

Perovskite-based Tandem Photovoltaics

State of the art and Outlook

Prof. Dr. Ulrich W. Paetzold



Perovskite-Based Tandem Photovoltaics @KIT

The Research University
in the Helmholtz Association



State University



HELMHOLTZ

National Research Center

Energy
Mobility
Information



Perovskite Thin-Film Lab

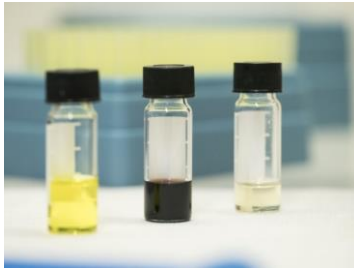


Upscaling Lab

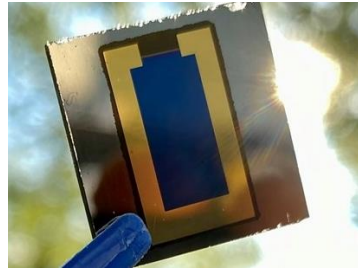


Printing and Coating

Perovskite-Based Tandem Photovoltaics @KIT



Materials



Devices: Perovskite-based Tandem PV



Scalable Fabrication Methods



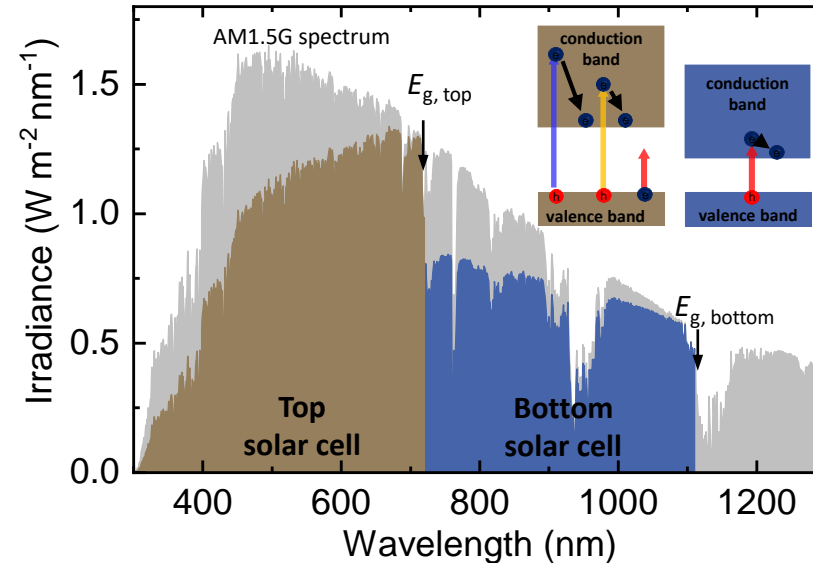
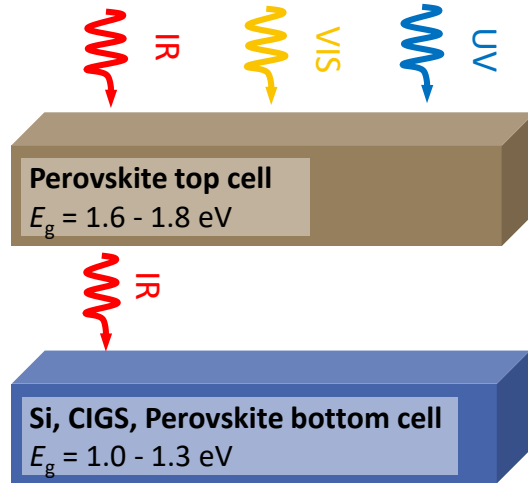
Applications: BIPV, VIPV & AgriPV

Mission: Advance the **stability**, **scalability**, and **performance** of perovskite-based tandem photovoltaics.



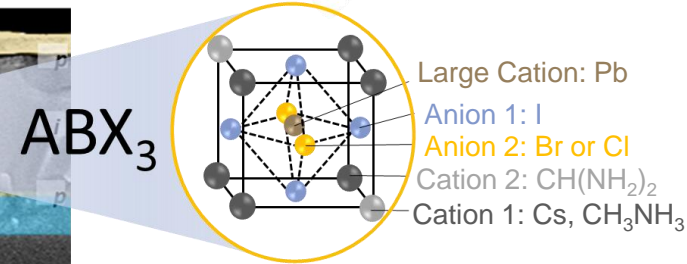
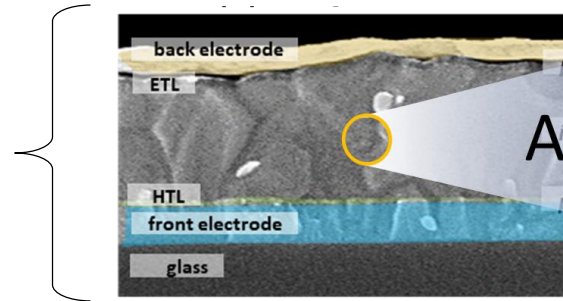
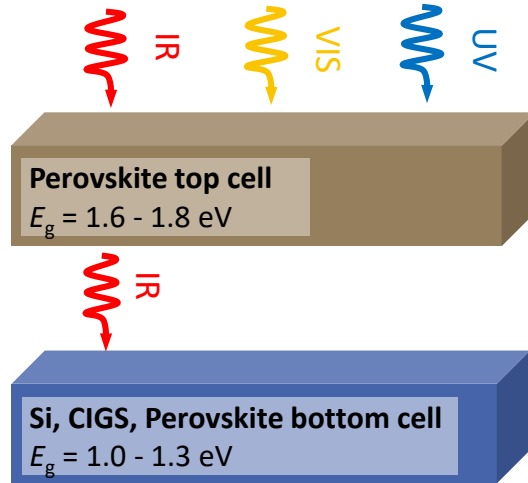
Taskforce Perovskite PV at KIT // 28 PhDs and Postdocs

High Efficiency Perovskite-Based Tandem Photovoltaics



Tandem PV reduces intrinsic thermalization losses, thereby enabling much higher power conversion efficiencies (thermodynamic limit > 40%).

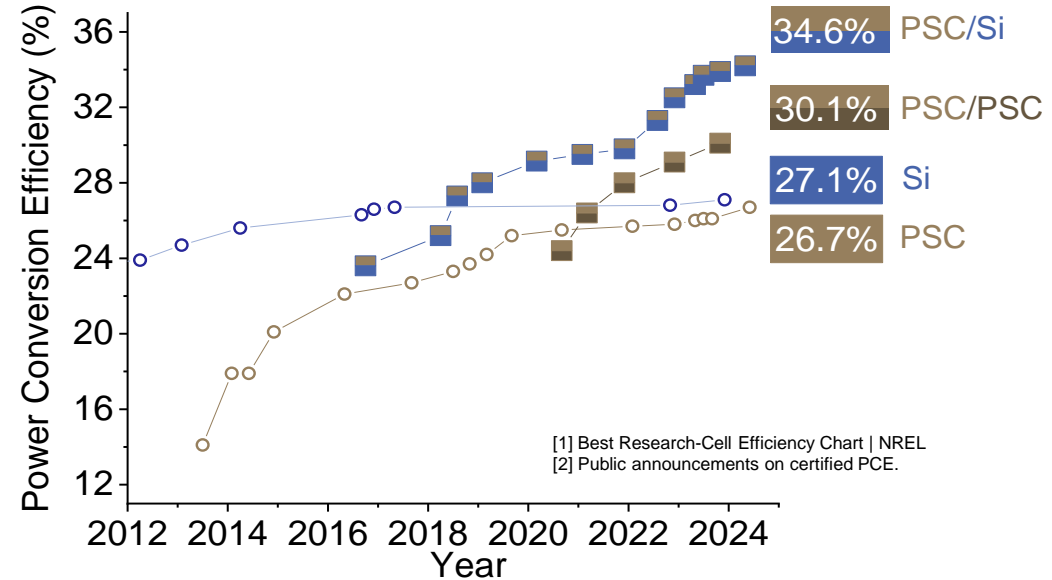
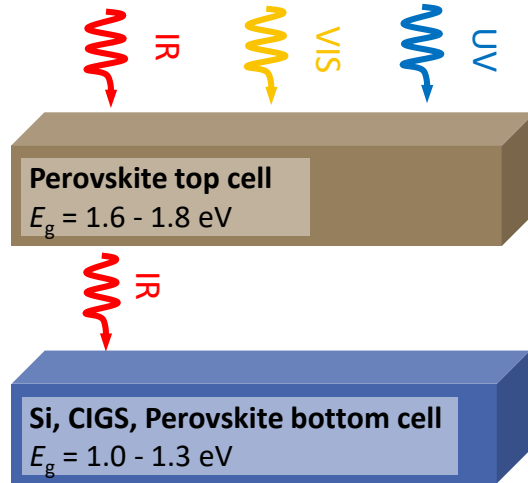
High Efficiency Perovskite-Based Tandem Photovoltaics



- + High defect tolerance
- + Tunable bandgap
- + Long diffusion length
- + Short absorption length

- **Stability**
- **Toxicity**

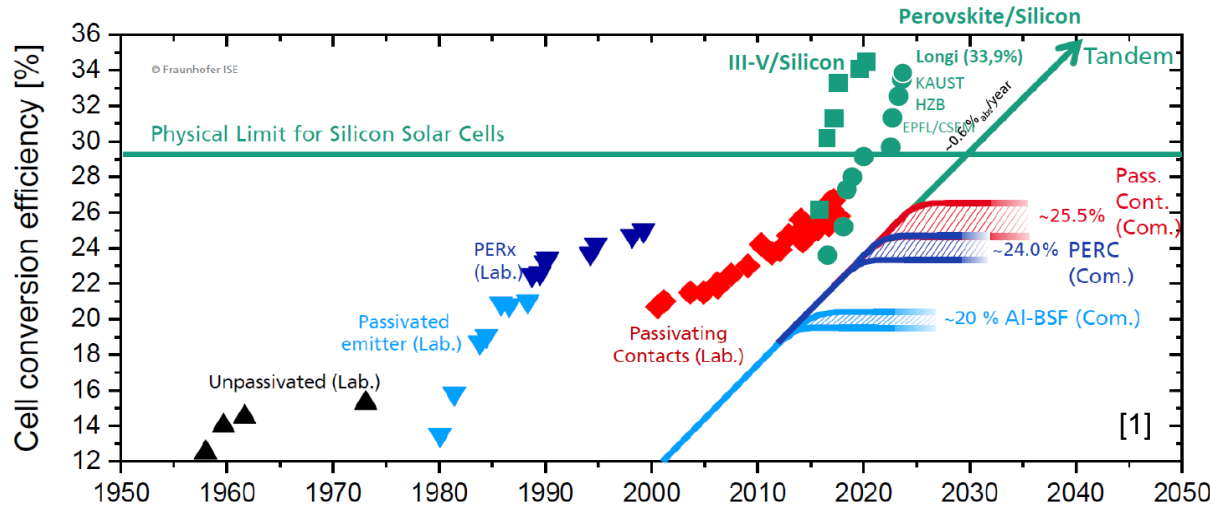
High Efficiency Perovskite-Based Tandem Photovoltaics



The rapid increase and the efficiency potential inspire the rise of perovskite tandem PV.

Why Perovskite-based Tandem PV?

The efficiency of conventional Si PV converges in ~5 years towards 27%.



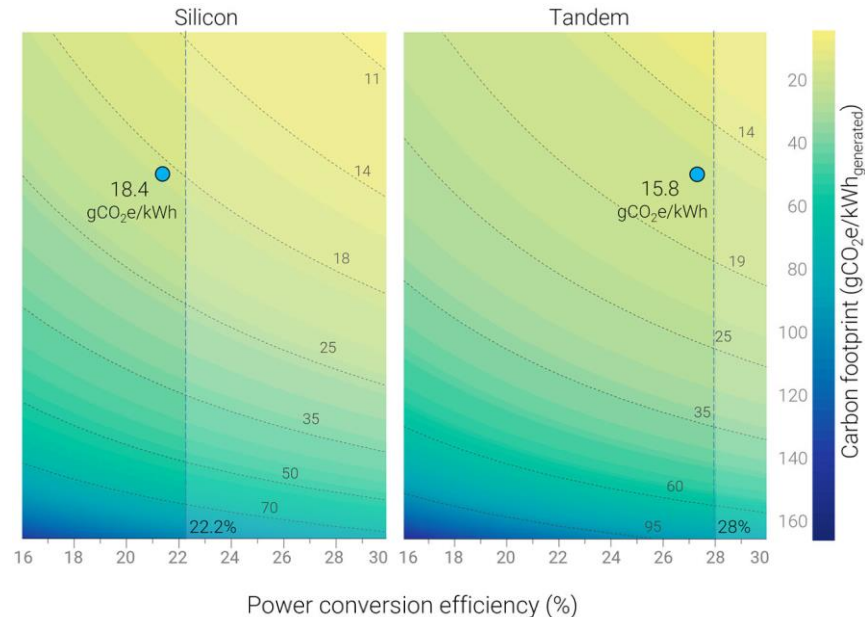
Solution: Tandem PV with...

- Efficiency > 30%,
- Long-term stability,
- Material availability,
- Scalable production.

[1] adapted from M. Hermle | ISE photovoltaics report 2022. [ISE Fraunhofer]

Why Perovskite-based Tandem PV?

Perovskite-based tandem photovoltaics reduce the carbon footprint of PV.



- Many LCAs and circularity evaluations forecast a significantly lower impact for perovskite-based tandem solar cells compared to conventional silicon photovoltaics (Si PV).
- Assuming similar stability, the carbon footprint (measured in gCO₂e) is expected to be reduced by at least 15%.

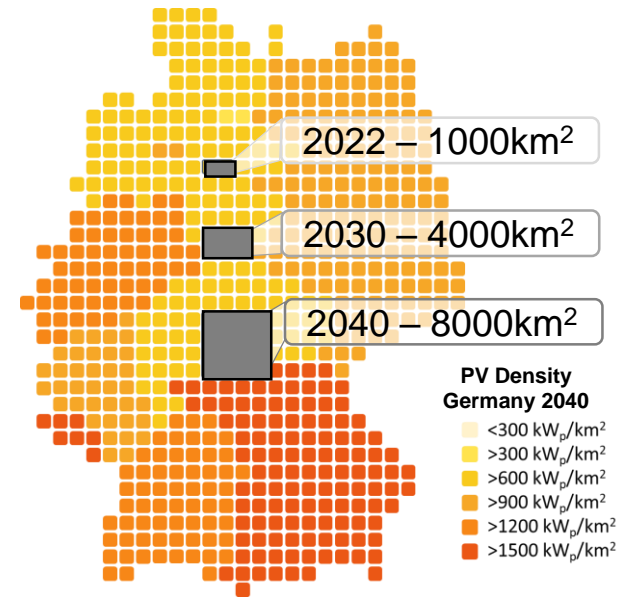
[1] N. Bartie et al. Journal of Industrial Ecology 2023;27:993–1007. [HZB]

Why Perovskite-based Tandem PV?

Better use of area for PV to meet EU Green Deal & German Osterpaket Goals!

- German Osterpaket¹ Targets:
 - 225 GW_p in 2030
 - 400 GW_p in 2040
- *PV has lowest footprint among all renewables.*
- *But current PV technologies would require ~2% space in Germany in 2040.*

⇒ **High Efficiency and Integration** are major trends for future PV Technologies.



¹ Deutscher Bundestag Drucksache 20/1630 20.

BREAKING NEWS in 2024



SwiftSolar

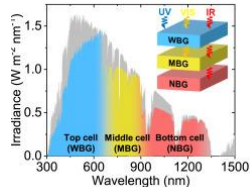


TANDEM PV

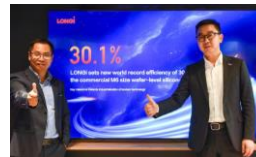
DOE support & Series A
Financing of Tandem
Startup companies in US
Q1/Q2 2024 June



World record 34.6% for
perovskite/Si solar cell
Longhi, SNEC, June



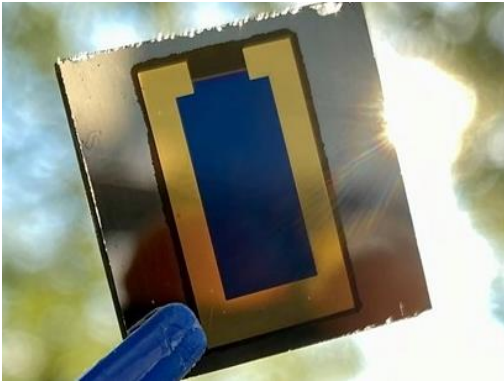
Perovskite/Perovskite/Si
Tandem Cells w. PCE > 24%
Joule, EES, etc. Q1/2024



30.1% Perovskite/Si
solar cell on M6 wafer
Longhi, Intersolar, June



First Perovskite/Si solar modules
on market (24.5%) Oxford
Photovoltaics, September

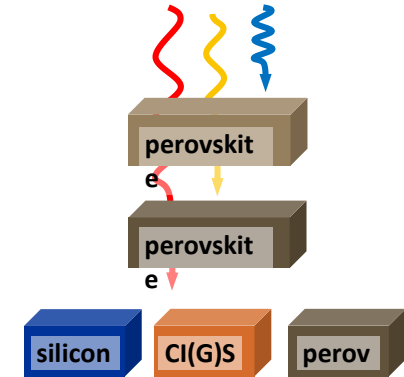
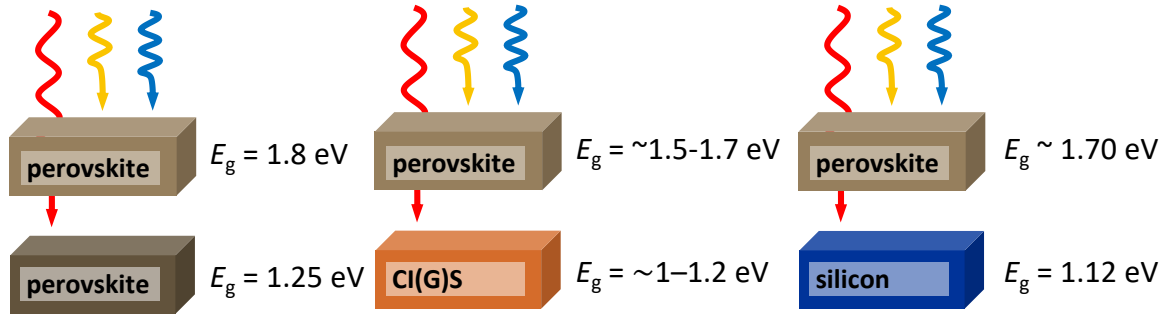


High Efficiency & New Device Architectures

Versatile options ...

Tandem PV

Multijunction PV



record PCE 30.4% [1]

24.2% [2]

34.6% [3]

PCE potential > 35%

> 35%

> 39%

all thin film yes

yes

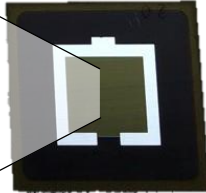
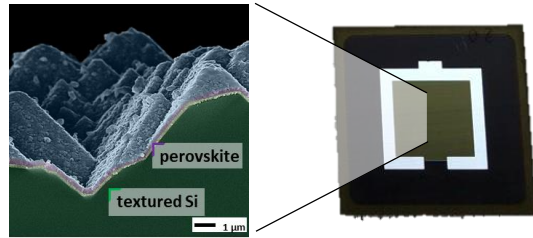
no

PCE potential >> 40%

- [1] Announcement Quandong Onesolar Technology.
 [2] HZB | Best Research-Cell Efficiency Chart | NREL.
 [3] Announcement Longhi at SNEC, June 2024.

DEVICES: Perovskite-Based Tandem Photovoltaics

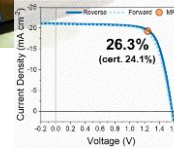
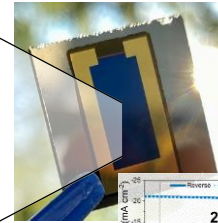
Perovskite/Si Tandem PV



>31%

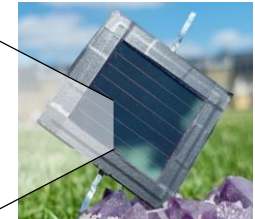
- A. Farag et al., *Adv. Func. Mater.* **33**(3), 2210758 (2023).
 J. Roger et al. *Adv. Energy Mater.* **12**(27), 2200961 (2022).
 T. Feeney et al., *Solar RRL* **6**(12), 2200662 (2022).

Perovskite/CI(G)S Tandem PV



- M. Ruiz Preciado et al., *ACS Energy Letters* **7**(7), 2273–2281 (2022).
 S. Gharibzadeh et al., *Adv. Func. Mater.* **30**(19), 19099196, (2020).
 T. Feeney et al., *Solar RRL* **6**(12), 2200662 (2022).

All-Perovskite Tandem PV

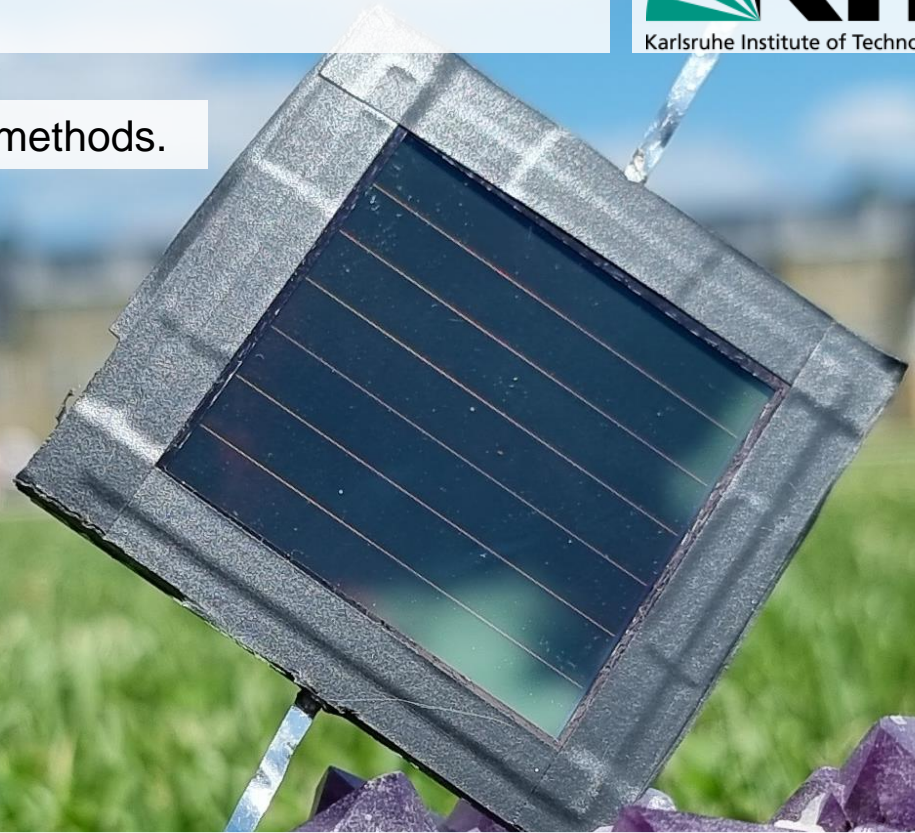
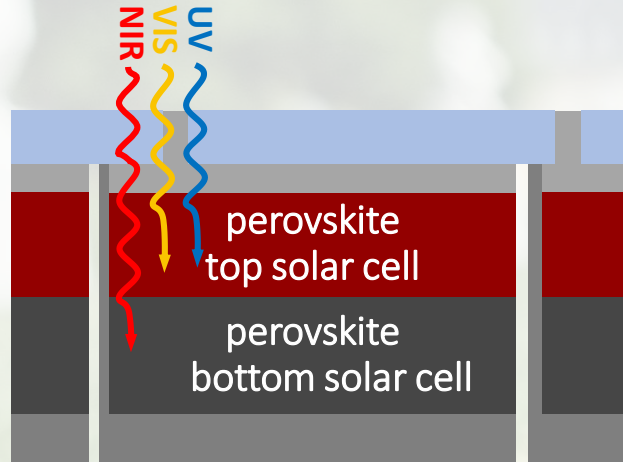


First All-Perovskite Tandem Solar Module Fabricated

- B. A. Nejjand, et al., *Nature Energy* **7**, 620–630 (2022).
 H. Hu et al. *Adv. Funct. Mater.* 2107650 (2021).
 B. A. Nejjand, et al., *Adv. Energy Mater.* 1902583 (2020).

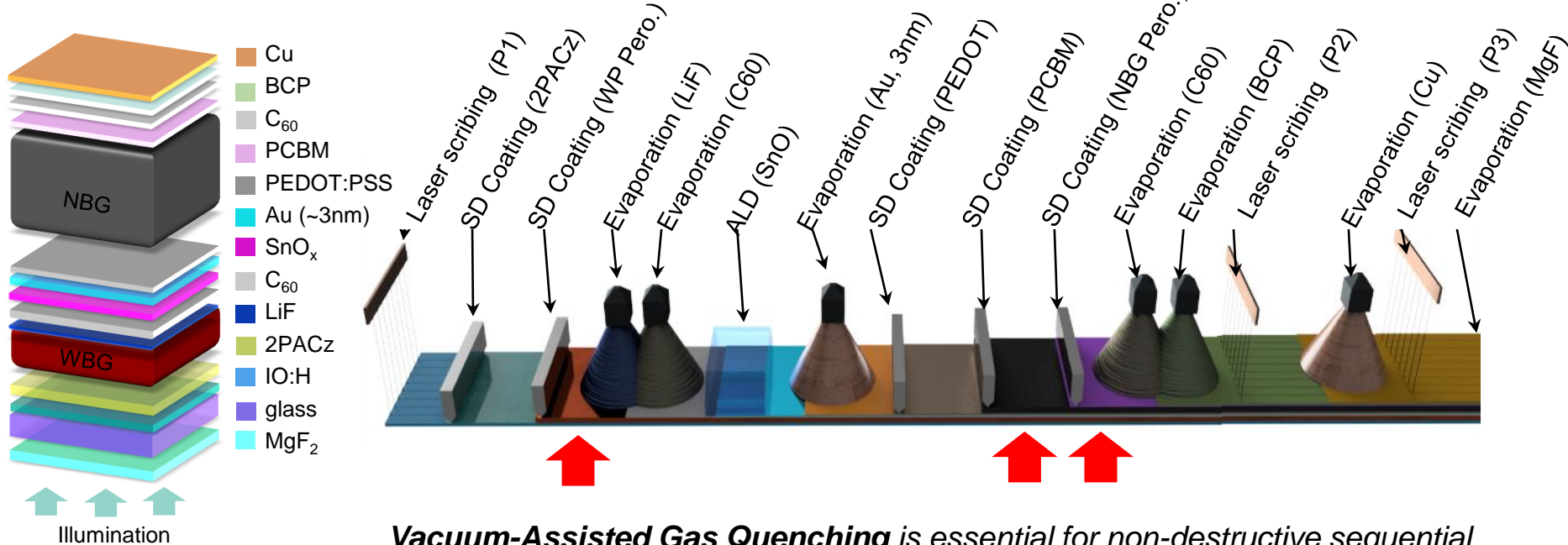
World's First All-Perovskite Tandem Solar Module Fabricated at KIT!

All layers processed with scalable fabrication methods.



All-perovskite tandem modules processed exclusively with scalable fabrication methods

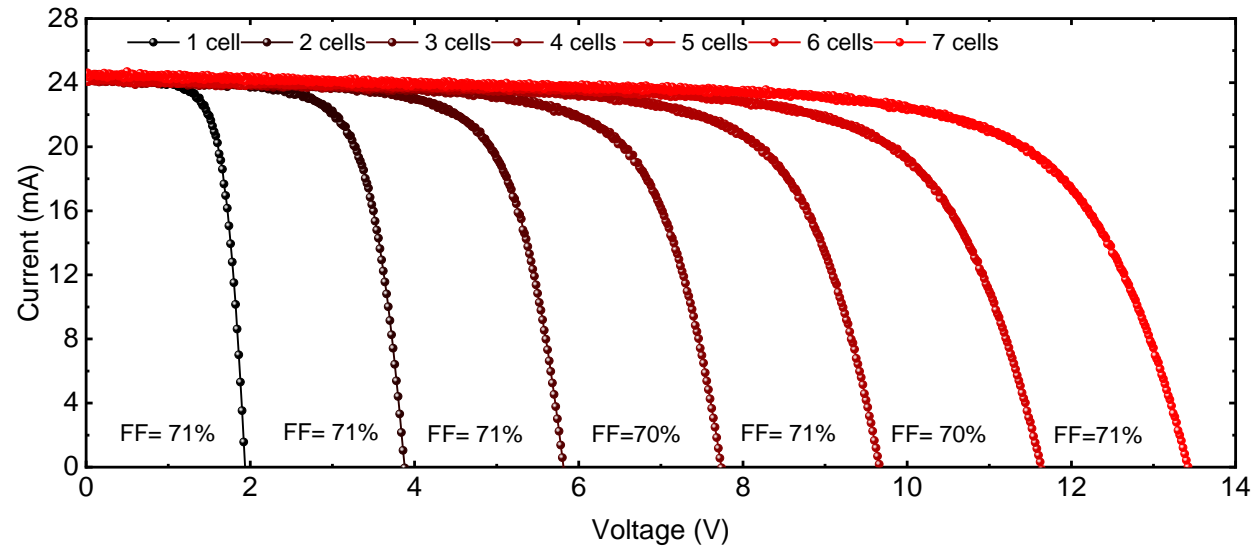
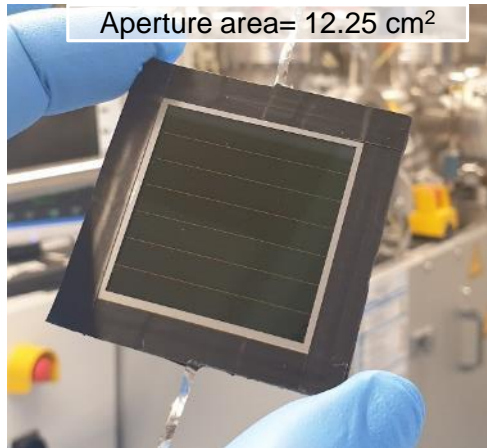
Processes: Slot-Die (SD) Coating, Evaporation, Laser Scribing, Sputtering, ALD



Vacuum-Assisted Gas Quenching is essential for non-destructive sequential solution processing!

All-perovskite tandem modules processed exclusively with scalable fabrication methods

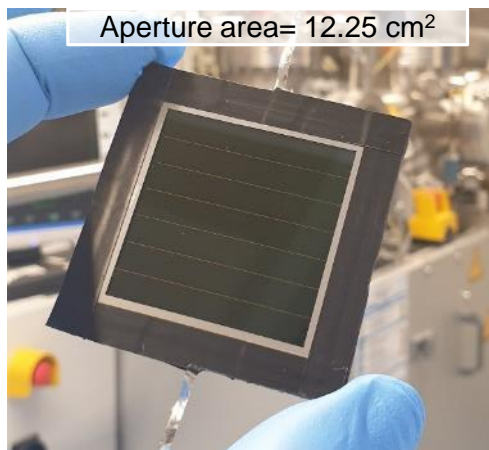
Power conversion efficiency of 19.3% and > 23% on an aperture area of 12.25cm² and 4 cm², respectively.



Power generation builds up stripe by stripe.

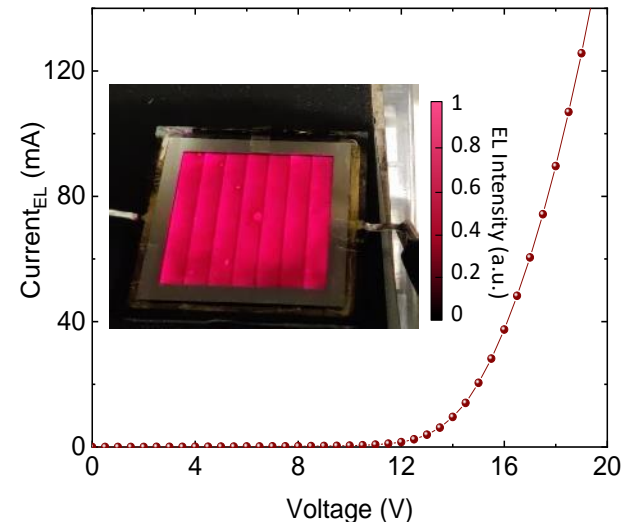
All-perovskite tandem modules processed exclusively with scalable fabrication methods

Power conversion efficiency of 19.3% and > 23% on an aperture area of 12.25cm² and 4 cm², respectively.



Photovoltaic characteristics of module

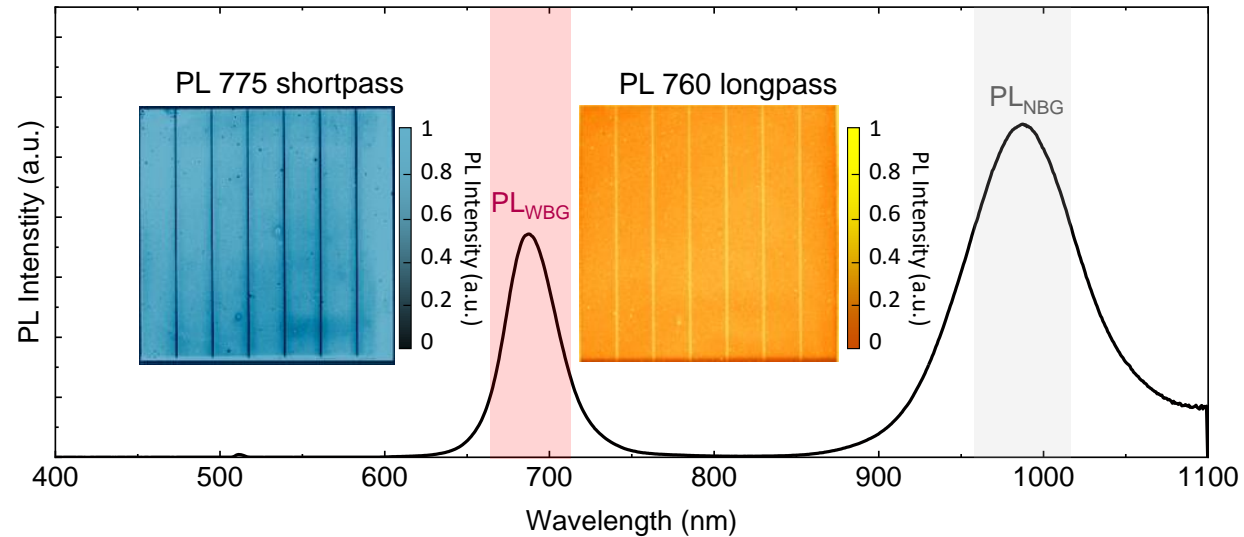
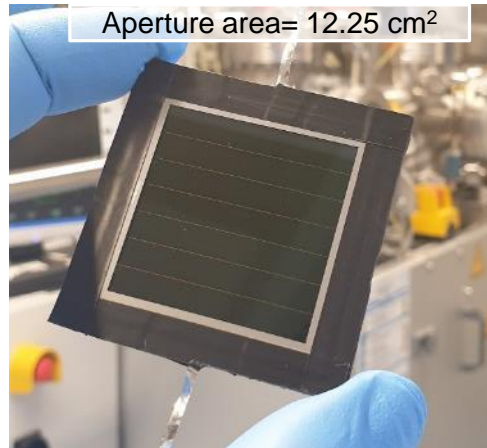
Device	Area cm ²	V _{oc} (V)	FF (%)	I _{sc} (mA)	PCE (%)
Cell strip (BW)	1.75	1.93	71	24.9	19.4
(FW)	1.75	1.91	70	24.5	18.8
Module (BW)	12.25	13.3	71	24.8	19.1
(FW)		13.1	71	24.8	18.8



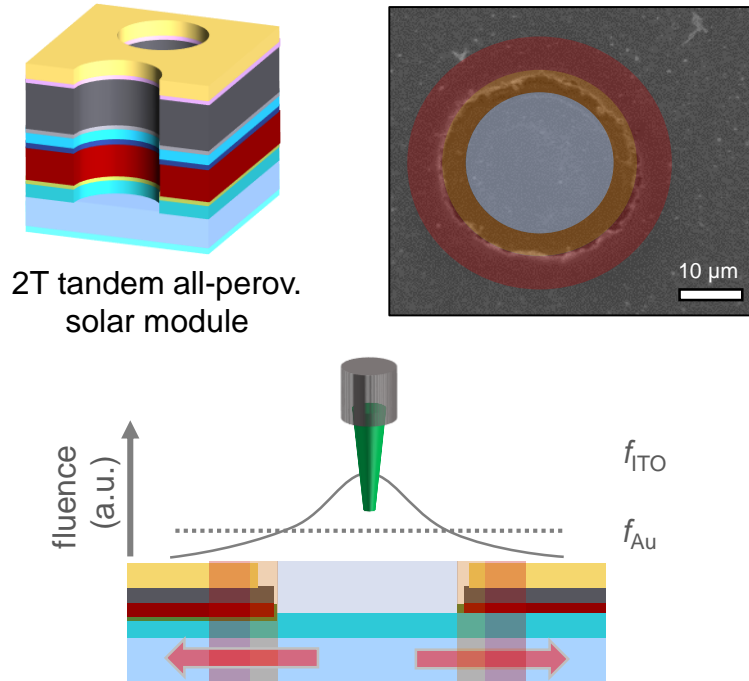
Low scaling losses comparing PCE on cell-stripe level (PCE~19.4%) and module level (PCE~19.1%).

All-perovskite tandem modules processed exclusively with scalable fabrication methods

Analysis of Inhomogeneities by Photoluminescence



Translucent All-Perovskite Tandem Photovoltaics



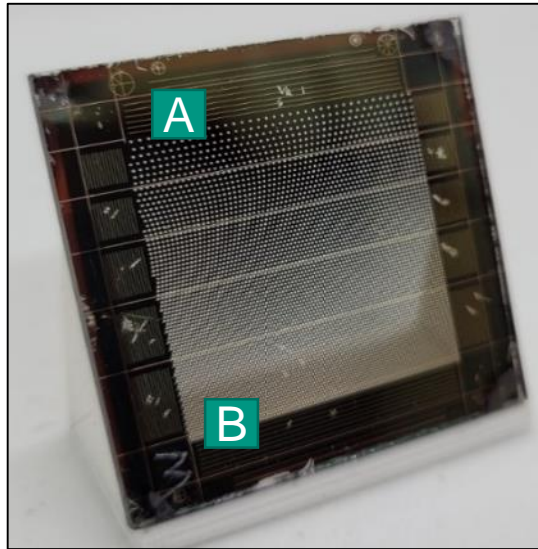
Objective:

- High average visible transmission (AVT)
- High Color Rendering Index (CRI)
- High Power Conversion Efficiency (PCE)

Translucent All-Perovskite Tandem Photovoltaics

New Design Opportunities for Multi-Use Thin-Film Photovoltaics

VERTICAL GRADIENT



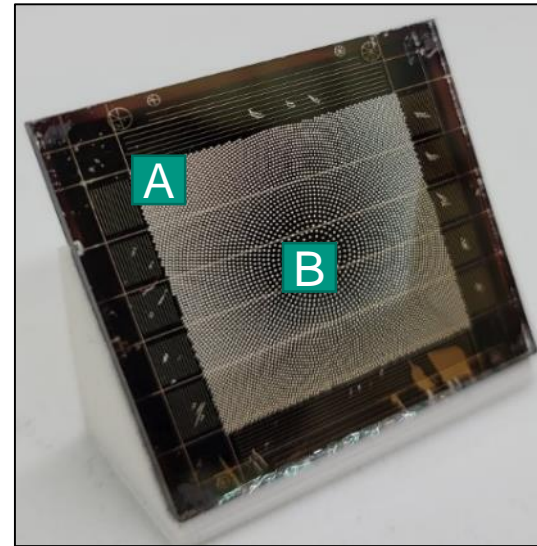
A

AVT: **4.8 %**
CRI: 88.0

B

AVT: **32.7 %**
CRI: 96.4

RADIAL GRADIENT



A

AVT: **28.4 %**
CRI: 95.7

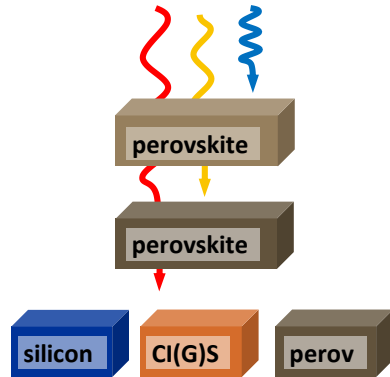
B

B
AVT: **7.9 %**
CRI: 93.5

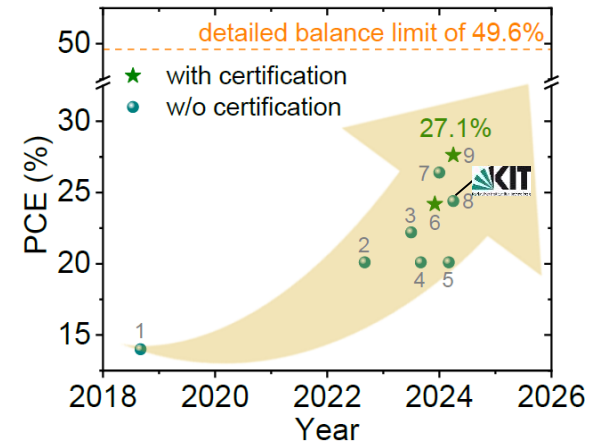
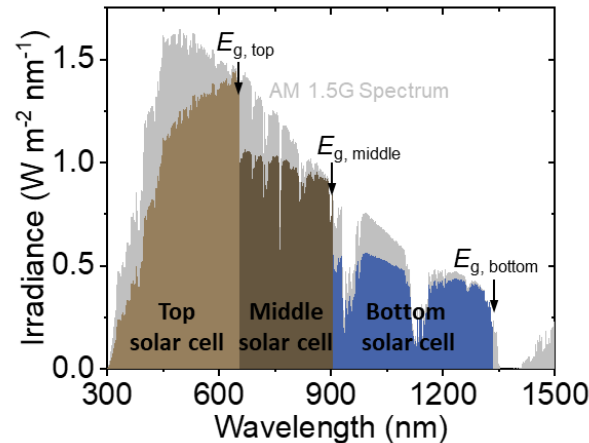
Perovskite-based Multijunction Photovoltaics

A rising era of perovskite-based triple-junction photovoltaics

Early in 2024 a handful of research groups report Perovskite/Perovskite/Si Tandem Cells w. PCE > 24%

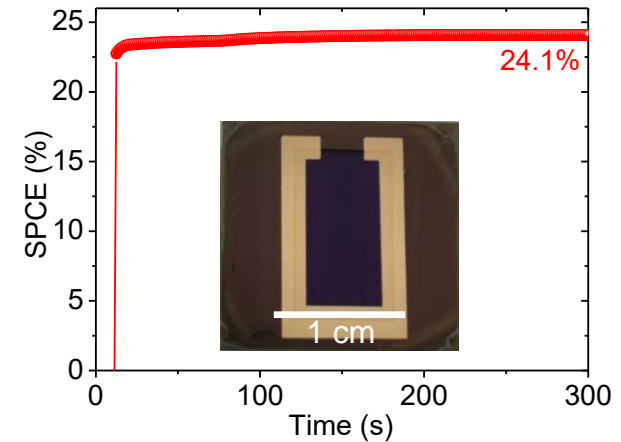
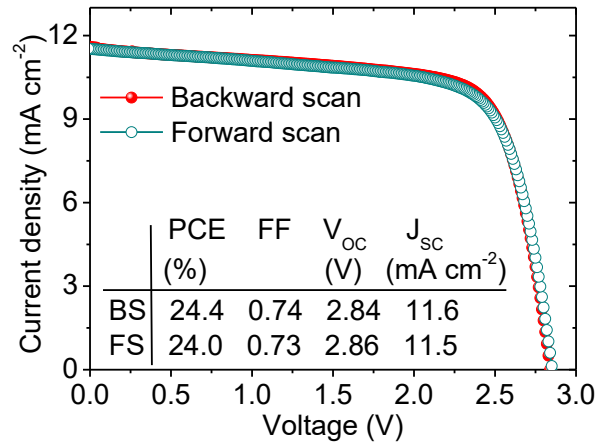
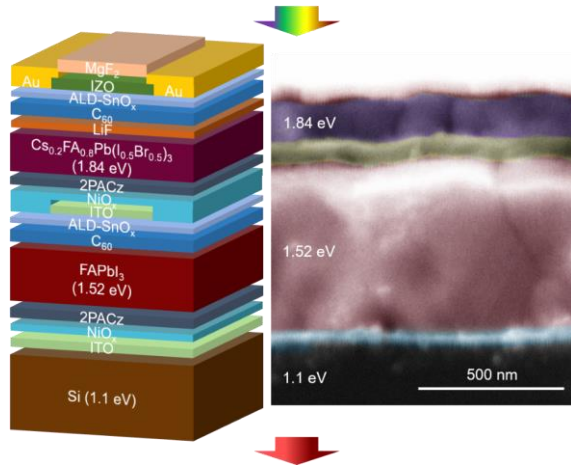


PCE potential >> 45%



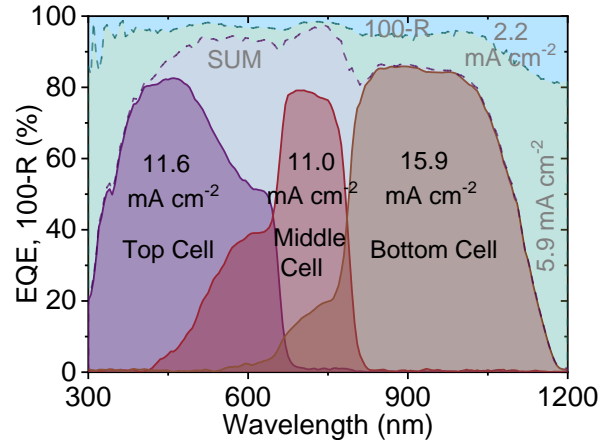
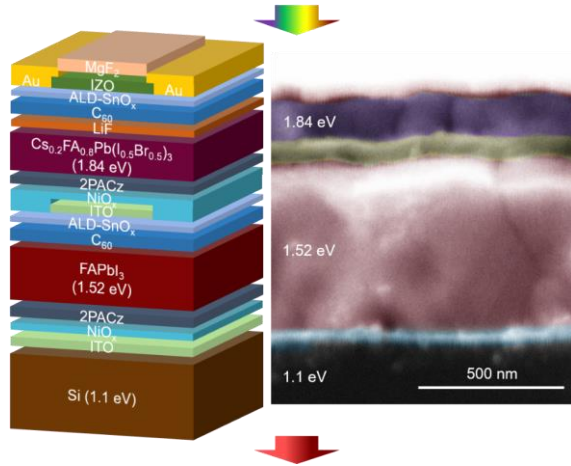
High-Performance Pero/Pero/Si Triple-Junction PVs

Stable power output (24.1%) and minimal hysteresis in triple-junction PVs

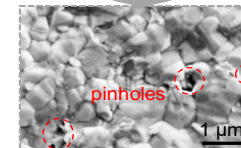
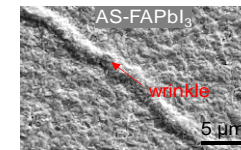
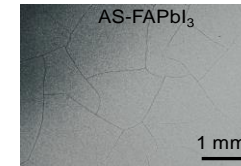


High-Performance Pero/Pero/Si Triple-Junction PVs

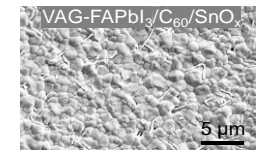
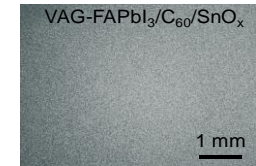
Vacuum-assisted growth: high-quality (free of wrinkles, pinholes, and cracks) perovskite thin films



reference



vacuum-assisted gas quenching





Scalable Fabrication Methods

Scalability – From Lab to Fab

Developing Scalable, Reliable, and High-Throughput Fabrication Methods for Commercial Scale Solar Modules

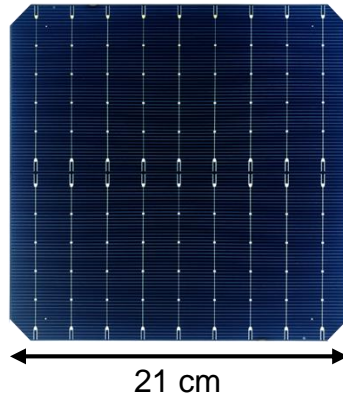
Lab scale: 1cm²



1 cm

**Factor
~ 440**

M12: 21 x 21 cm²



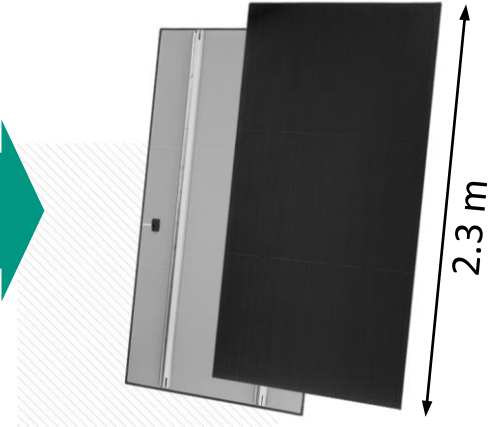
Lab scale perovskite module: ~0.01 m²



0.1 m

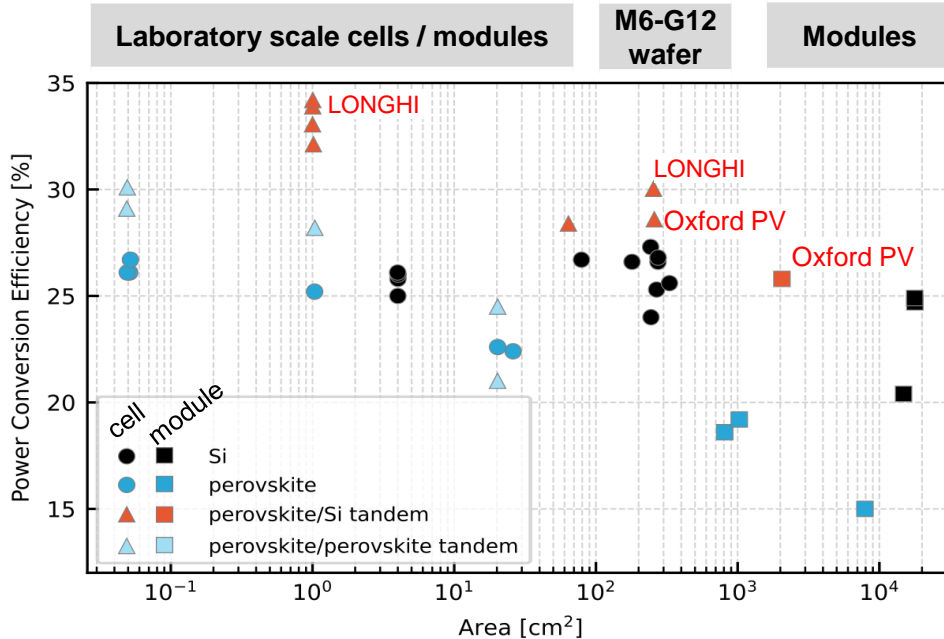
**Factor
> 200**

Commercial thin film module > 2 m²



First Solar, Series 7 Thin Film Module
source: firstsolar.com

Scalability – From Lab to Fab

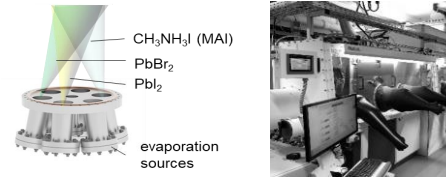


[1] adapted data from: M. A. Green et al., Progress in Photovoltaics 2024 DOI: 10.1002/pip.383

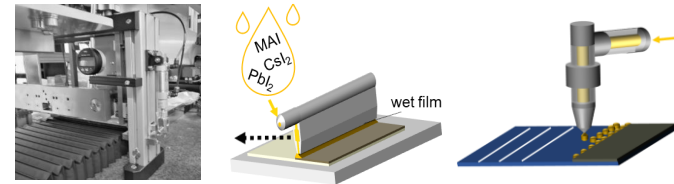
[2] complemented by announcements of Longhi, Oxford PV, ISE Fraunhofer.

Versatile options for perovskite deposition:

Vapor phase deposition methods in vacuum:



Solution-based deposition methods:

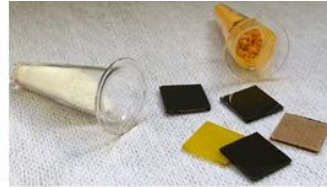


Energy &
Environmental
Science

ROYAL SOCIETY
OF CHEMISTRY

PERSPECTIVE

View Article Online
View Journal



Vapor Phase Deposition of Perovskite Photovoltaics: Short Track to Commercialization?

T. Abzieher, D. T. Moore, M. Roß, S. Albrecht, J. Silviac, H. Tan, Q. Jeangros, C. Ballife, M. T. Hoerantner, B. Kim, H. J. Bolink, P. Pistor, J. C. Goldschmid, Y.-H. Chiang, S. D. Stranks, J. Borchert, M. D. McGehee, M. Morales-Masis, J. B. Patel, A. Bruno, and Ulrich W. Paetzold.



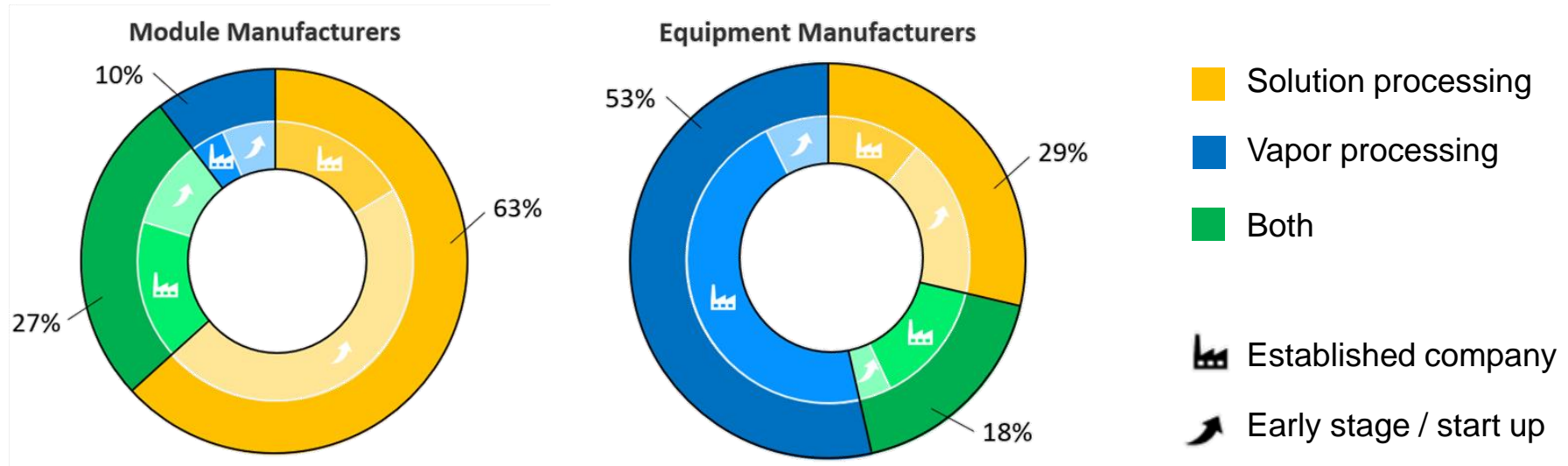
D. T. Moore T. Abzieher

■ Why this Perspective?

- Vast majority of research studies use solution-processing (> 98% of all articles).
- BUT vapor phase deposition processes dominate today's established thin-film manufacturing in PV (>99%).“

Survey: Industry Perspective for Perovskite PV

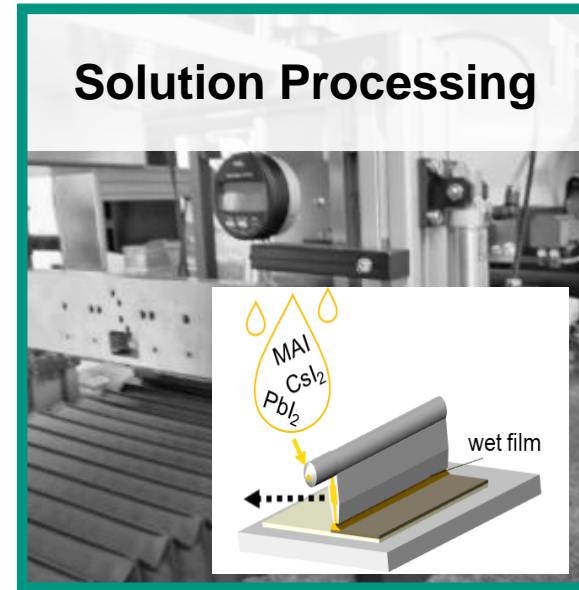
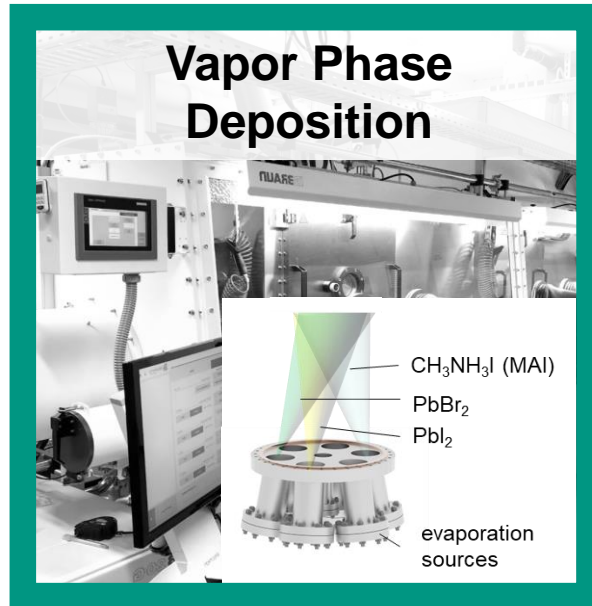
Question: What deposition technique is on your technology roadmap? (*180/190 companies replied)



- Mixed viewpoint in industry: Perspectives both for vapor deposition and solution processing

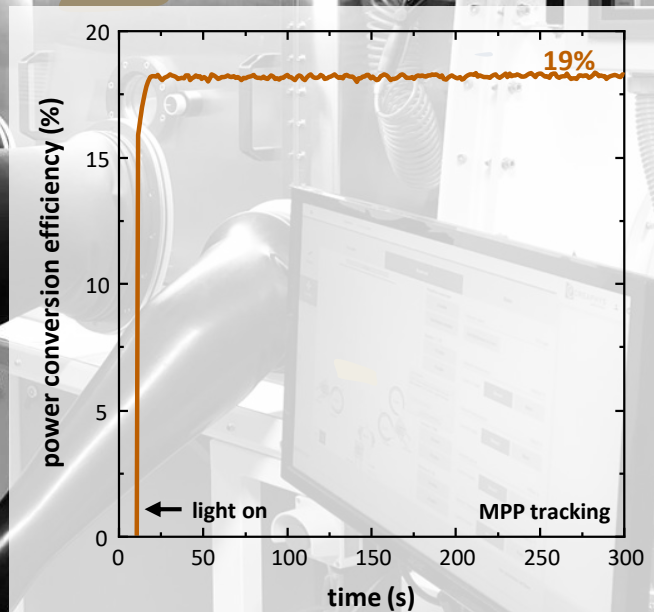
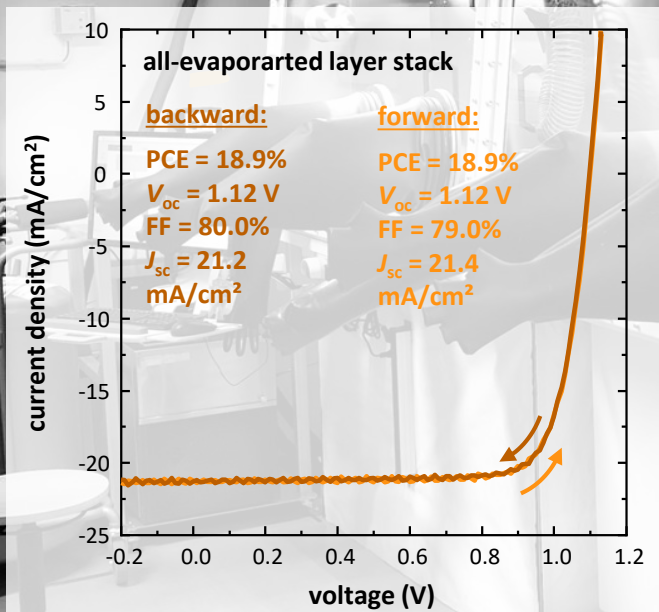
Scalability – From Lab to Fab

Two process routes: evaporation and solution processing





Highlight: All-evaporated Perovskite Solar Cells



PCEs above 18% can reproducibly be achieved at laboratory scale.

Highlight: All-evaporated Perovskite Solar Module

World's First All-evaporated Perovskite Solar Module

Geometrical Fill Factors of around 94%

PCEs above 15% on Device Areas above 50 cm²

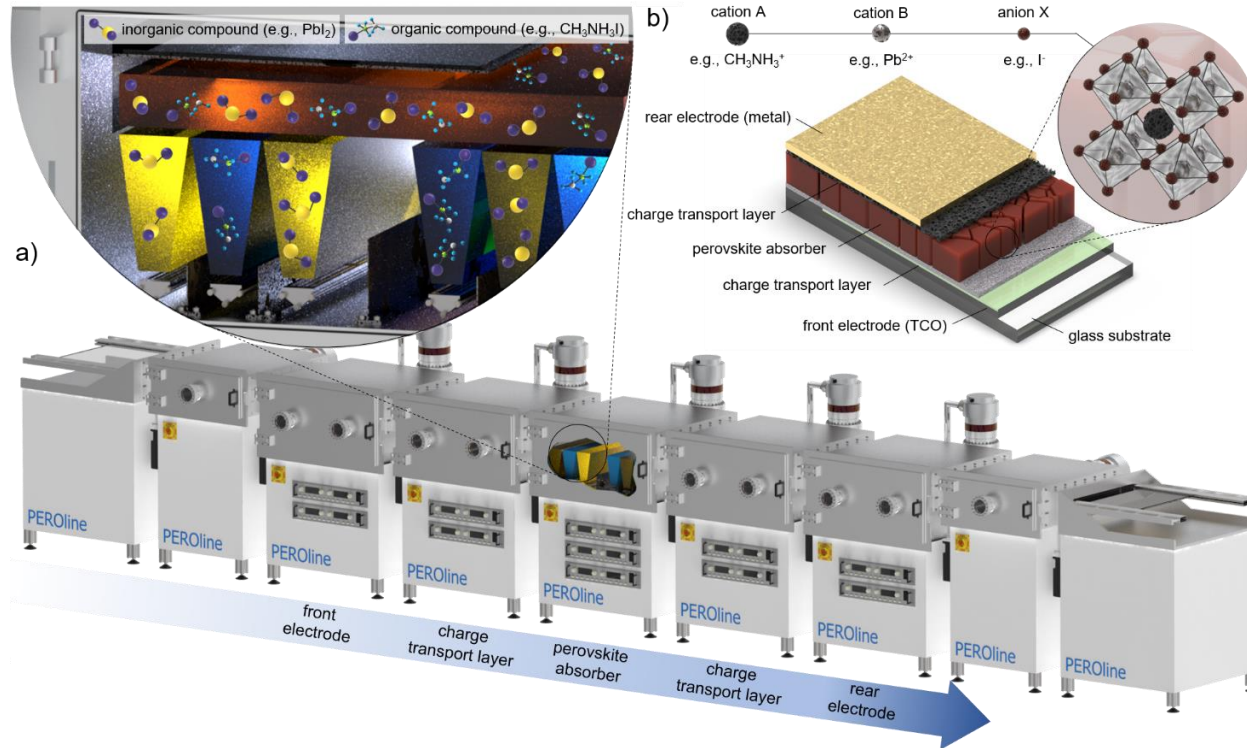
80 mm

30 mm

30 mm

D. Ritzer, T. Abzieher et al., *Progress in Photovoltaics* **30**(4), 360-373 (2021)
T. Abzieher et al., *Advanced Functional Materials* **32**(42), 2104482 (2021)

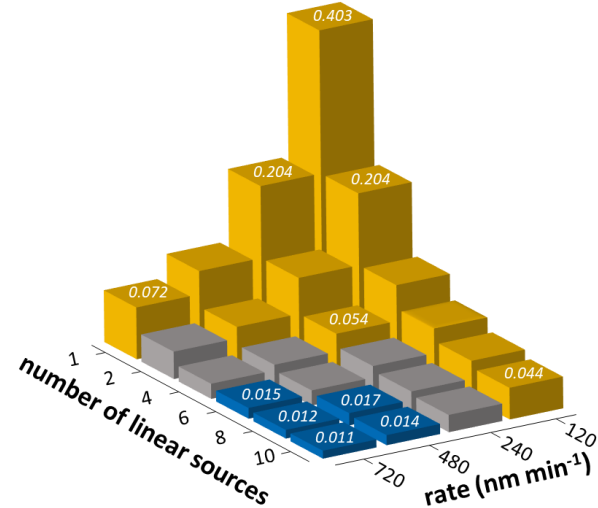
How to scale vapor phase deposition?



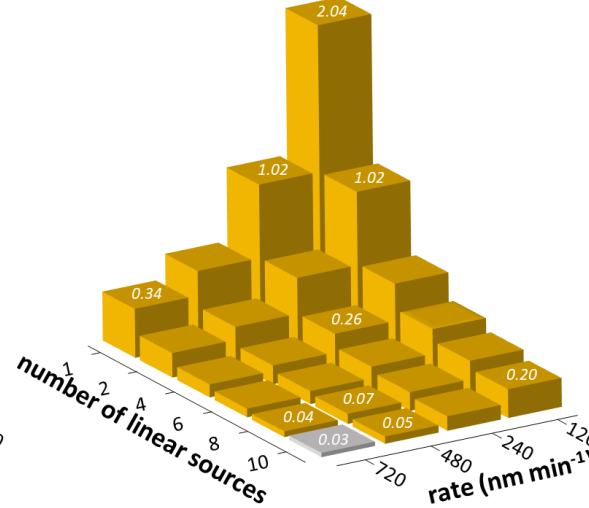
Basic Technology Assessment

Rate and number of linear sources and deposition rates most important!

production cost (\$ W⁻¹)



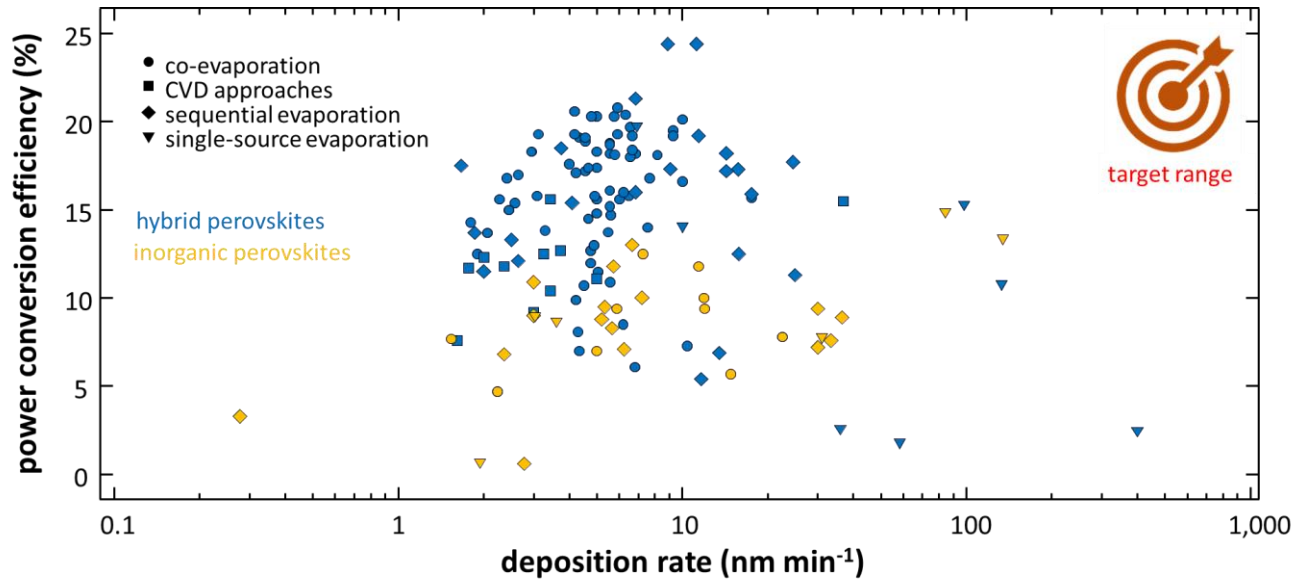
capital expenditures (\$ W_{annual}⁻¹)



- More expensive
- Comparable
- Less expensive

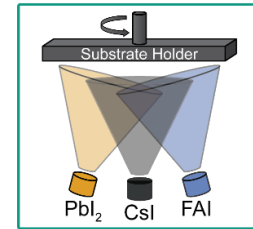
- For high rates (> 700 nm/min), vapor deposition more competitive (in CAPEX and prod. costs)
- Presumable advantages of higher yield and reproducibility not considered

Key Challenge: Low deposition rates of vapor-processed perovskite absorbers

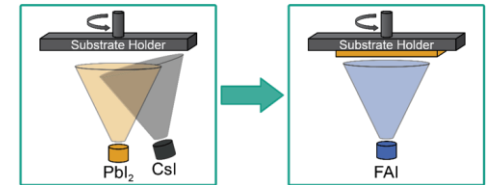


- Today: Deposition rates are around 1-2 order of magnitude too slow
- Urgent need for novel approaches (source designs, material design, close-space sublimation, pulsed laser deposition, etc.)

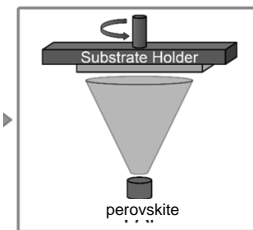
Co-evaporation



Sequential evaporation

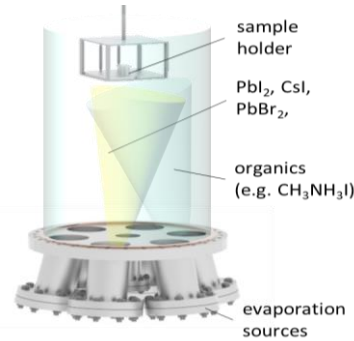


Single-source evaporation



Status and Outlook for Vapor Phase Fabrication Methods: How to Become a Game Changer?

- + excellent homogeneity & high yield.
- + Performance: closes gap between solution and vapor phase deposition
- + established tool manufacturer industry (>99% of thin film PV manufacturing today).
- Deposition rates too low (1-2 orderS of magn.)



?

???

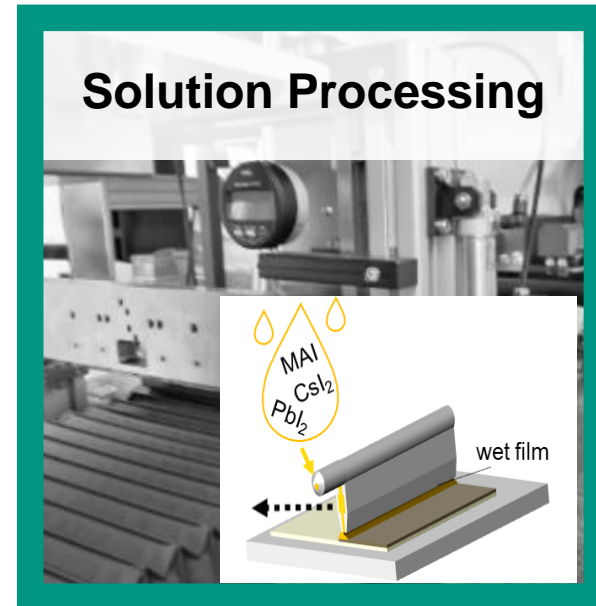
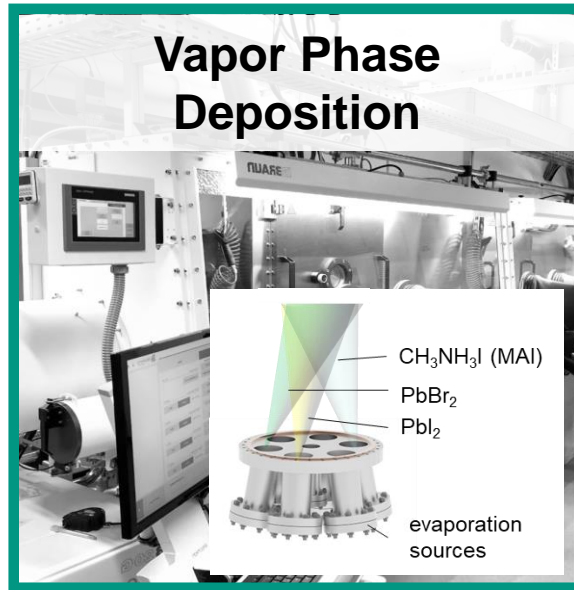
How to scale up to > 10.000 wafers per hour?

Industry Survey:

- Importance of vapor phase deposition heavily underrated in academia.
- For high rates (> 700 nm / min), vapor deposition will be competitive (CAPEX and production costs).
- Deposition on textured surfaces, high production yield and reproducibility, simple integration into production lines warrant the use of vapor phase deposition

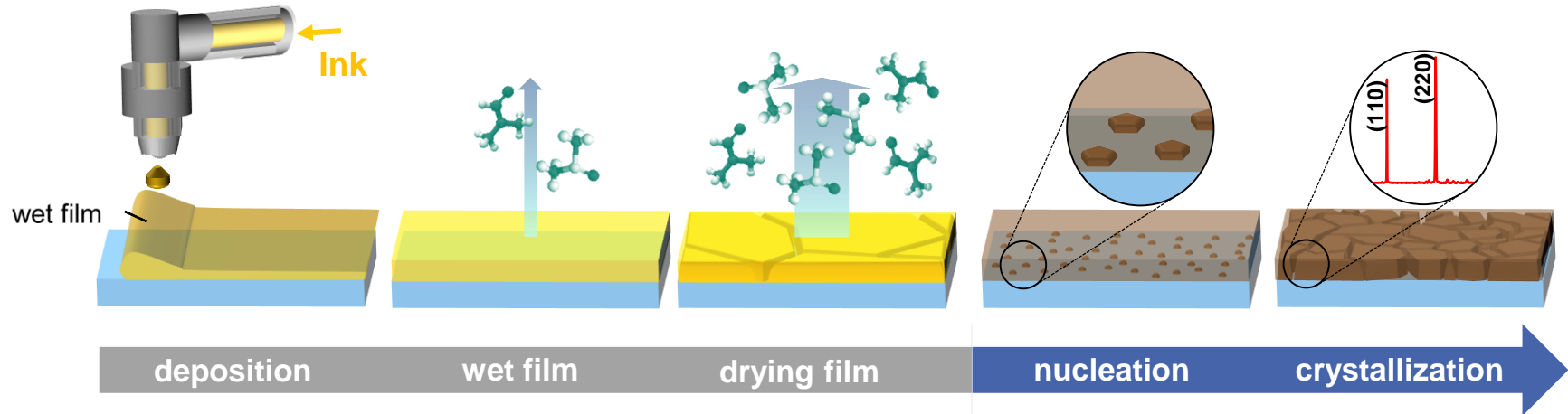
Key Challenge: Scalability – From Lab to Fab

Two process routes: evaporation and solution processing



Solution-Processed Perovskite Thin Film PV

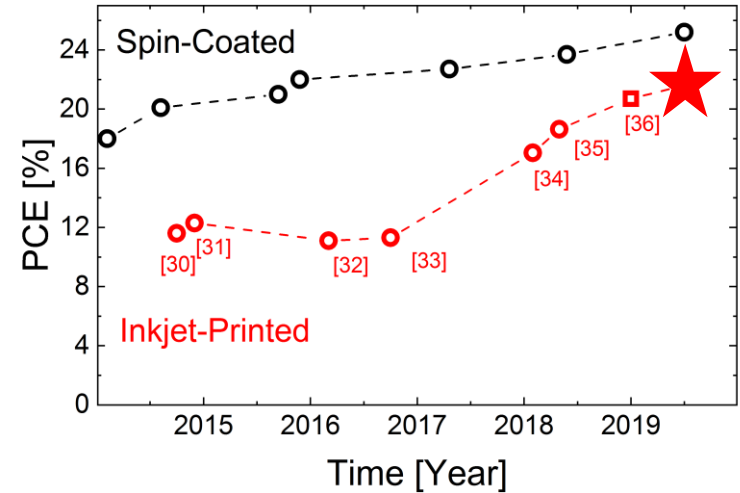
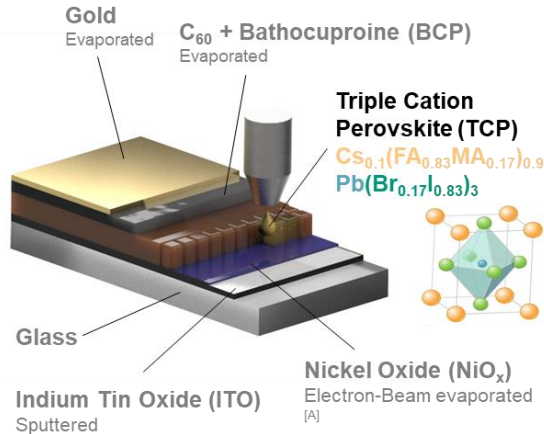
Key Challenge: *Several Entangled Processes Define the Perovskite Thin Film Photovoltaics.*



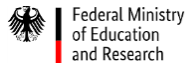
I. A. Howard, T. Abzieher, I. M. Hossain, H. Eggers, F. Schackmar, S. Ternes, B. S. Richards, U. Lemmer, and U. W. Paetzold. *Advanced Materials* **31**(15), 1602807 (2019)

Inkjet-Printed Perovskite Solar Cells

Record performance by printed micrometer-thick perovskite absorber layers



SUNOVATION



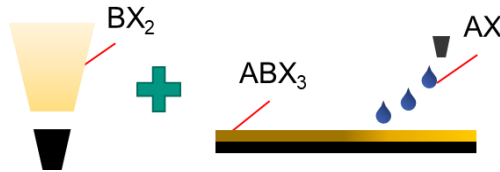
PRINTPERO



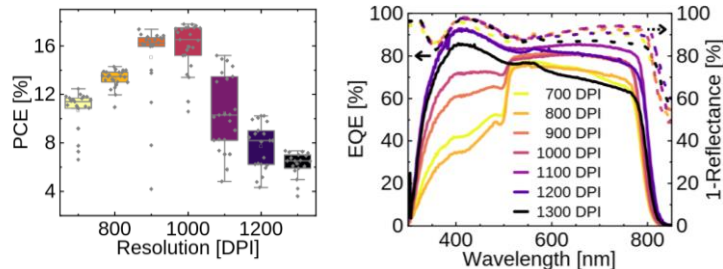
H. Eggers et al. *Advanced Energy Materials* **10**(5), 1903184 (2020)
 F. Schackmar et al. *Advanced Materials Technologies* **6**(2), 2000271 (2021)
 I. Howard et al. *Advanced Materials* **31**(26), 1806702 (2019)
 F. Mathies et al. *ACS Applied Energy Materials* **1**(5), 1834-1839 (2018)
 R. Pesch et al. *Solar RRL*, 2400165 (2024), doi: 10.5445/IR/1000170051

Hybrid Inkjet-Printed Perovskite Top Solar Cells

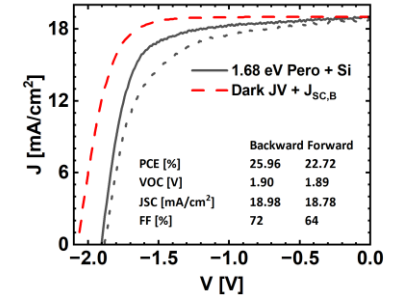
- Hybrid two-step inkjet-printed perovskite thin films



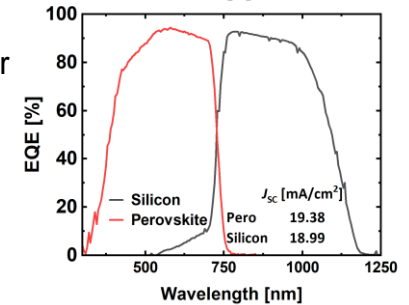
- Spatially selectable picoliter-precise deposition of organics
- Drop-on-demand
- Drops per inch (DPI) key parameter



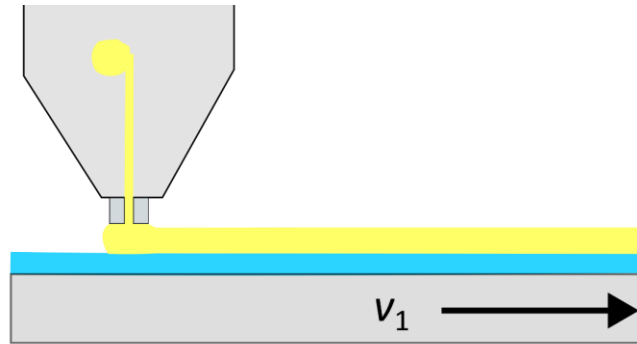
- Perovskite/Si Tandem Solar Cells with Inkjet-Printed Perovskite Top Solar Cells



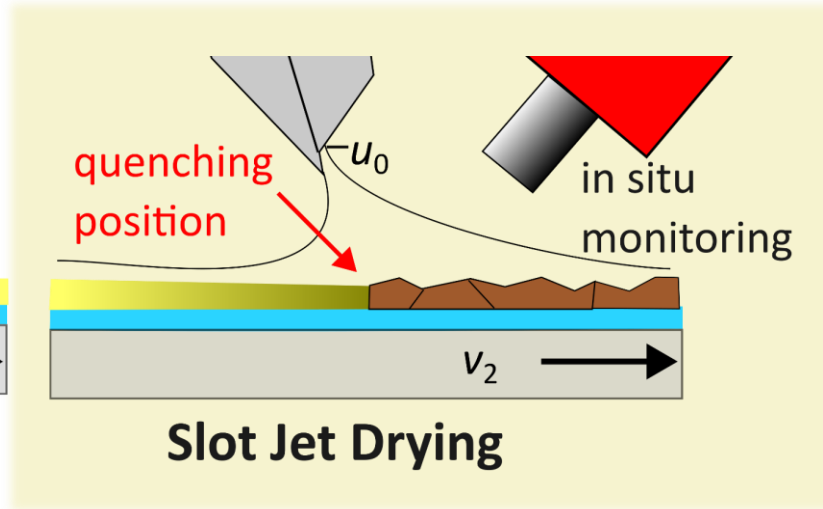
- Next steps:
 - Scaling to full-size wafer
 - Raising efficiency
 - Transfer to industry partners



Slot-die Coated Perovskite Solar Cells

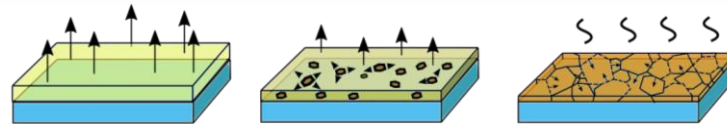


Slot-Die Coating



Slot Jet Drying

Complex drying dynamics:

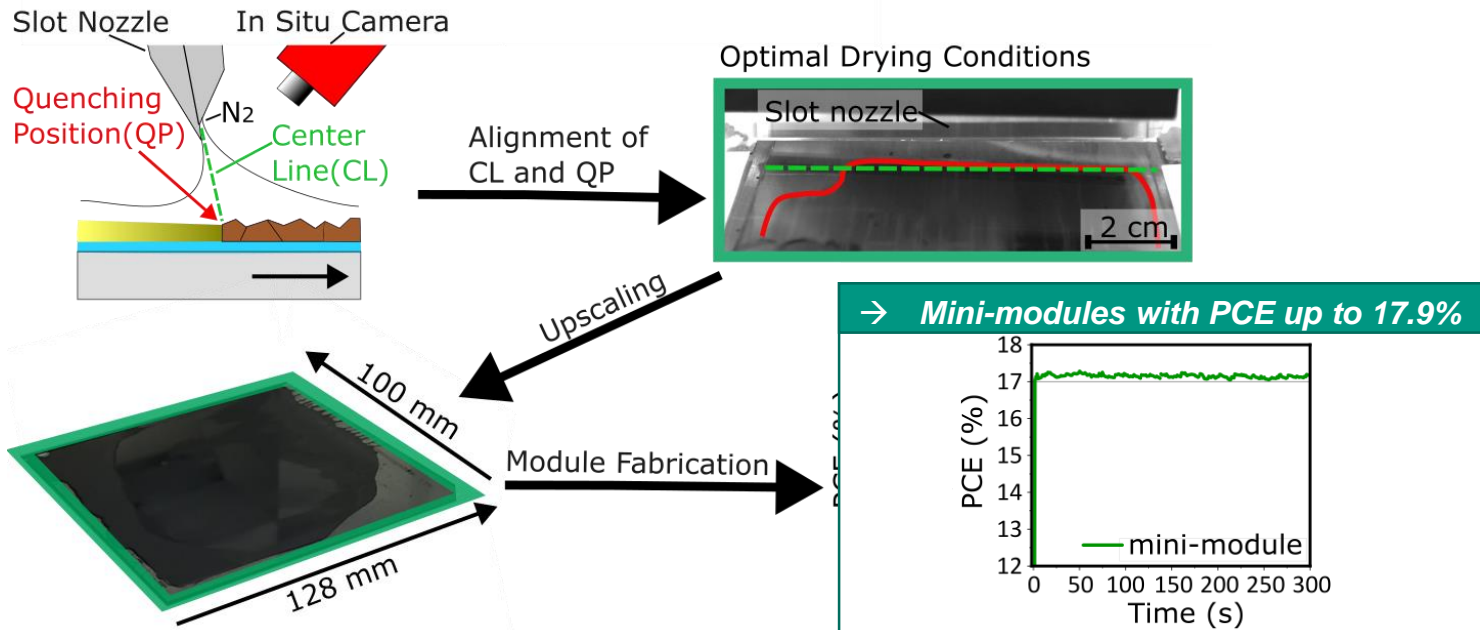


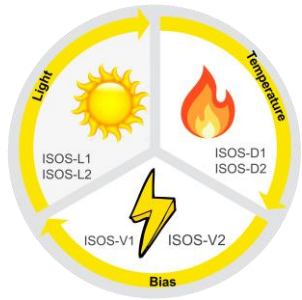
S. Ternes et al., *ACS applied materials & interfaces* **14**(9) 11300-11312 (2022)

S. Ternes et al., *Advanced Science* **11**(14), 2308901 (2024)

Slot-die Coated Perovskite Solar Modules

It is all about drying and controlling the crystallization!



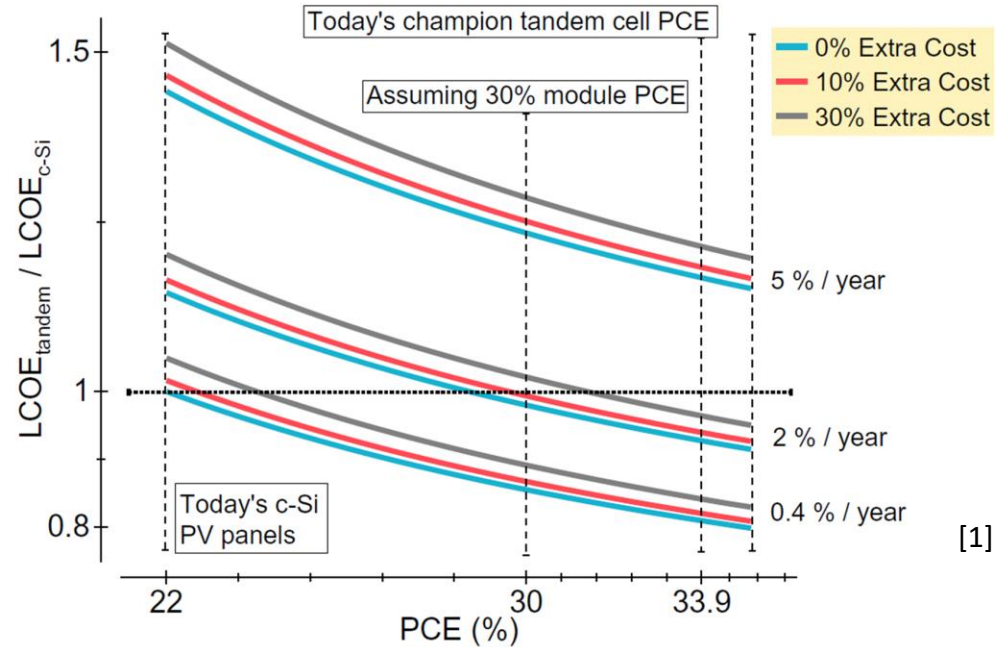


Stability

Stability: Current Major Roadblock for Commercialization

Stability remains the MAJOR CHALLENGE:

- Identified as the major roadblock. But there needs to be more R&D focused on stability.
- To be competitive regarding LCOE and LCA, the degradation rate has to be $< 0.5\%$ p.a. [1]
- Very few reports on long-term outdoor data. Best reported degradation rate $>17\%$ p.a. (small-area perovskite/silicon tandems, 1 cm^2 , $\text{PCE}_{\text{init}} = 21.4\%$, encapsulation) [2]



[1]

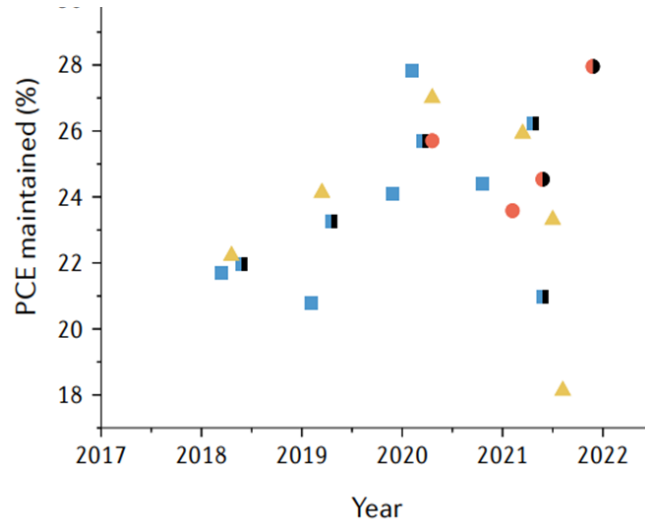
[1] E.Aydin, et al., Science 2024, DOI: 10.1126/science.adh3849.

[2] M. Babics, et al., Rep. Phys. Sci. 2023, DOI: 10.1016/j.xcrp.2023.101280 .

Stability: Current Major Roadblock for Commercialization

ENCOURAGING PROGRESS:

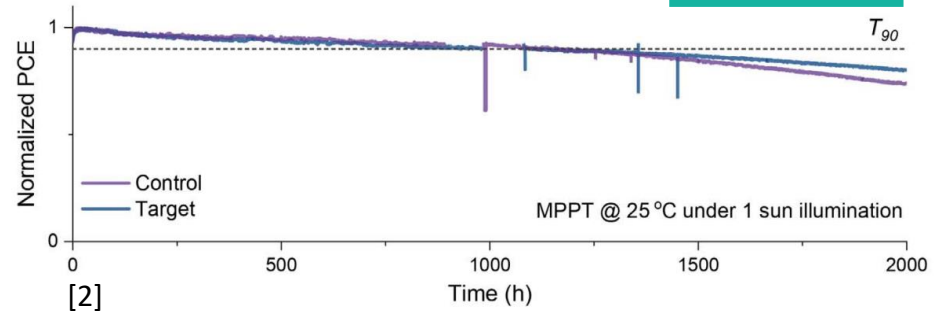
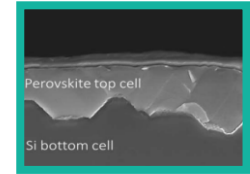
Advances in stability performance of Perovskite/Si tandem solar cells



[1] L. Duan et al., *Nat Rev Mater* 2023, DOI: 10.1038/s41578-022-00521-1.

Stable high-efficiency perovskite/Si tandems with certified PCE of 33.7% achieve $T_{90} > 1000\text{h}$

MPP tracking at 25 °C: $T_{90} > 1000\text{ h}$



[1] Ugur et al., *Science* 2024, DOI: .

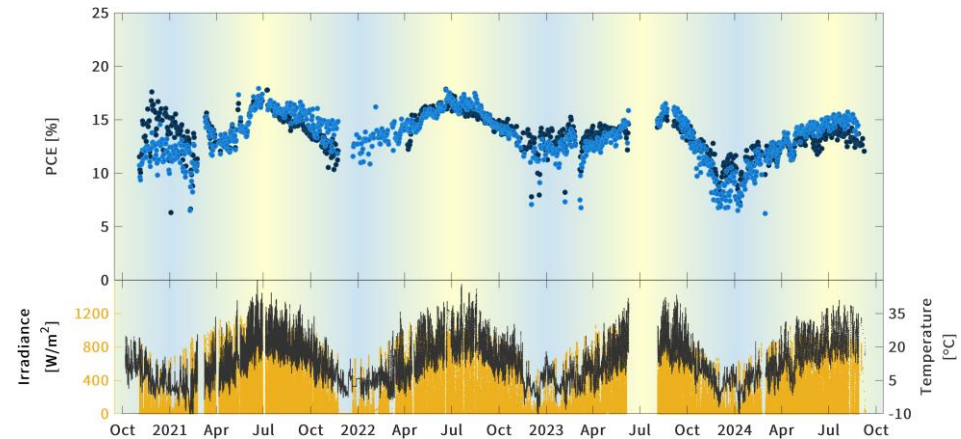
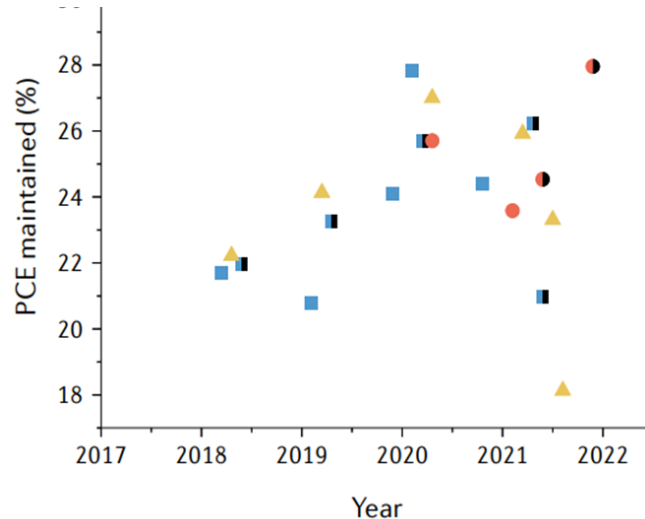
Stability: Current Major Roadblock for Commercialization

ENCOURAGING PROGRESS:

Advances in stability performance of Perovskite/Si tandem solar cells



HZB Helmholtz Zentrum Berlin

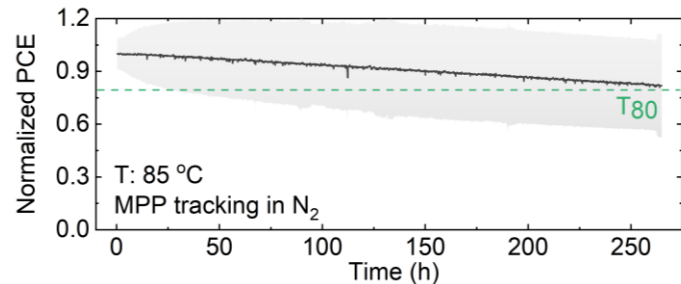
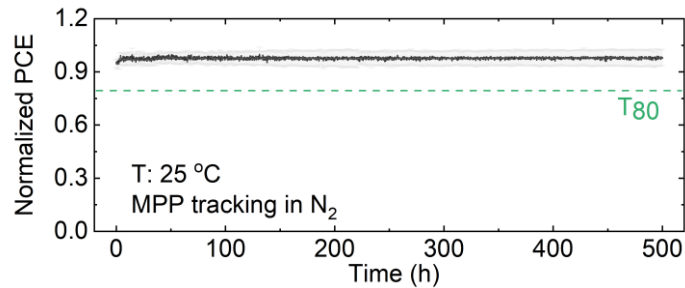


[1] L. Duan et al., *Nat Rev Mater* 2023, DOI: 10.1038/s41578-022-00521-1. Courtesy to C. Ulbrich and M. Khenkin, HZB, 2024.

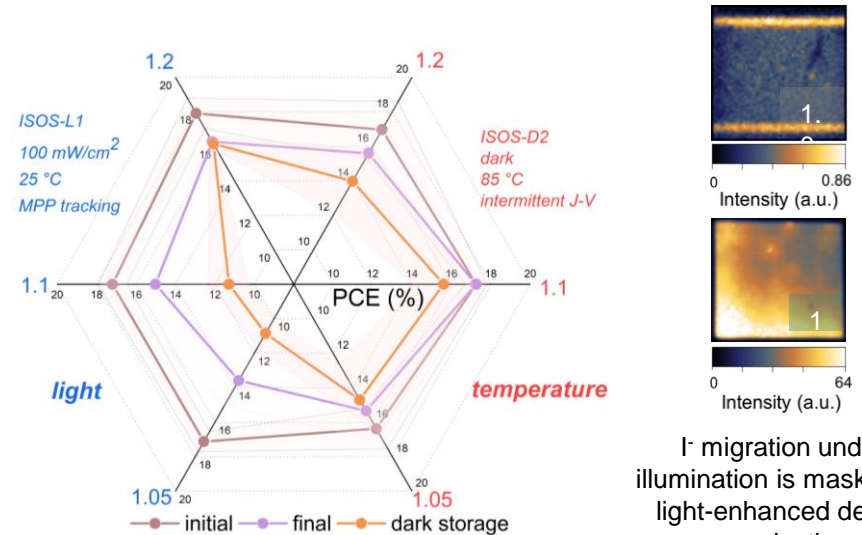
Stability Research at KIT

Stability of perovskite solar cells: impact of stoichiometry and morphology

Challenge: stabilize under all conditions



Understand dynamics of simultaneous effects

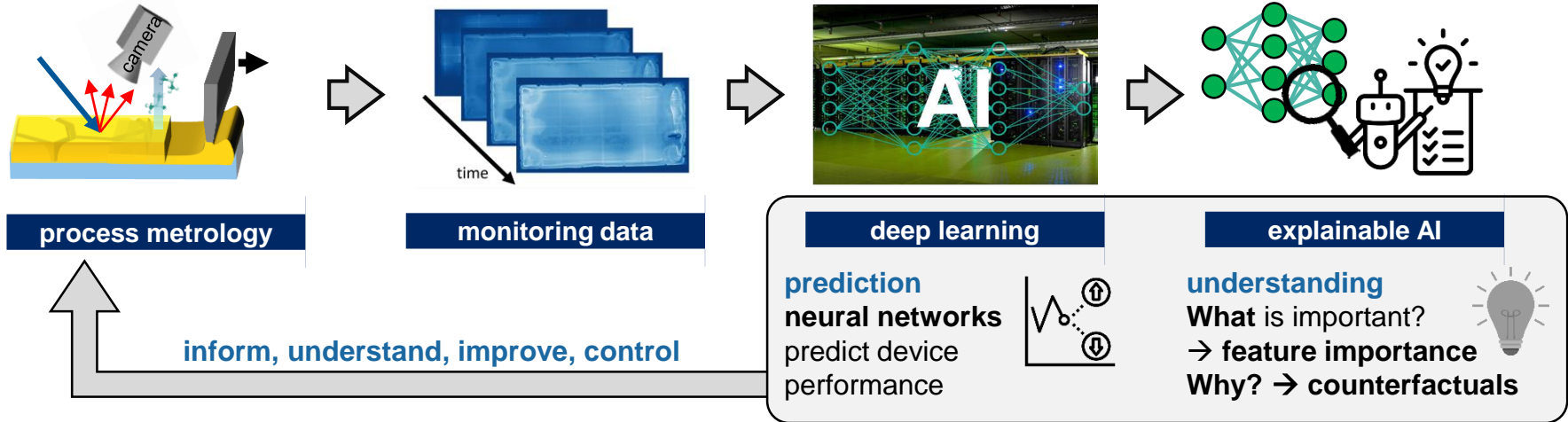


I⁻ migration under illumination is masked by light-enhanced defect passivation

R. Singh et al., *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces* 16(21), 27450–27462 (2024).



ML Methods

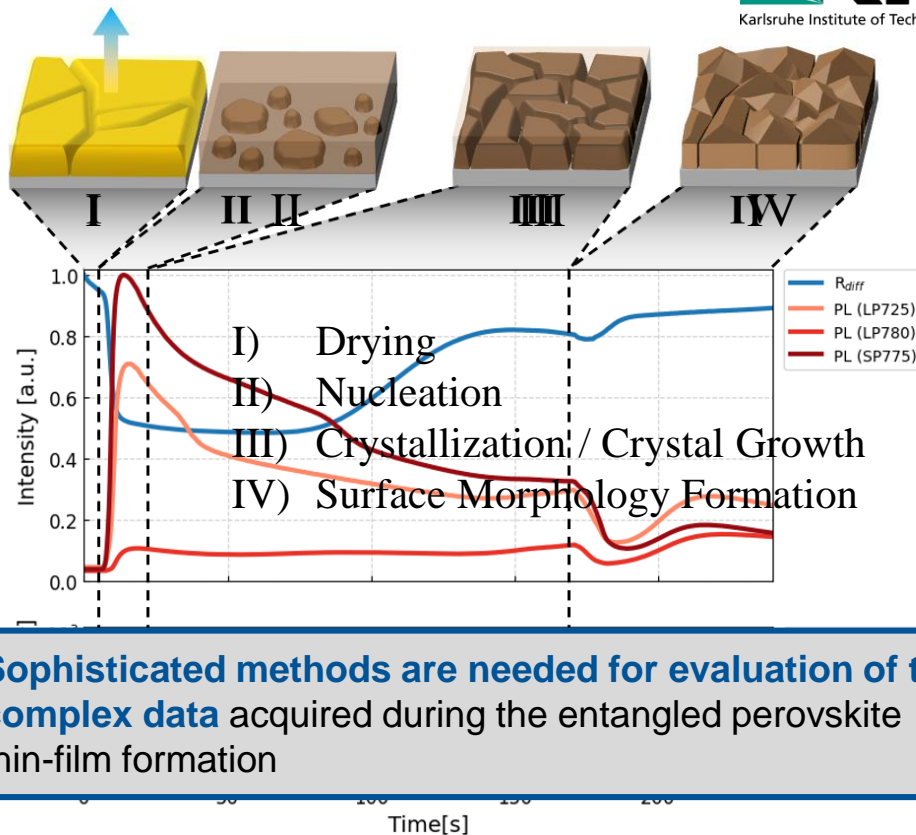
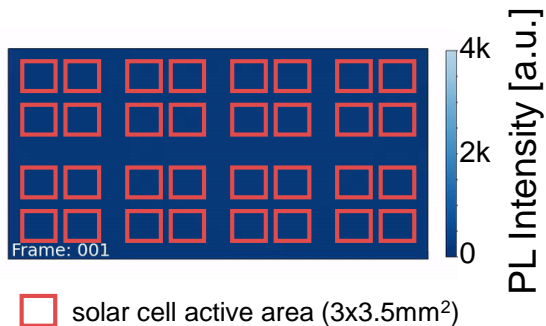
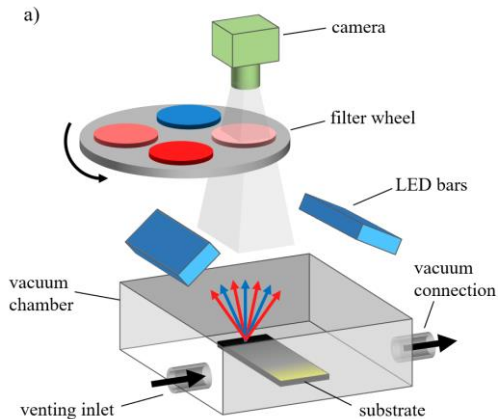


F. Laufer et al., Sol. RRL, 2201114 (2023)

Klein, Ziegler, Laufer et al., Adv. Mater., 2307160 (2023)

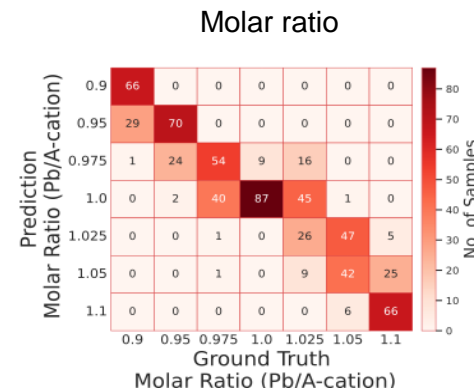
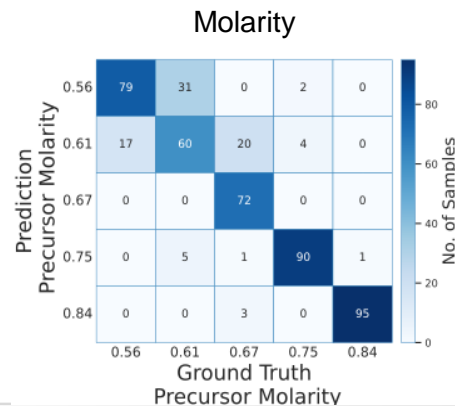
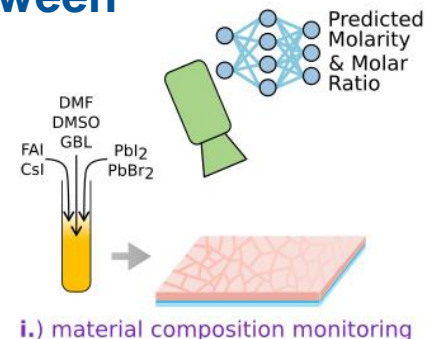
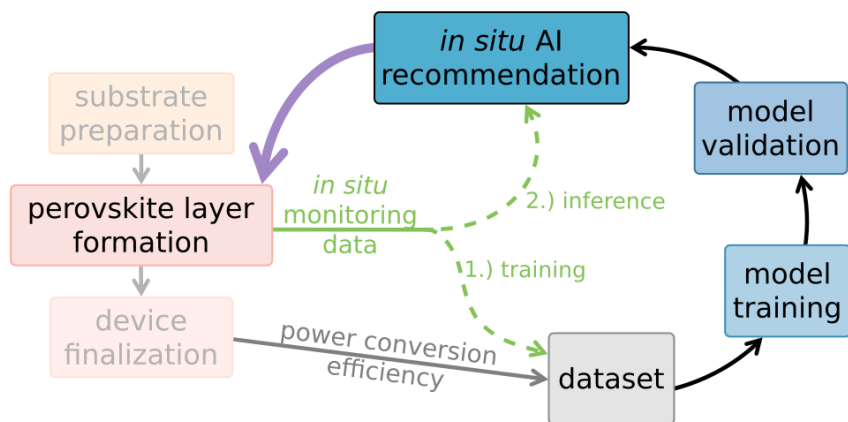
Laufer et al., under review (2024)

In situ multi-channel PL imaging



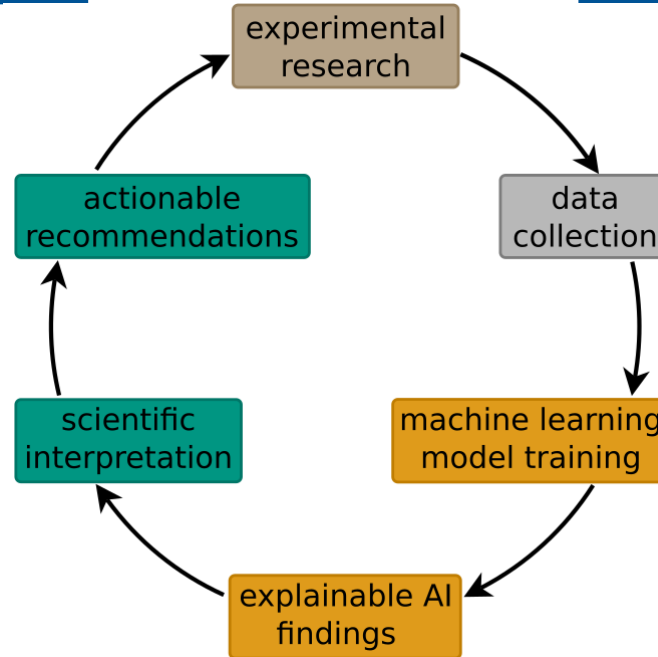
S. Ternes, F. Laufer et al., Sol. RRL, 2100353 (2021)

Machine learning enables learning the **relationship between input data features and the target variables**



What is important?

Why is it important?



Many thanks to...

- ... the Perovskite Taskforce at KIT.
- ... all collaboration partners.
- ... the funding organizations.



partners:



funding:

