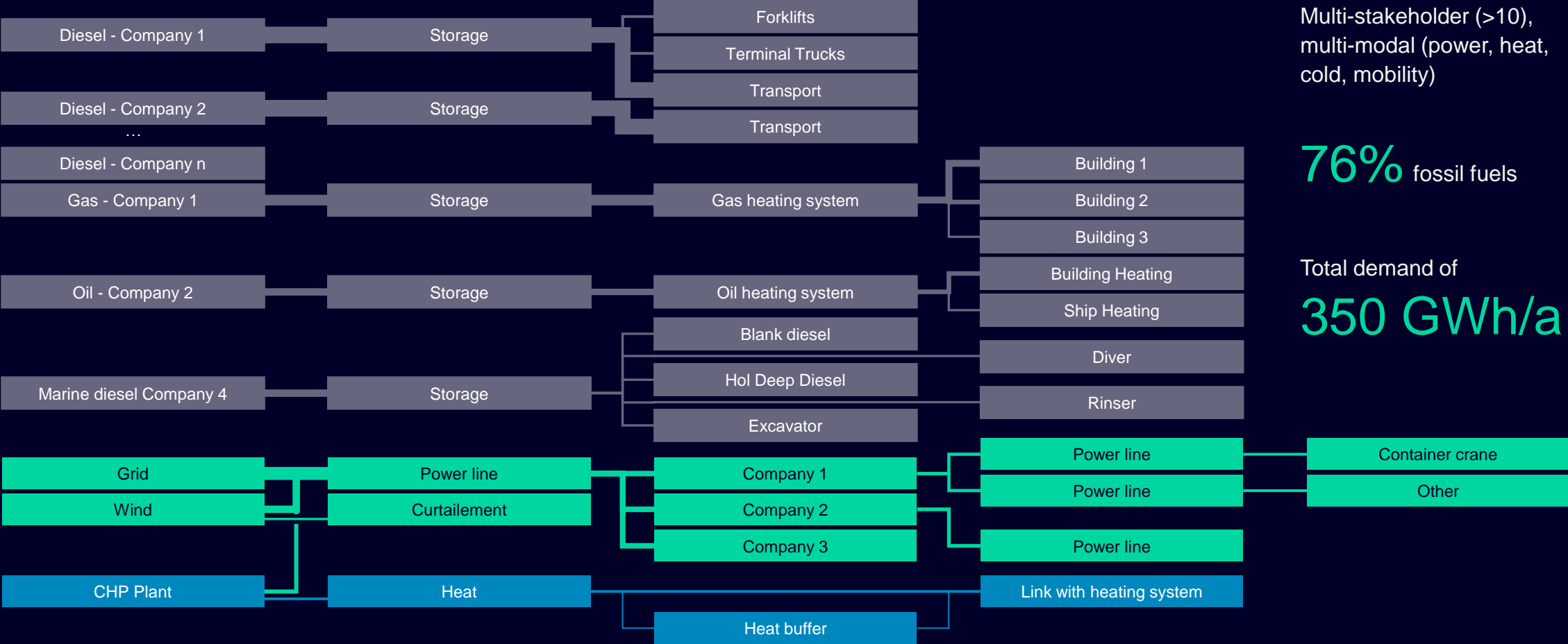
- ✓ CO₂-free green factory for electric vehicles
- ✓ 25% lower TOTEX for digitally optimized design
- ✓ CAPEX compensates OPEX

Sea harbor Bremerhaven



Sea Harbor decarbonization

Sea Harbor 2018



Multi-stakeholder (>10), multi-modal (power, heat, cold, mobility)

76% fossil fuels

Total demand of 350 GWh/a

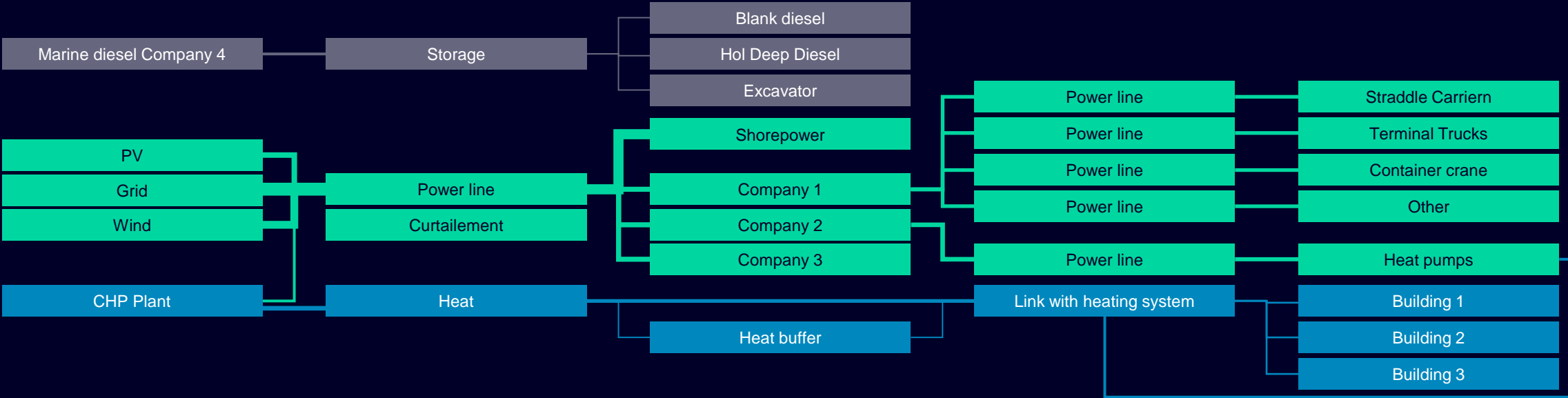
Legend: Fossil fuels (grey), Electricity (green), Heat (blue)

Sea Harbor decarbonization

Digital twin of harbor with load profiles
 Concept for decarbonization pathway incl. business models

99% can be electrified
 Additional potential identified

Sea Harbor 2030



Fossil fuels
 Electricity
 Heat

A lush tropical forest with a dirt path leading through dense greenery. The path is narrow and unpaved, winding through a thick canopy of various tropical plants and trees. The lighting is bright, suggesting a sunny day, with dappled sunlight filtering through the leaves. The overall scene is vibrant and natural.

Decarbonization is only possible with digitalization

**Our increasingly complex energy system
to maintain security of supply
requires more and more**

- measurements and control
- decentral computing
- communication
- semiconductors