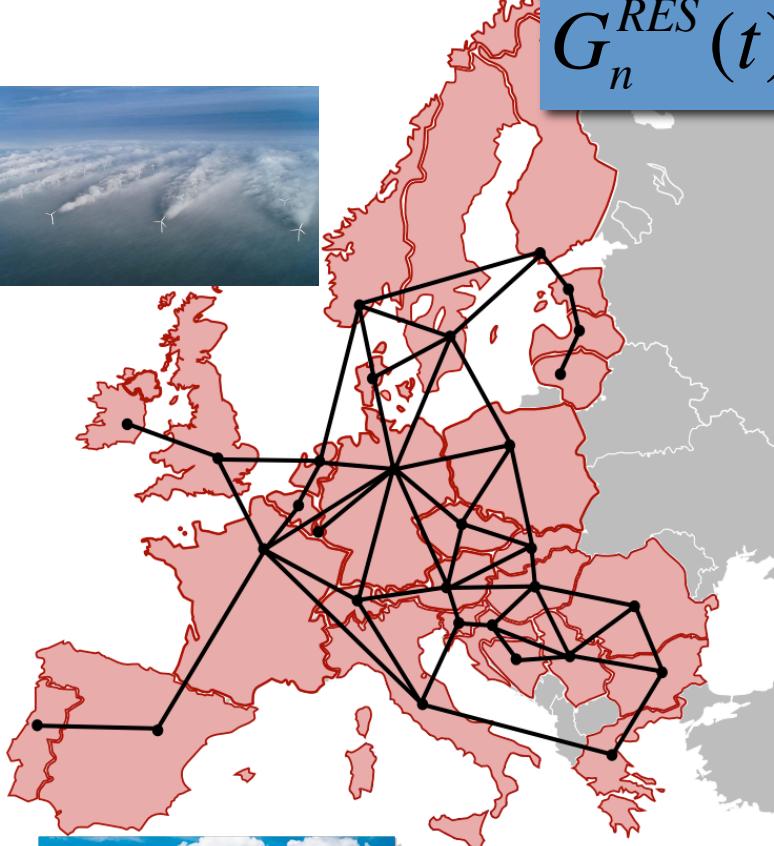


Complex Renewable Energy Networks

$$G_n^{RES}(t) + B_n(t) = L_n(t) + T_n(t) + C_n(t)$$



$$G_n^{RES}(t) = G_n^W(t) + G_n^S(t)$$

Renewable Energy Atlas

2000 – 2007: 1h, 45x45km²

1980 – 2010: 1h, 30x30km²

$$\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle_t = \langle L_n \rangle_t$$



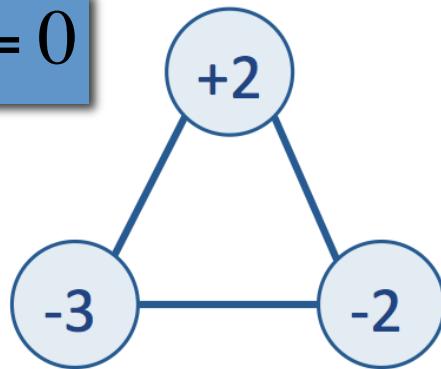
AARHUS
UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING

Coupling schemes between transmission and backup

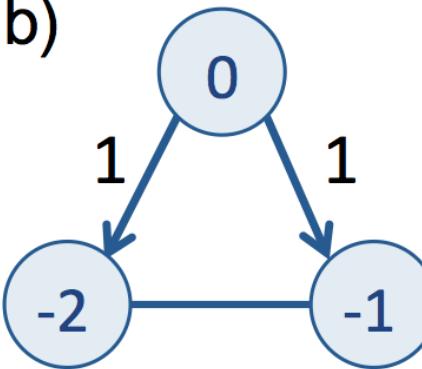
$$\Delta_n(t) = G_n^{RES}(t) - L_n(t) - T_n(t)$$

$$T_n(t) = 0$$



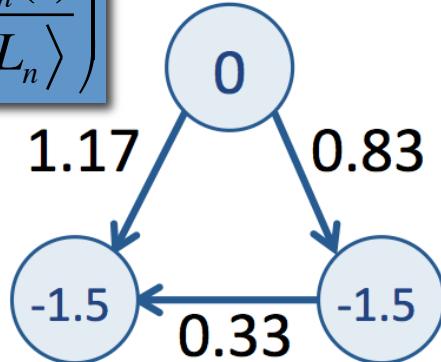
b)

$$\min\left(\sum_n B_n(t)\right)$$



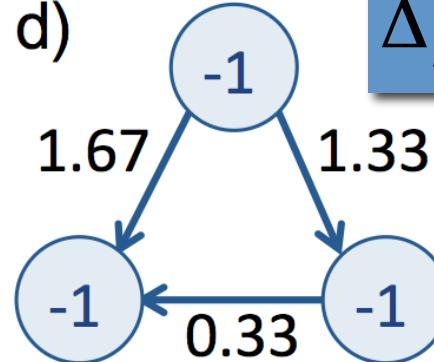
$$\min\left(\sum_l F_l^2(t)\right)$$

$$\min\left(\max_n \frac{B_n(t)}{\langle L_n \rangle}\right)$$



d)

$$\Delta_n(t) = \beta(t) \langle L_n \rangle$$

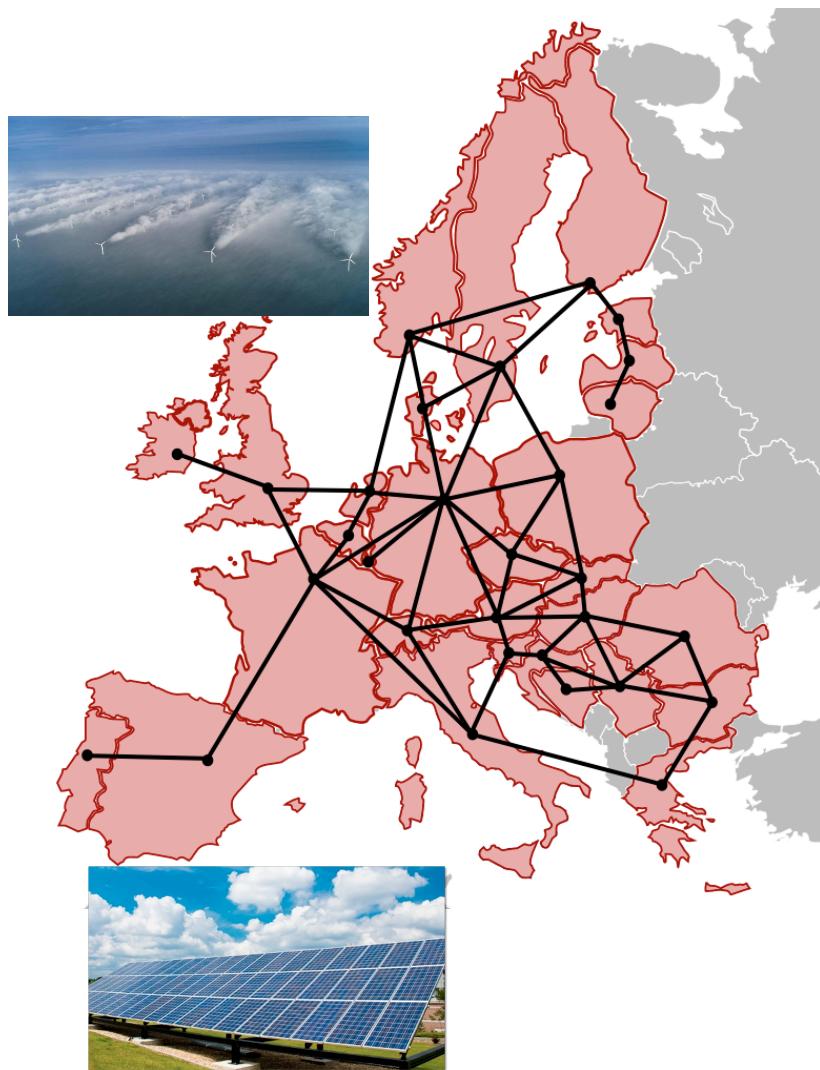


$$\beta(t) = \frac{\sum_n \Delta_n(t)}{\sum_n \langle L_n \rangle}$$



Design of a fully renewable European energy system

---- challenges for the physics of complex systems ----



How much ...
... wind energy?
... solar PV energy?
... backup energy + power?
... transmission?
... storage?
... coupling of energy sectors?

and what about
... transition 2050 → 2014?

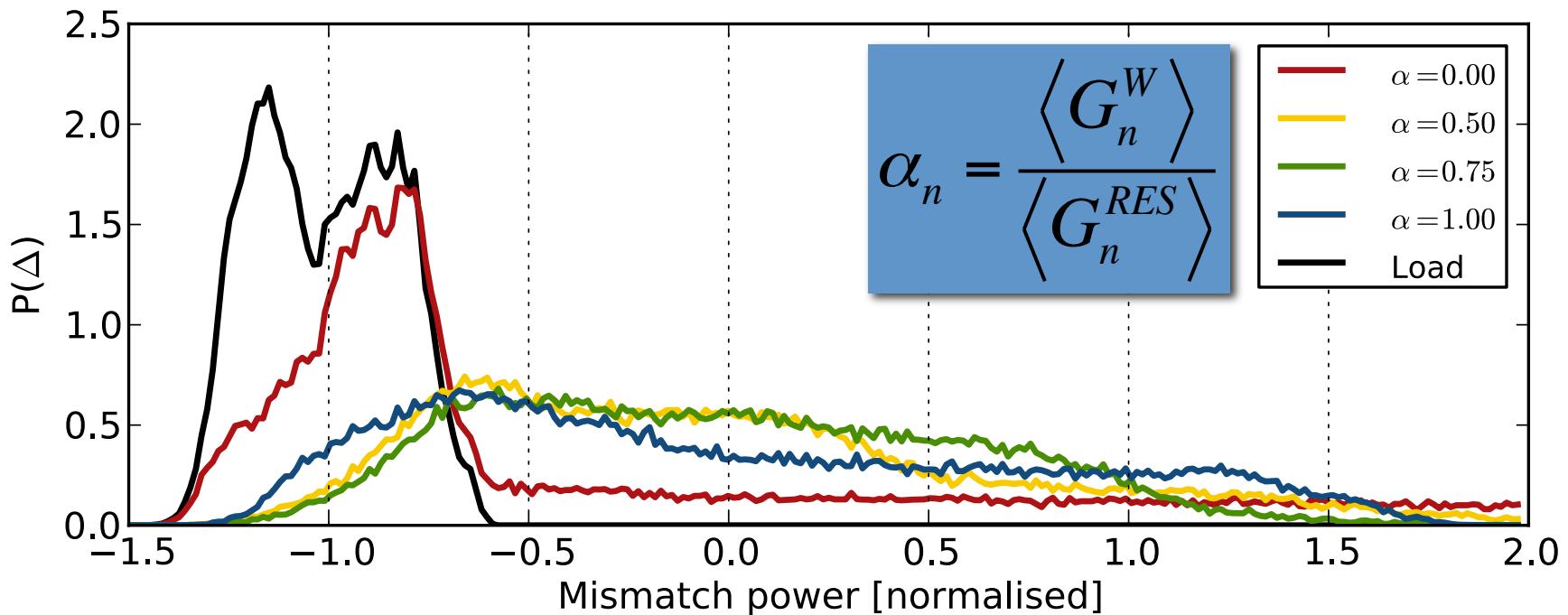


Mismatch distribution (Germany)

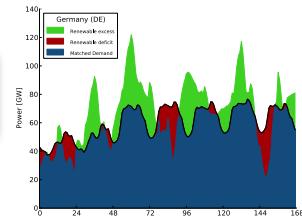
$$\Delta_n(t) = G_n^{RES}(t) - L_n(t) - T_n(t)$$

$$T_n(t) = 0$$

$$\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle = \langle L_n \rangle$$

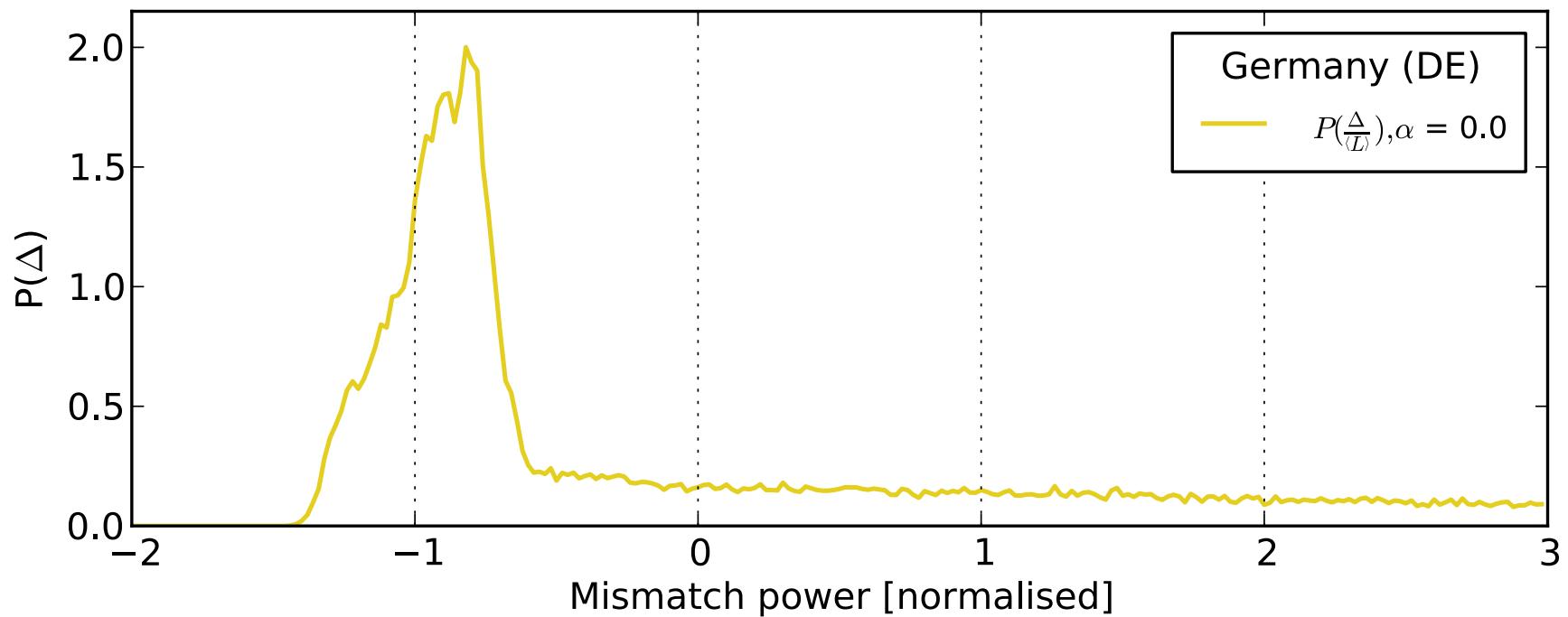


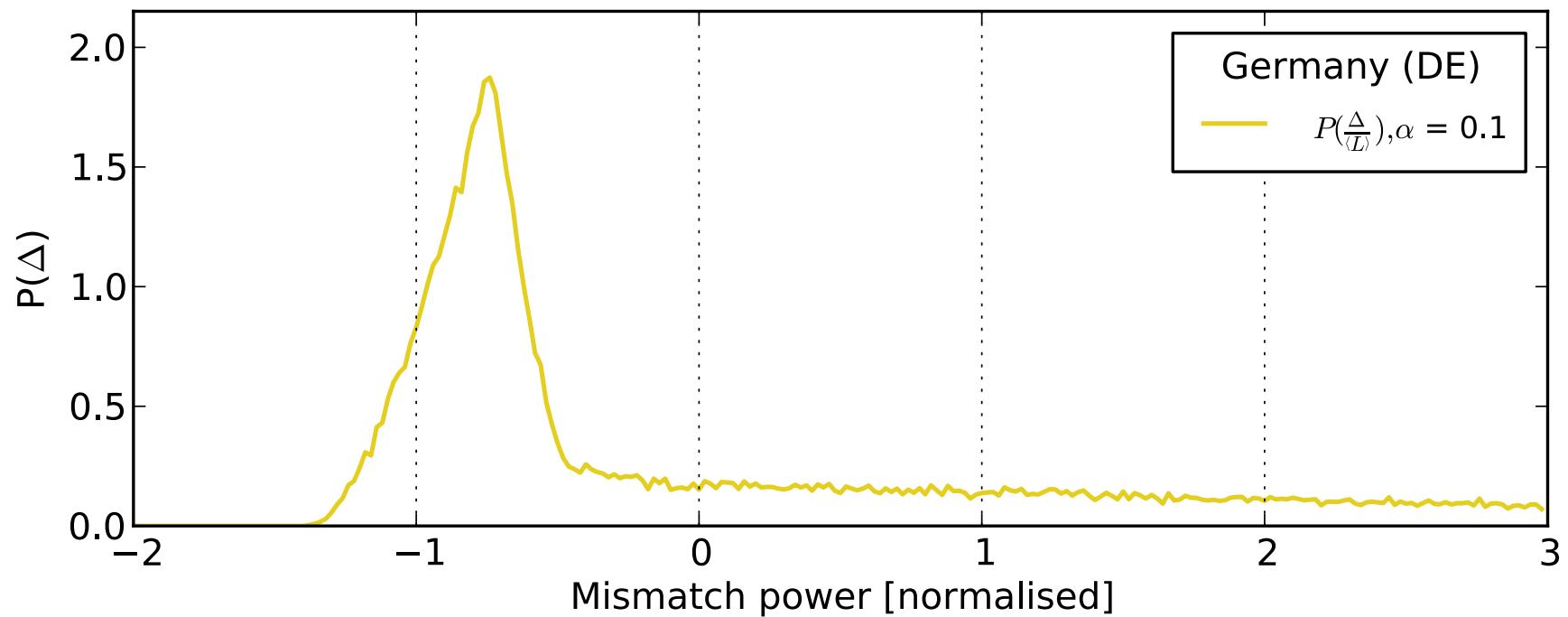
$$B_n(t) = -\min(\Delta(t), 0)$$

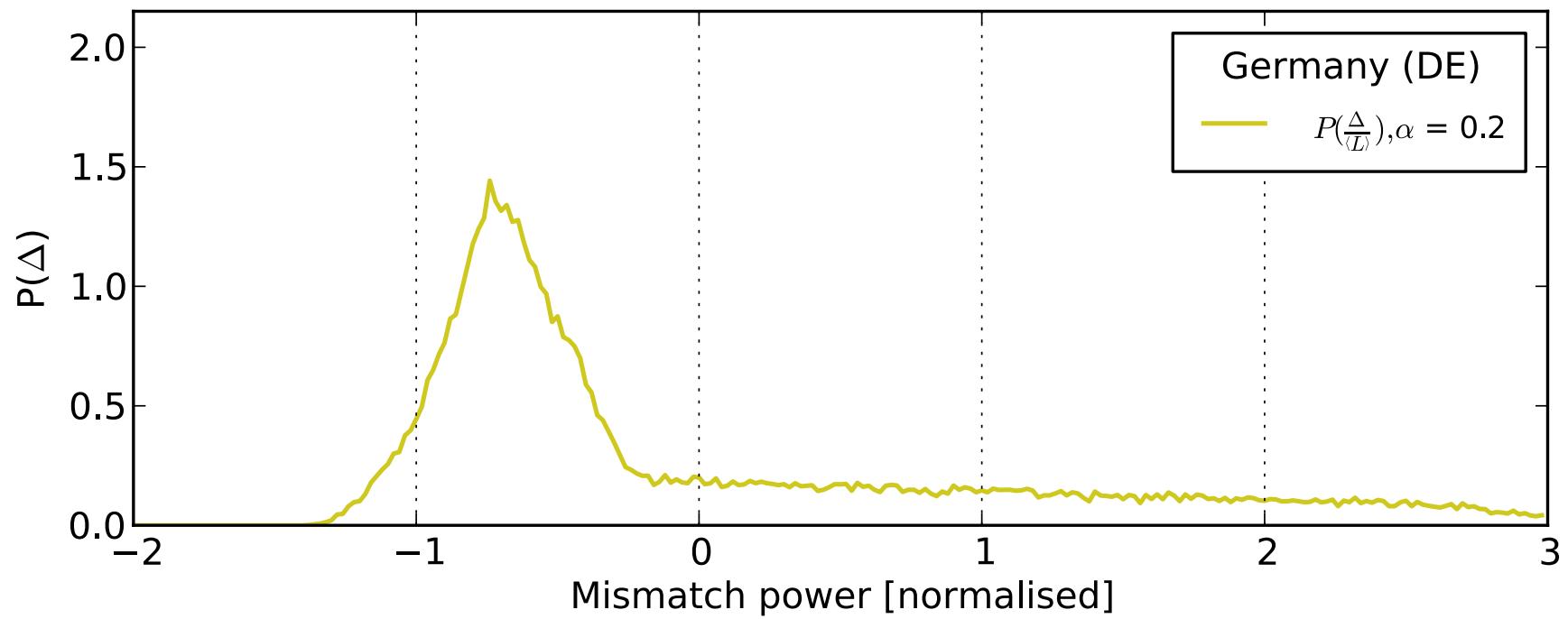


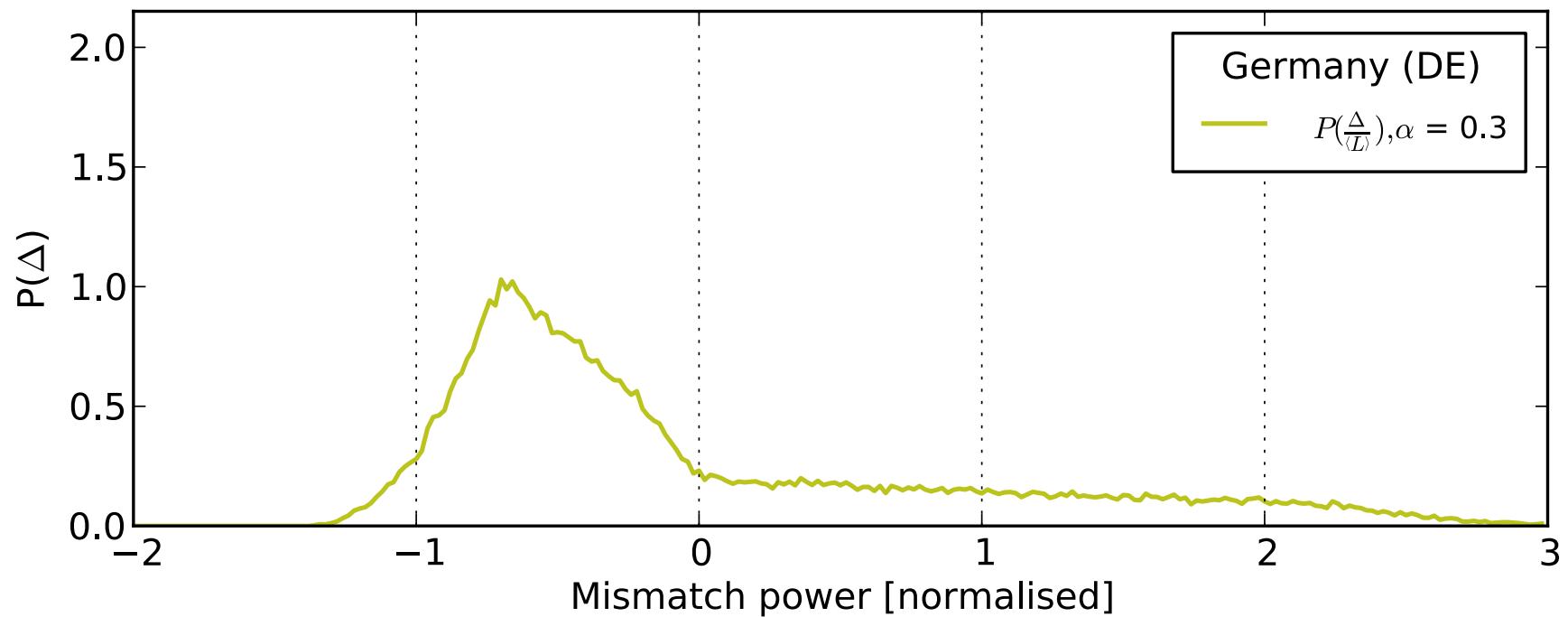
$$C_n(t) = \max(\Delta(t), 0)$$

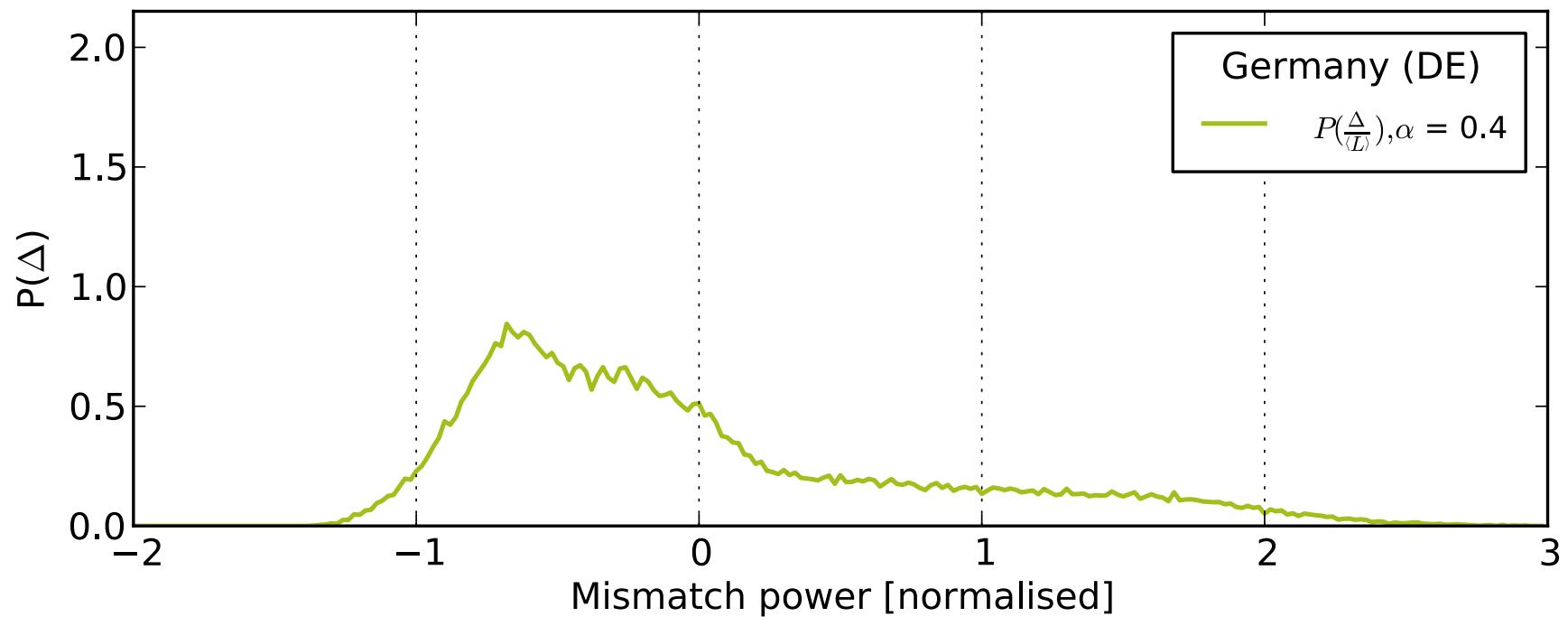


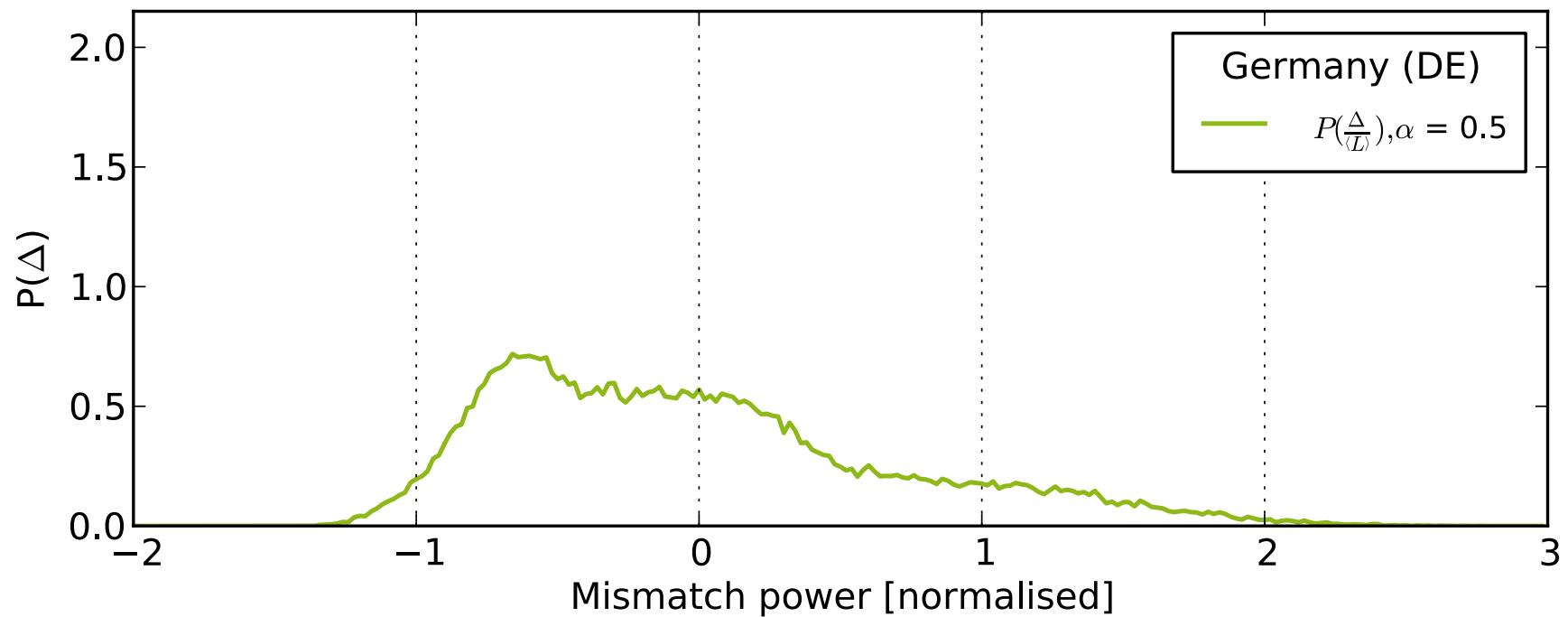


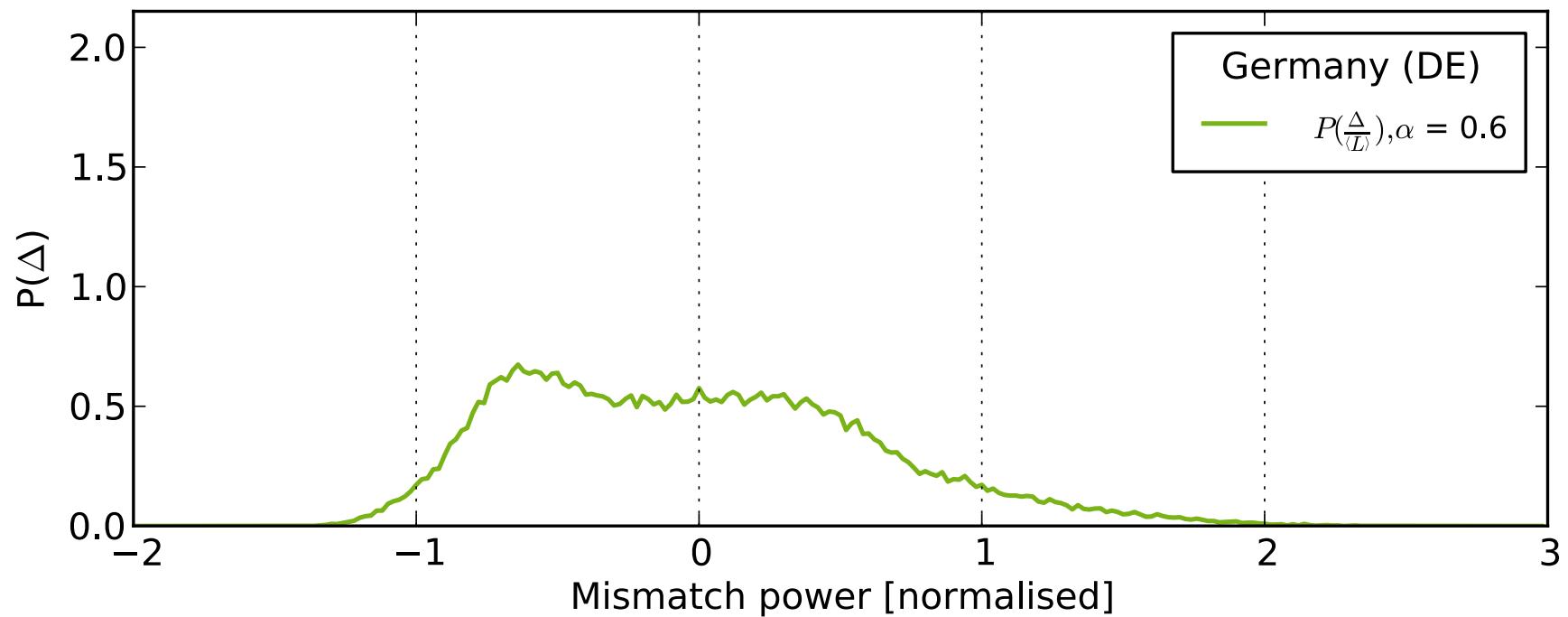


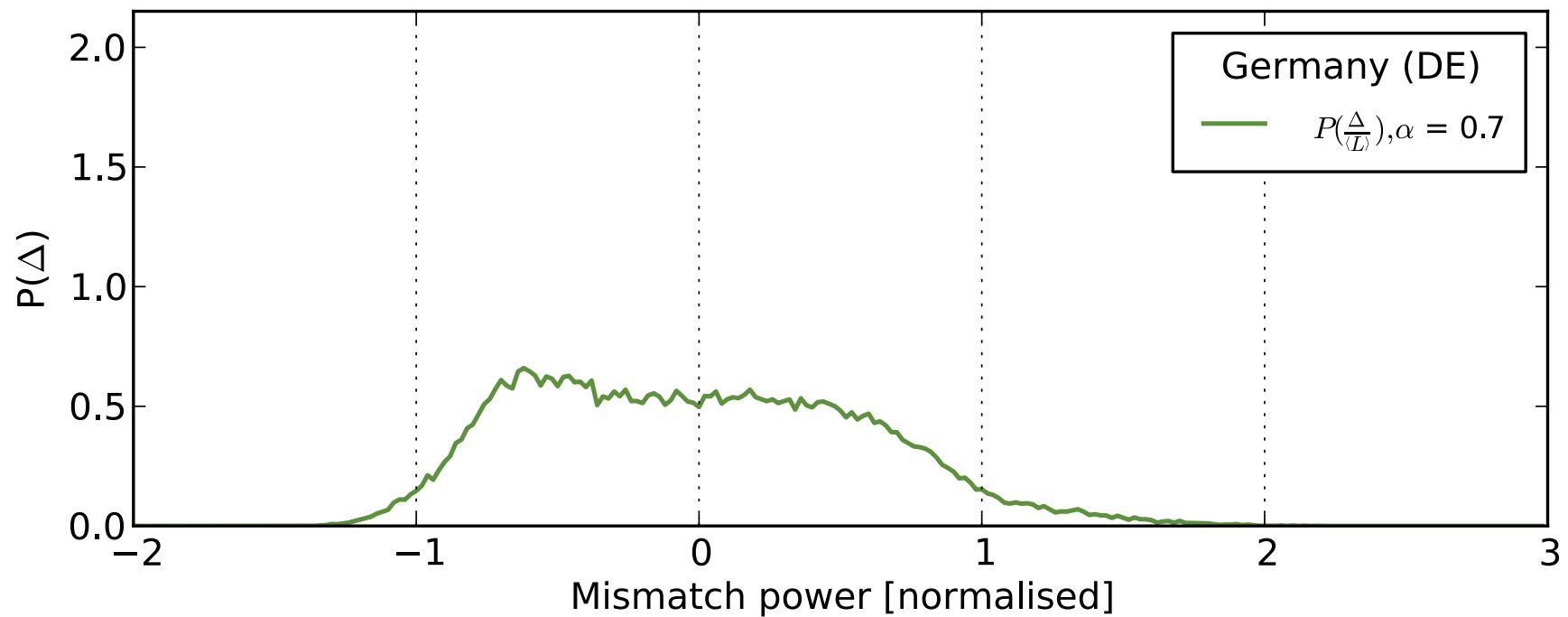


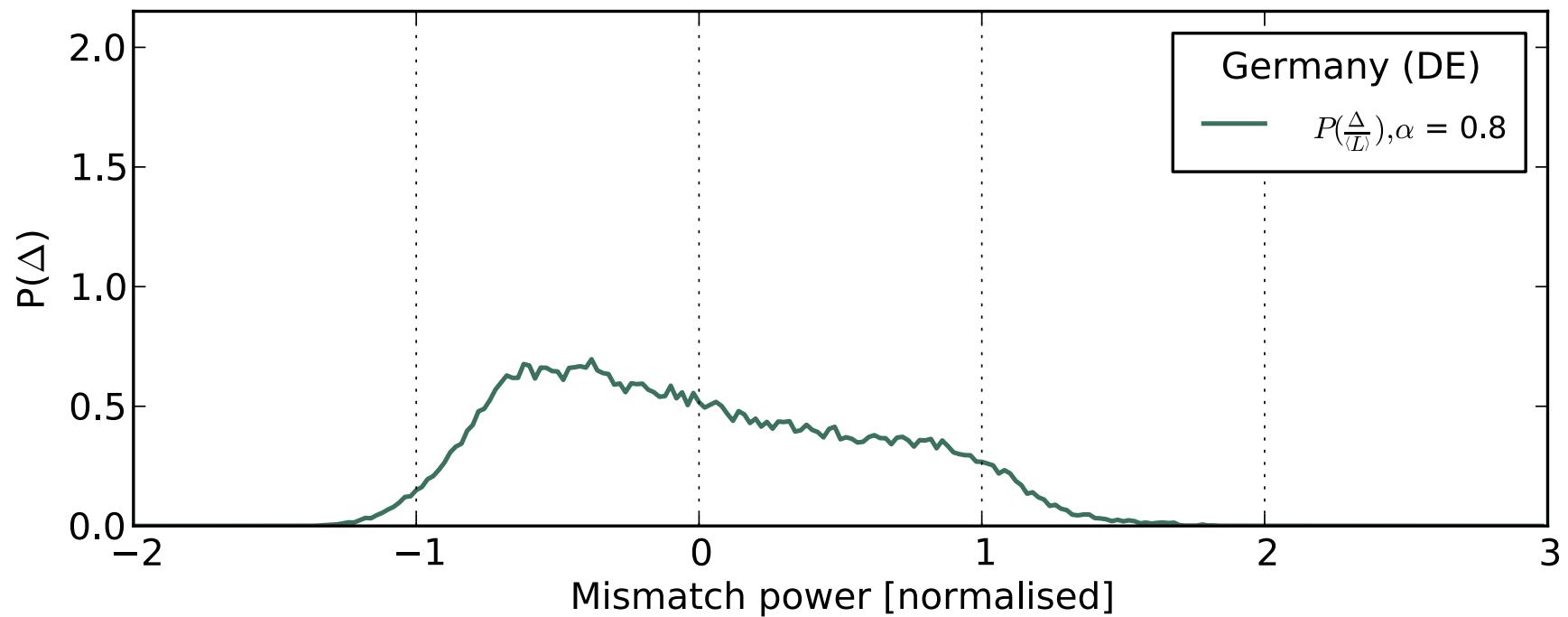


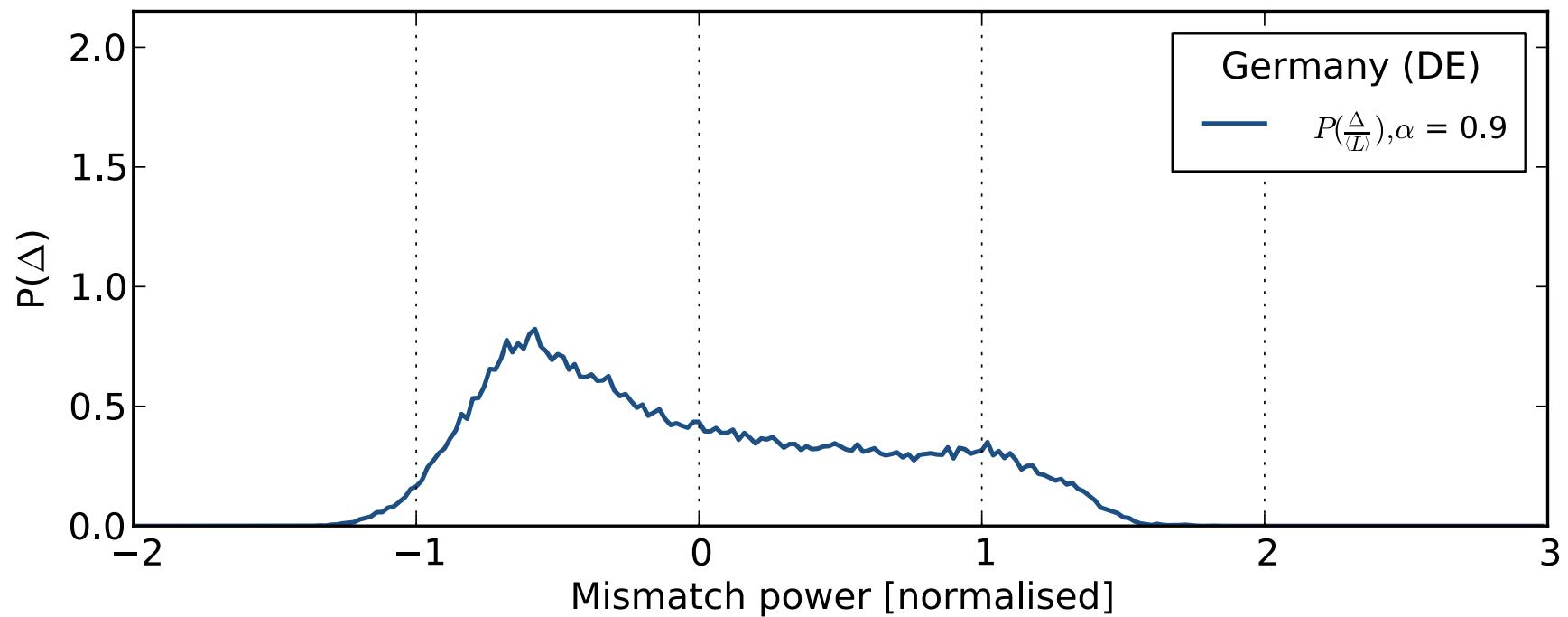


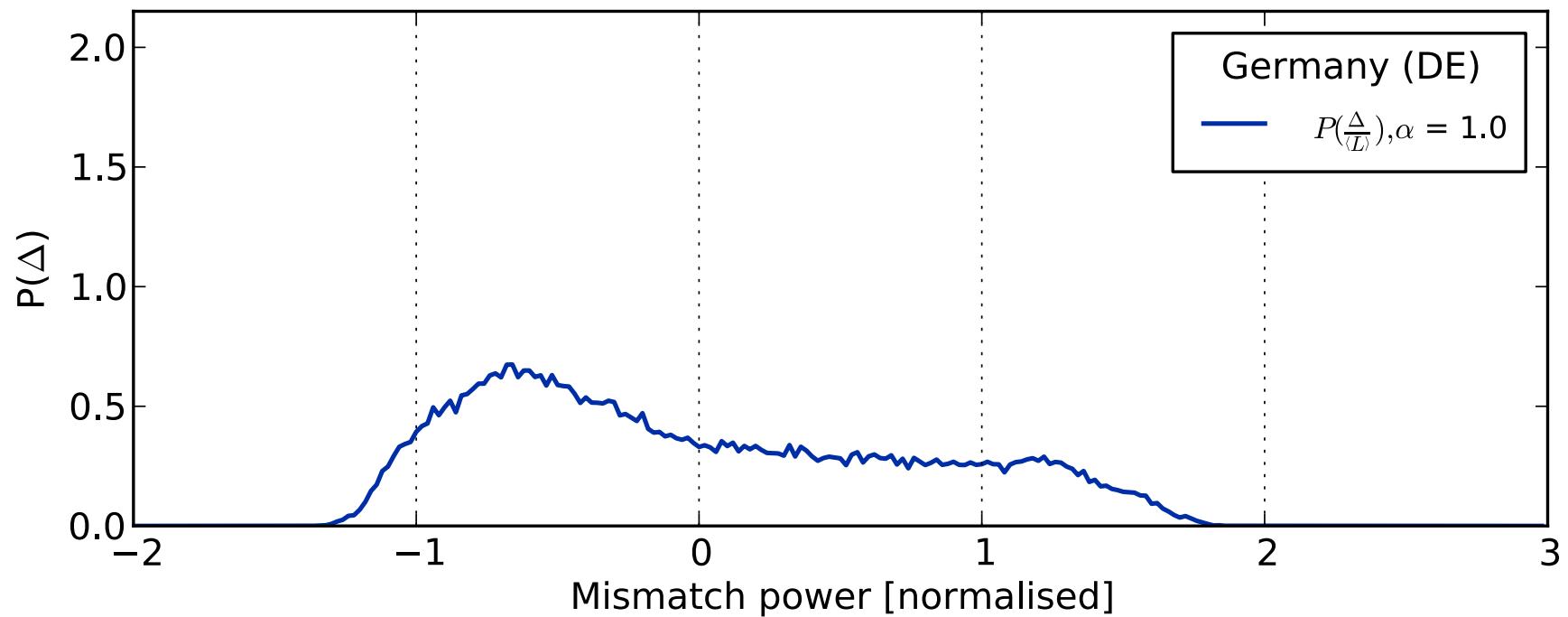










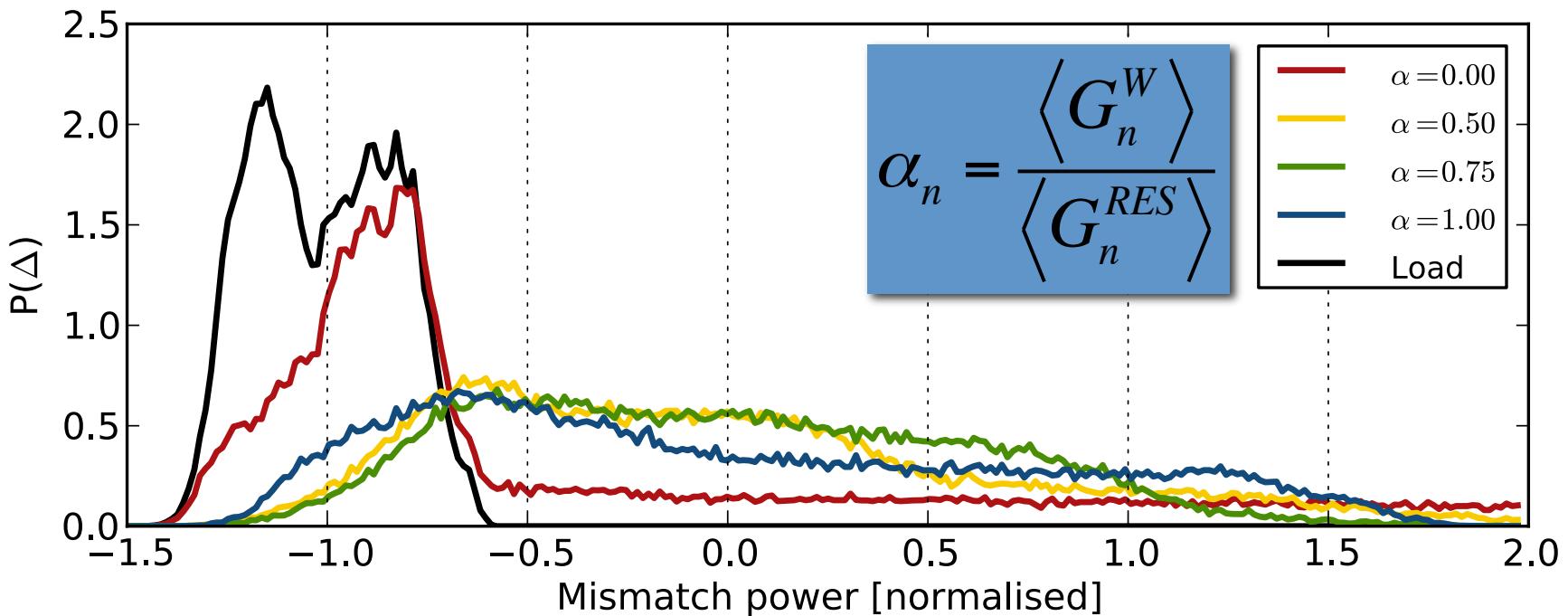


Mismatch distribution (Germany)

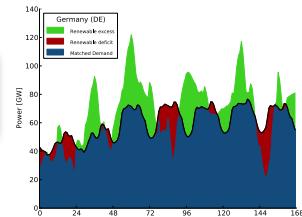
$$\Delta_n(t) = G_n^{RES}(t) - L_n(t) - T_n(t)$$

$$T_n(t) = 0$$

$$\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle = \langle L_n \rangle$$



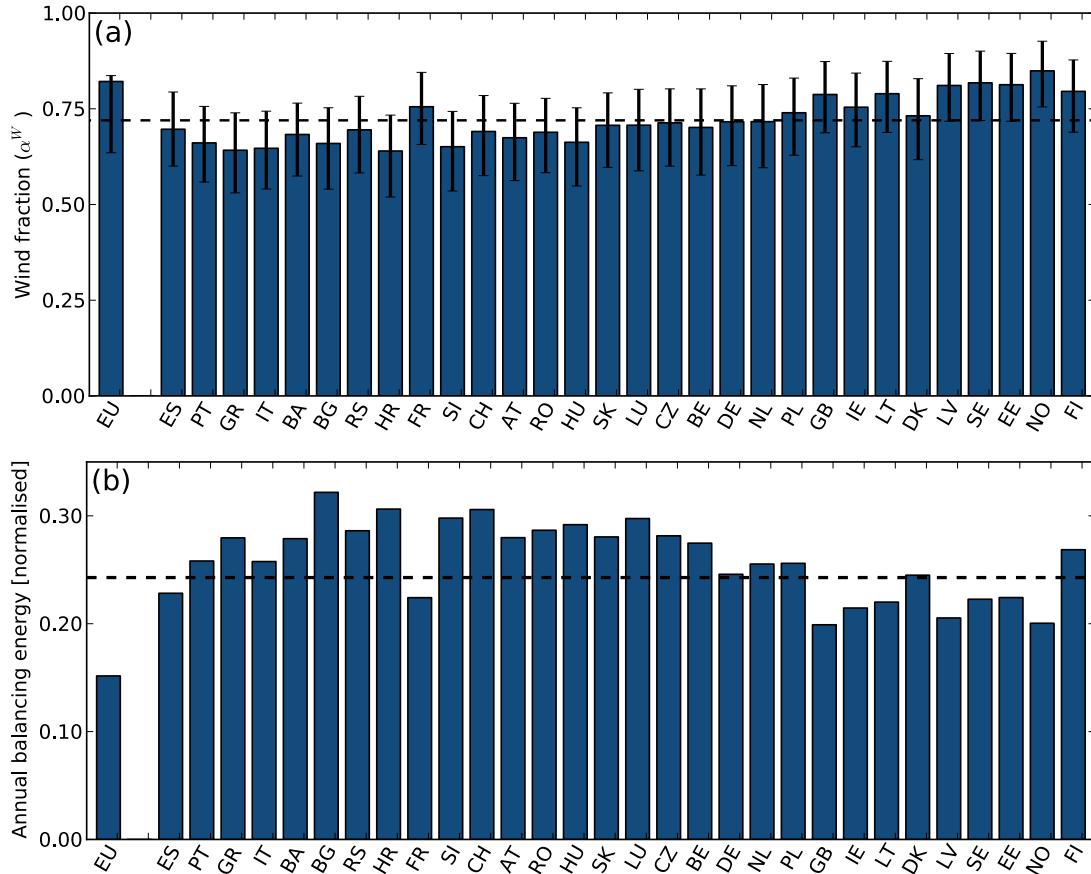
$$B_n(t) = -\min(\Delta(t), 0)$$



$$C_n(t) = \max(\Delta(t), 0)$$



BACKUP ENERGY: European countries



$$\alpha_{\min}$$

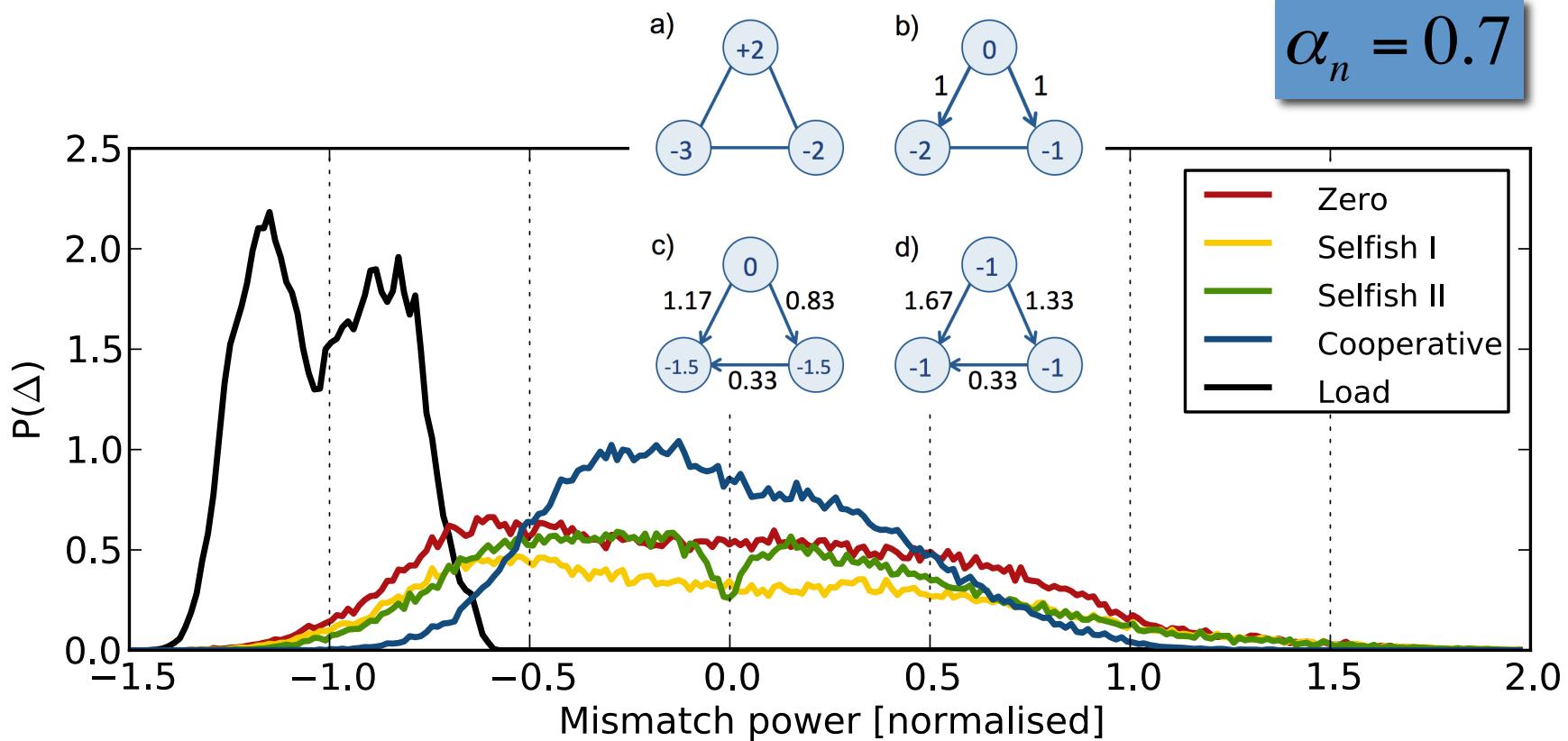
$$\langle B_n \rangle \approx 0.24$$



Mismatch distribution (Germany)

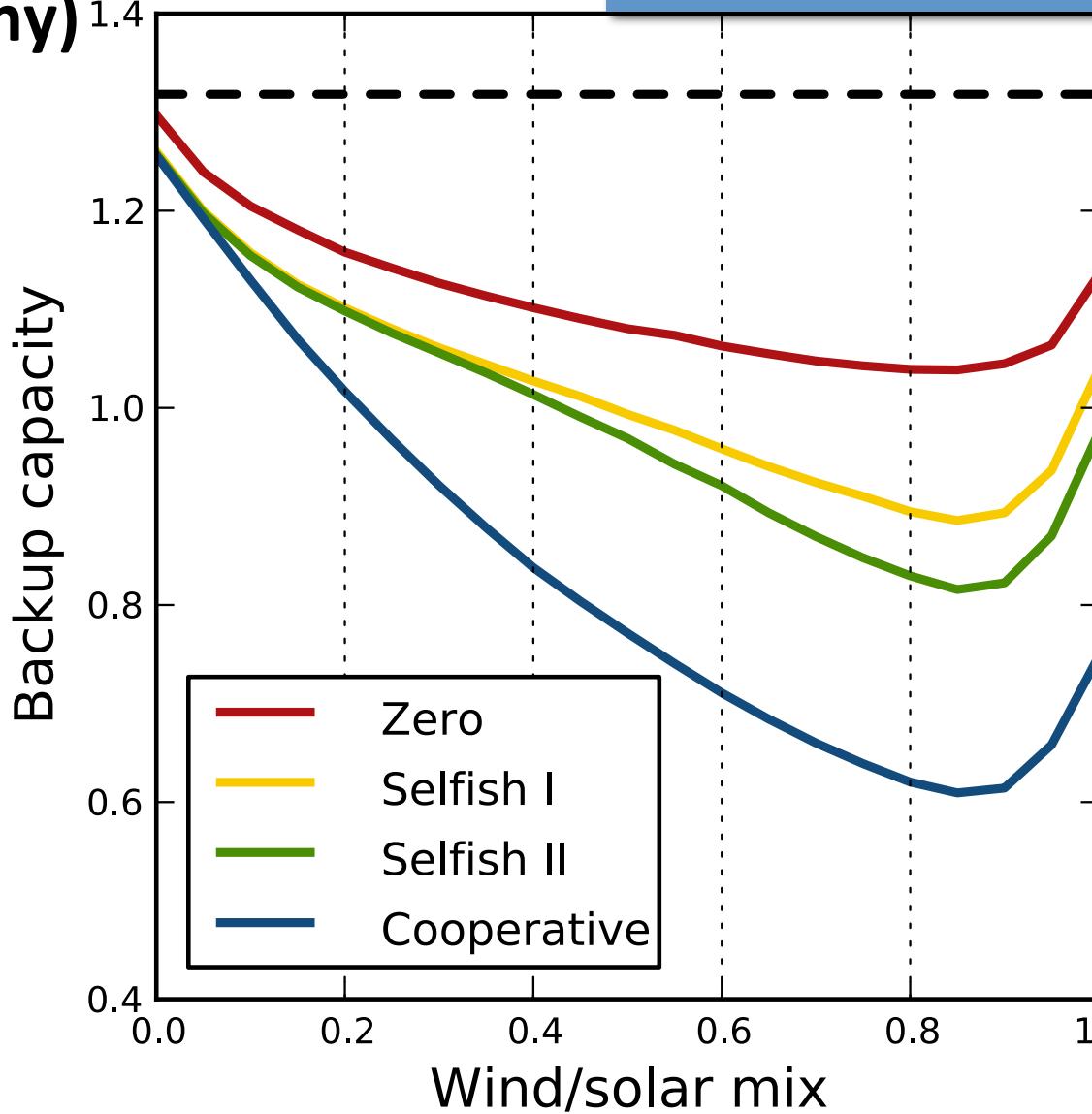
$$\Delta_n(t) = G_n^{RES}(t) - L_n(t) - T_n(t)$$

$$\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle = \langle L_n \rangle$$



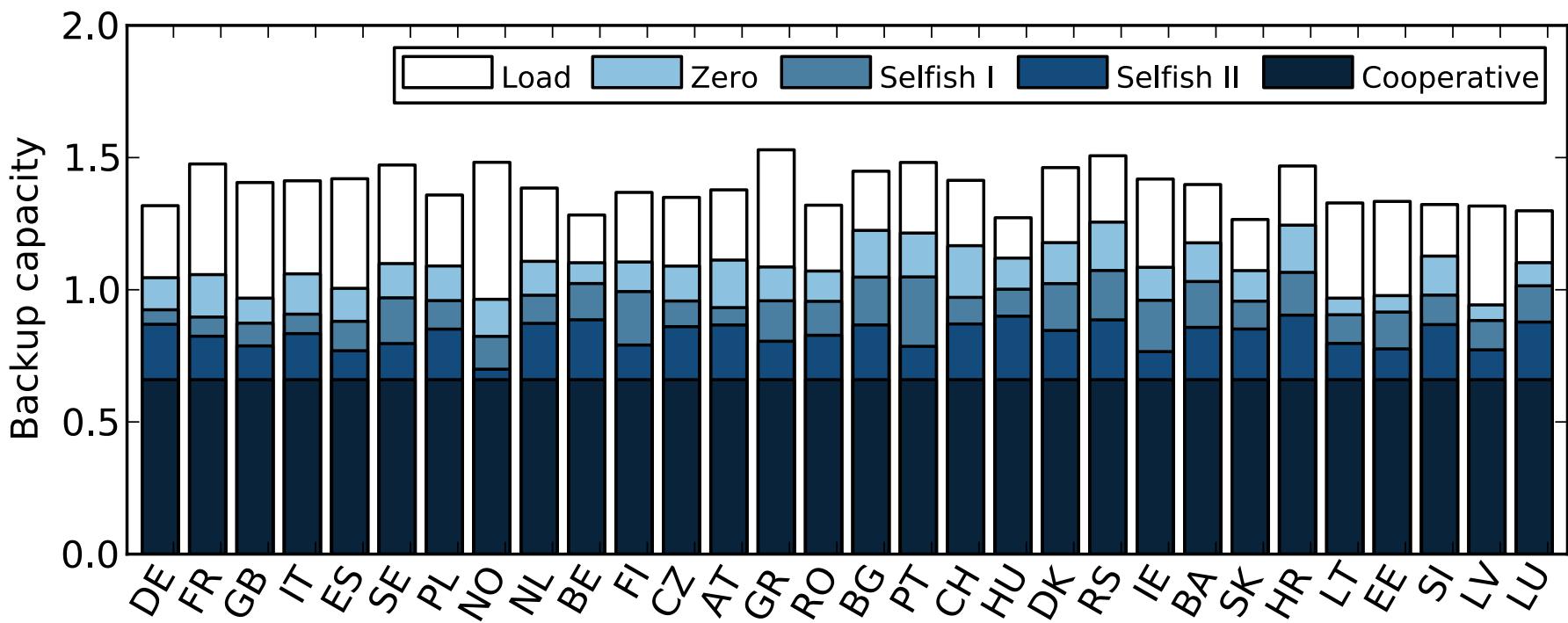
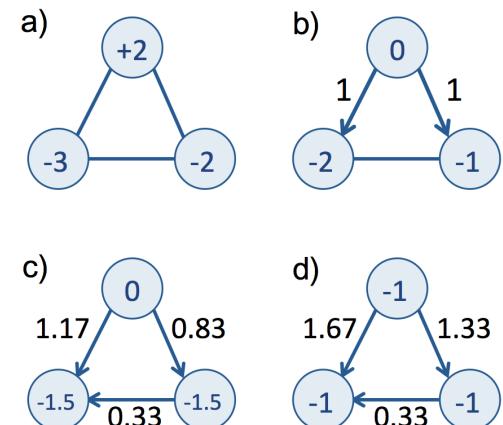
Backup Capacity (Germany)

$$B_n^C = -\min_t \left(G_n^{RES}(t) - L_n(t) - T_n(t) \right)$$

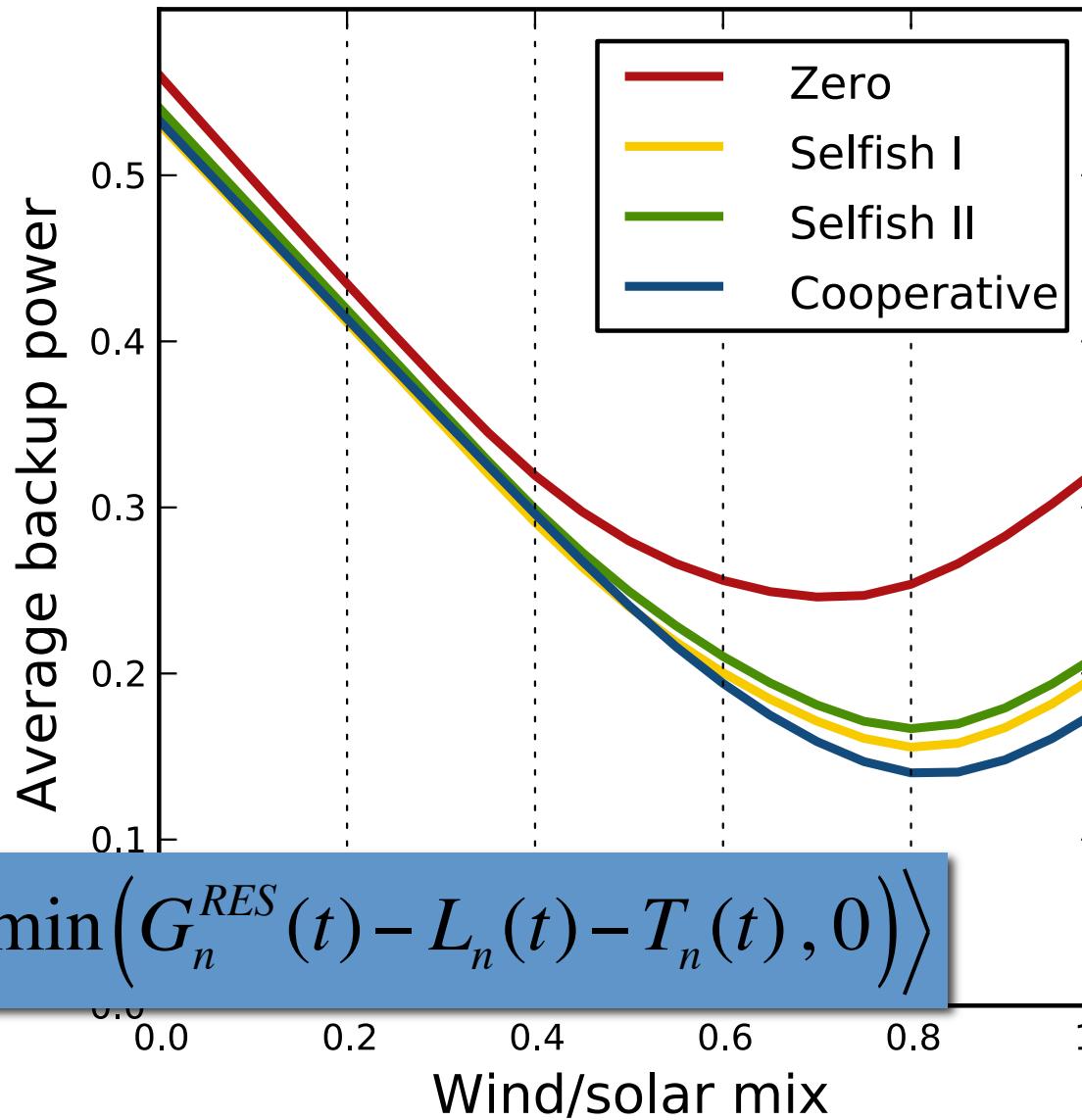


$$\alpha_n = \frac{\langle G_n^W \rangle}{\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle}$$

Backup Capacity



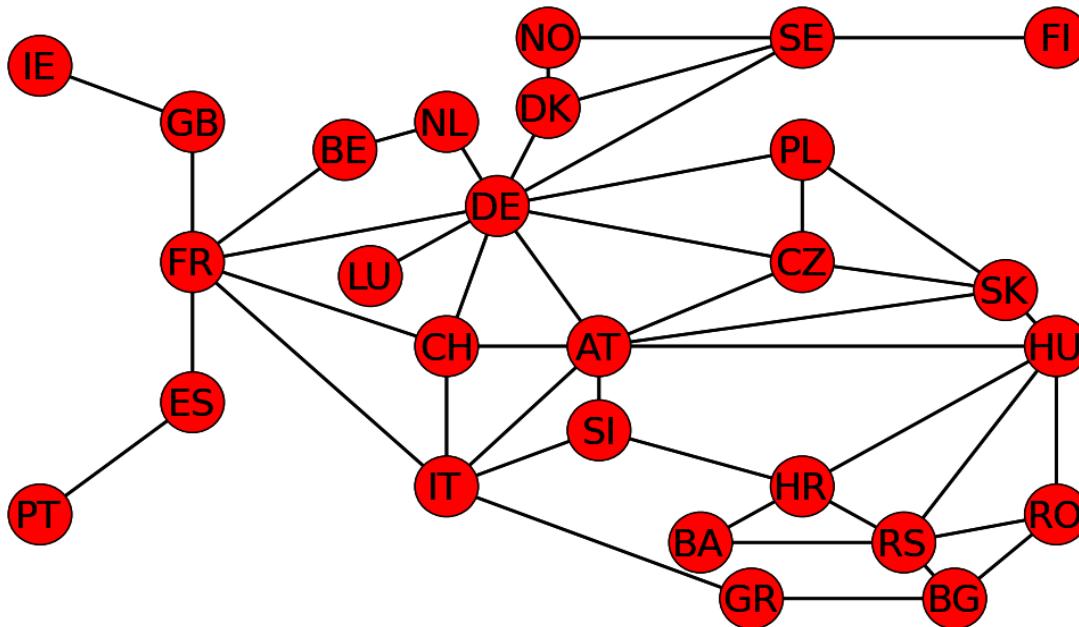
Average Backup Power (Germany)



$$\langle B_n \rangle = - \left\langle \min \left(G_n^{RES}(t) - L_n(t) - T_n(t), 0 \right) \right\rangle$$

$$\alpha_n = \frac{\langle G_n^W \rangle}{\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle}$$

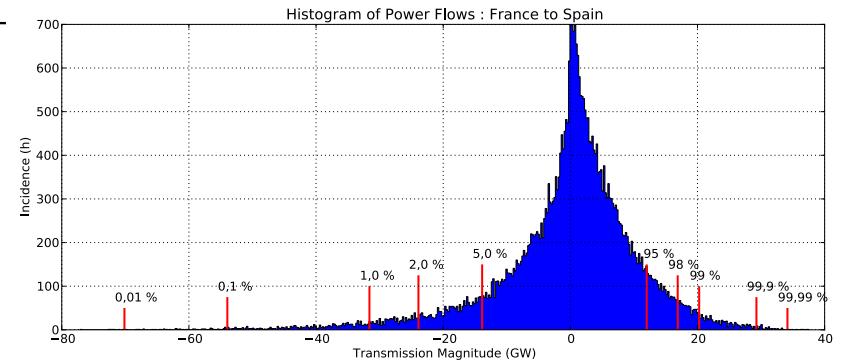
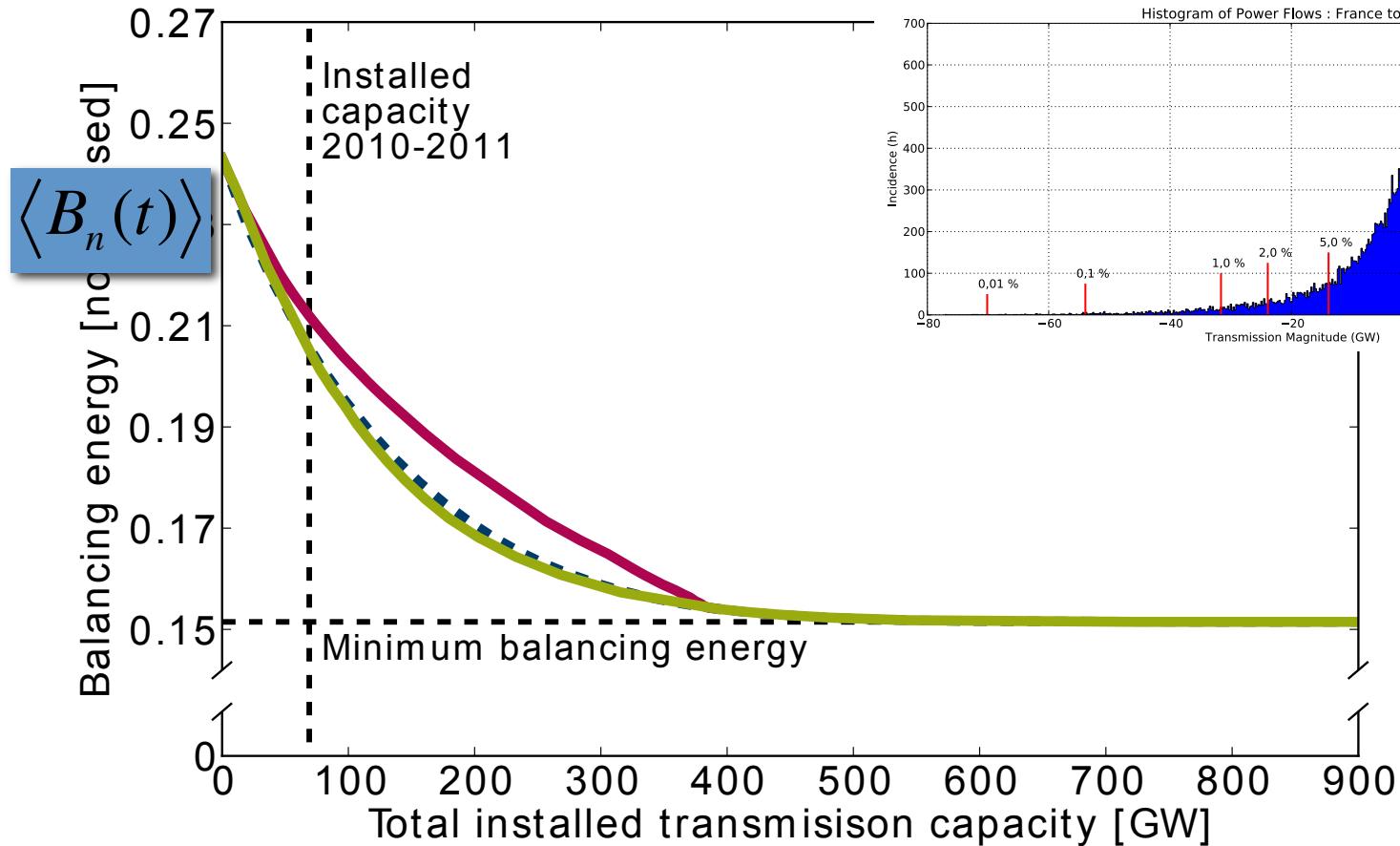
How much transmission?



$$\min \sum_n B_n$$

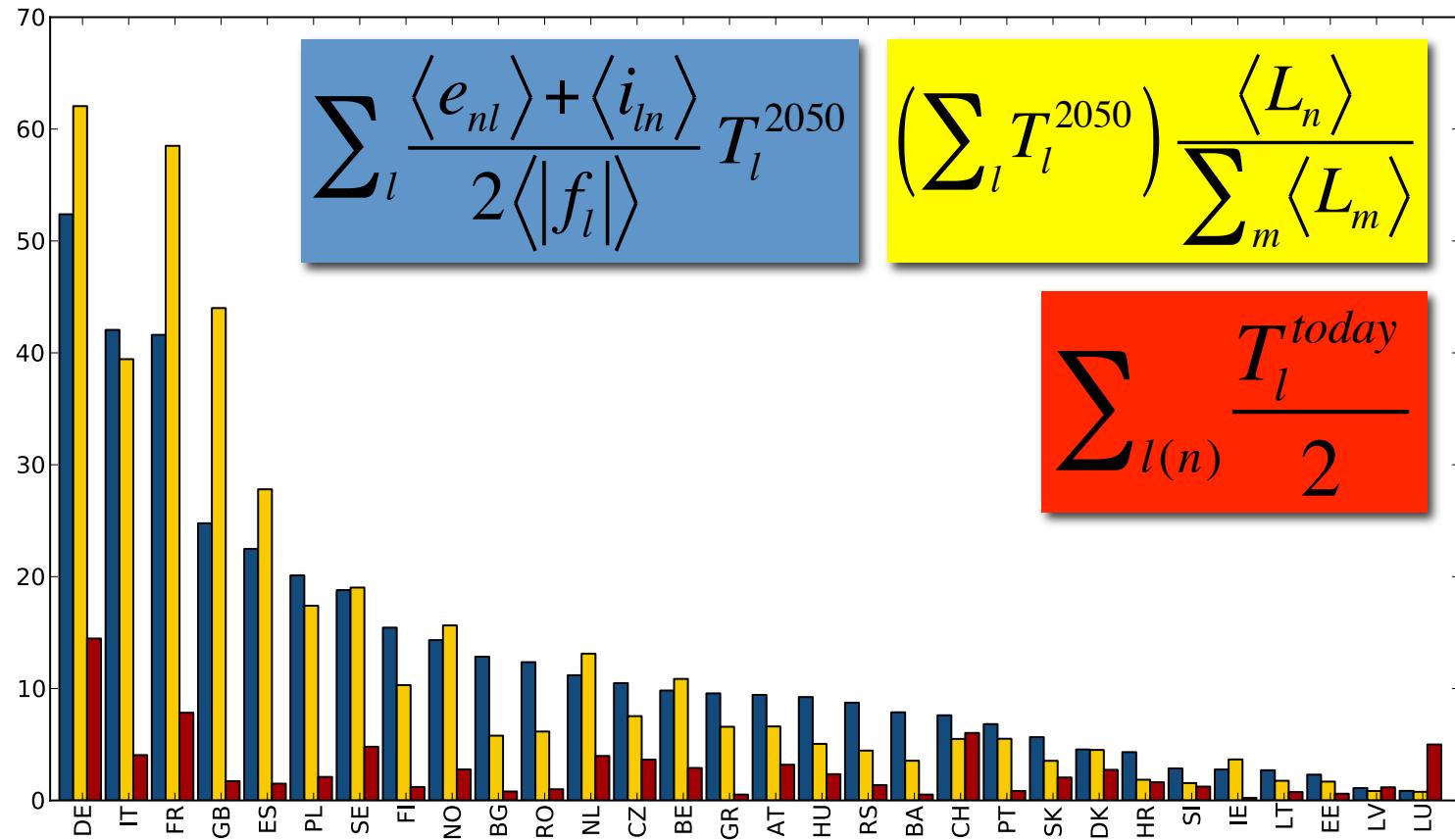
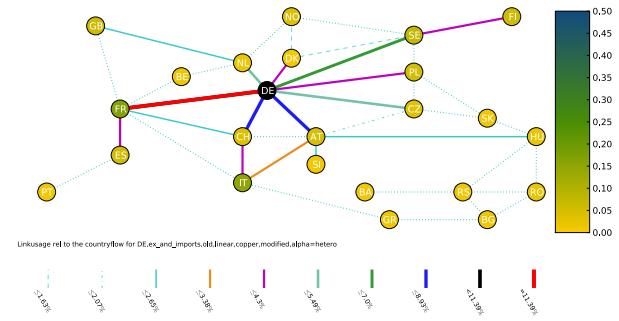
$$\min \sum_l F_l^2$$

Backup vs. Transmission

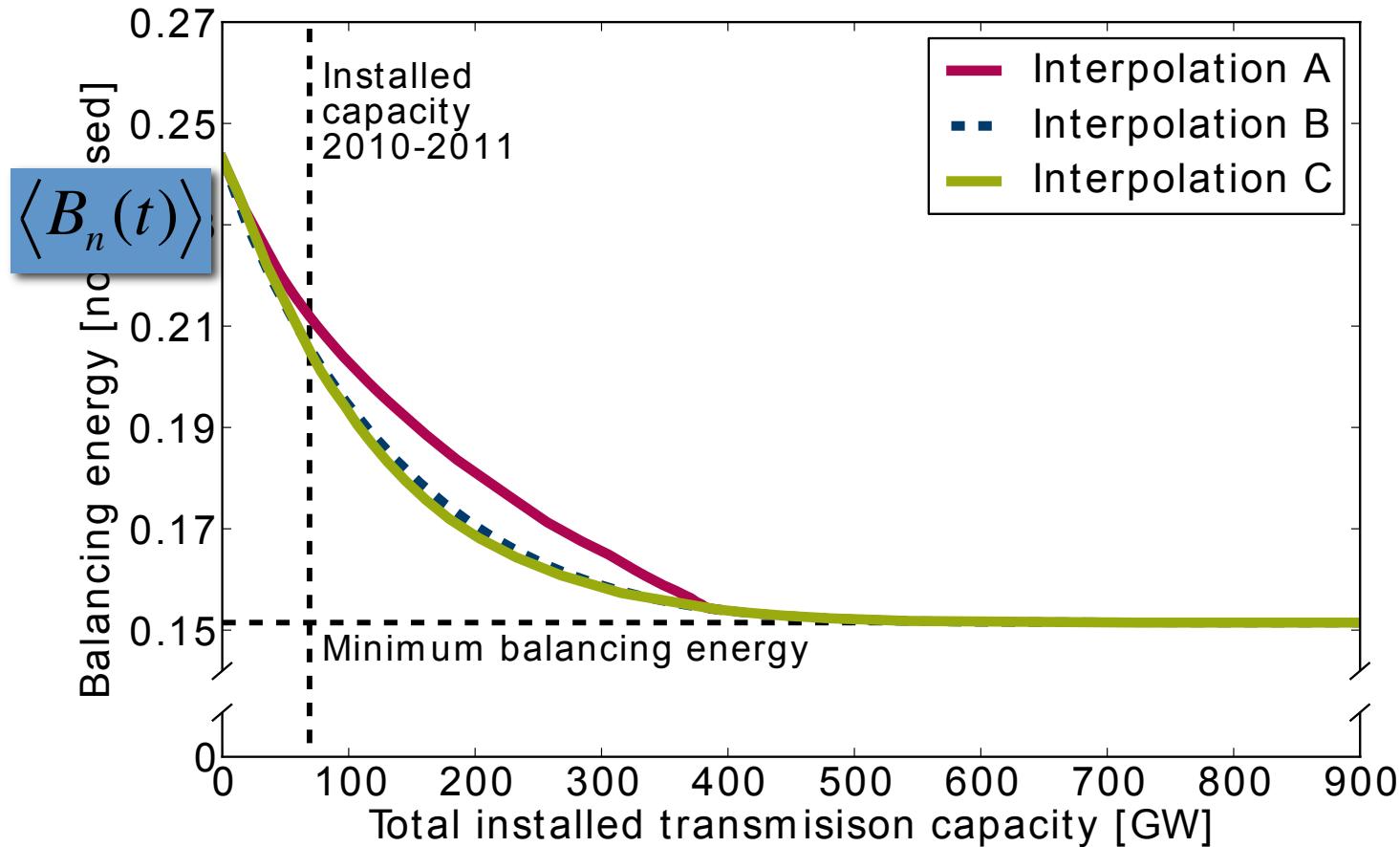


Who pays the transmission bill?

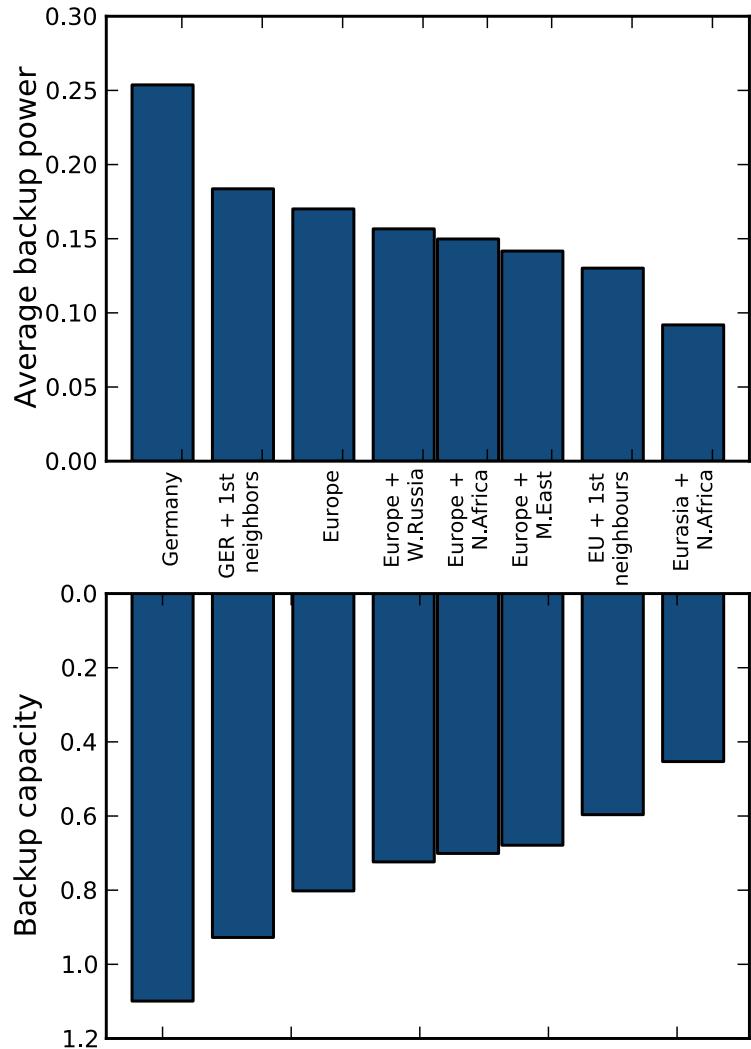
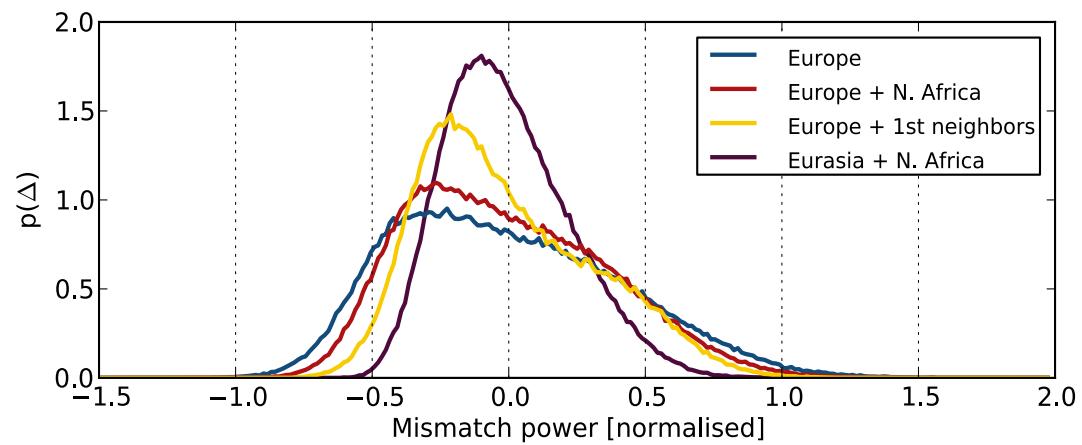
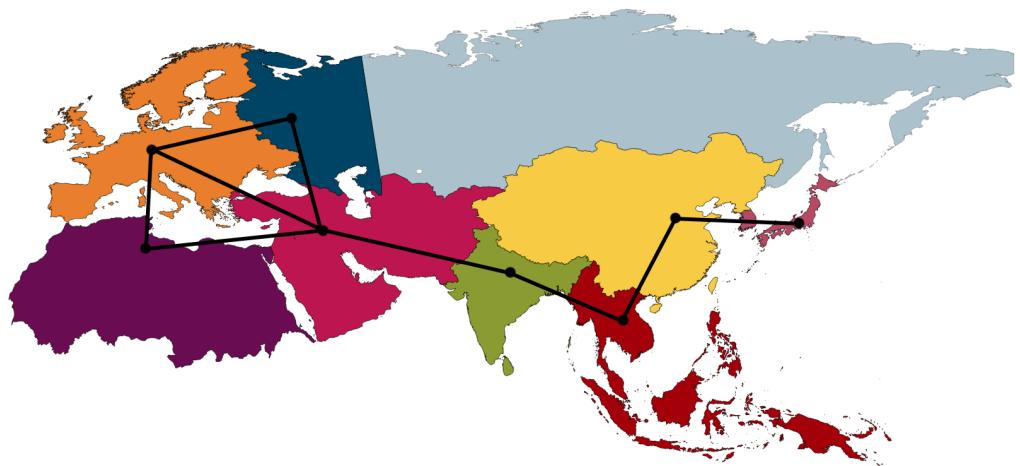
..... Flow tracing



More reduction of backup?

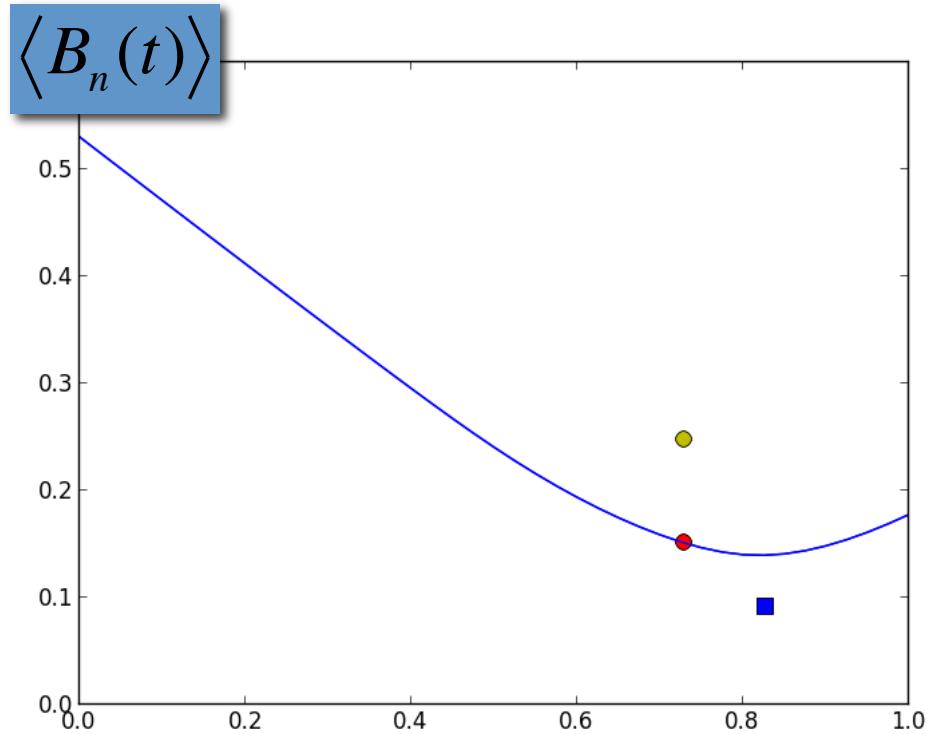


Answer 1: Transmission beyond EU

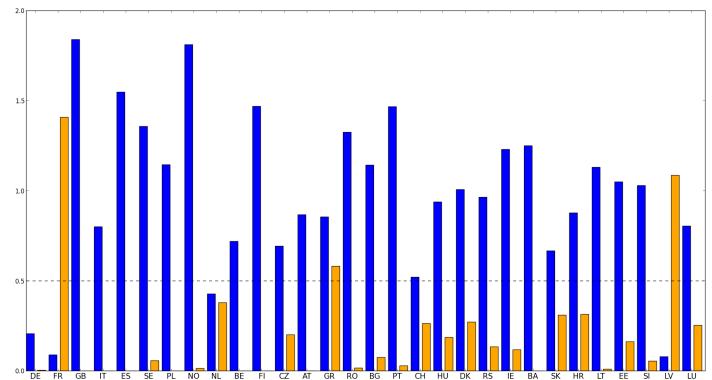
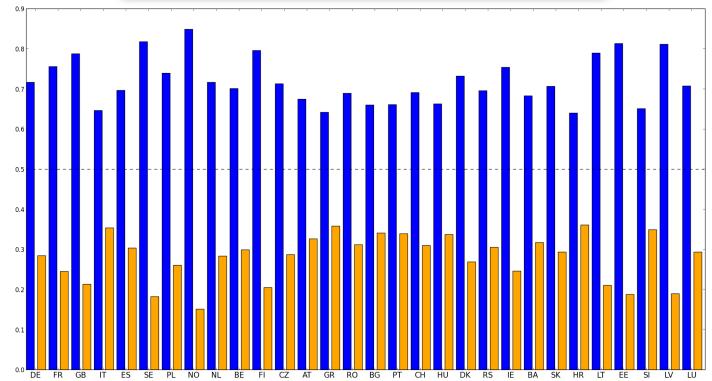


Answer 2: Optimization

optimal portfolio theory,
genetic optimization



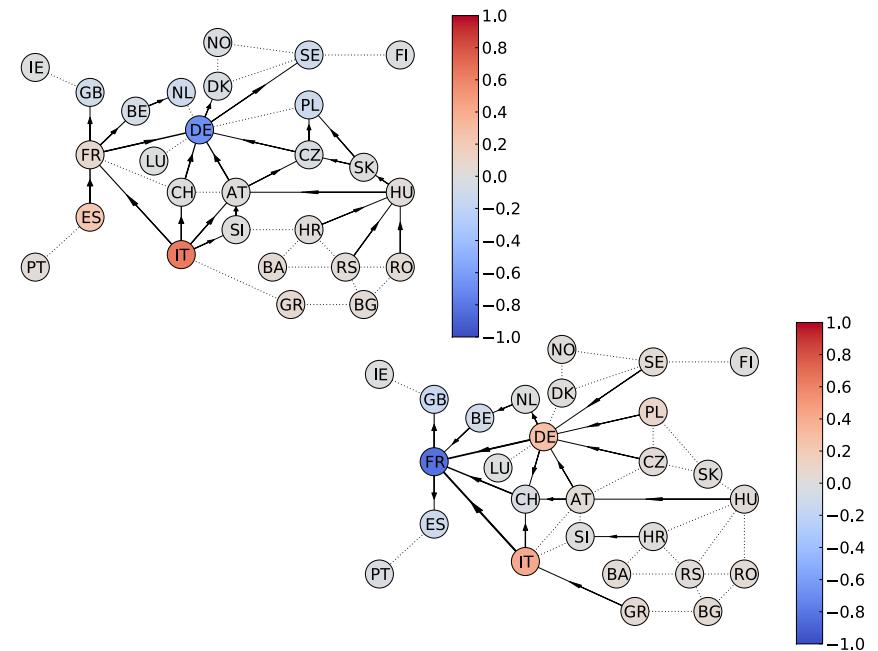
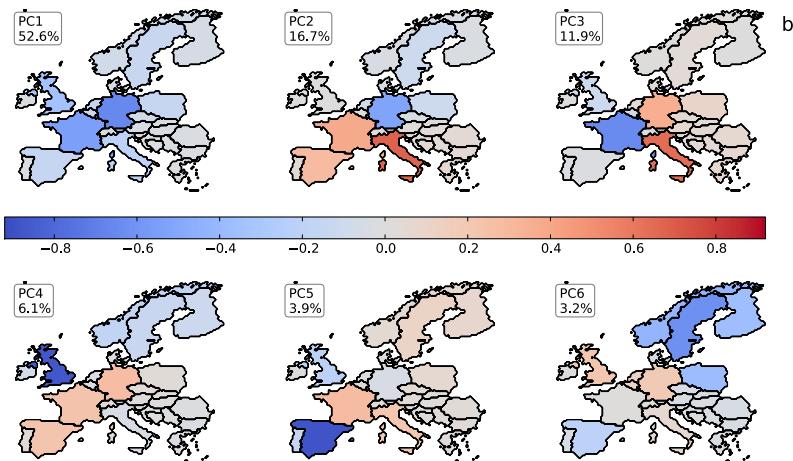
$$\langle G_n^{RES} \rangle_t = \langle L_n \rangle_t$$



$$\sum_n \langle G_n^{RES} \rangle_t = \sum_n \langle L_n \rangle_t$$

Fundamental Research on Renewable Energy Systems at the interface between engineering + mathematics + physics

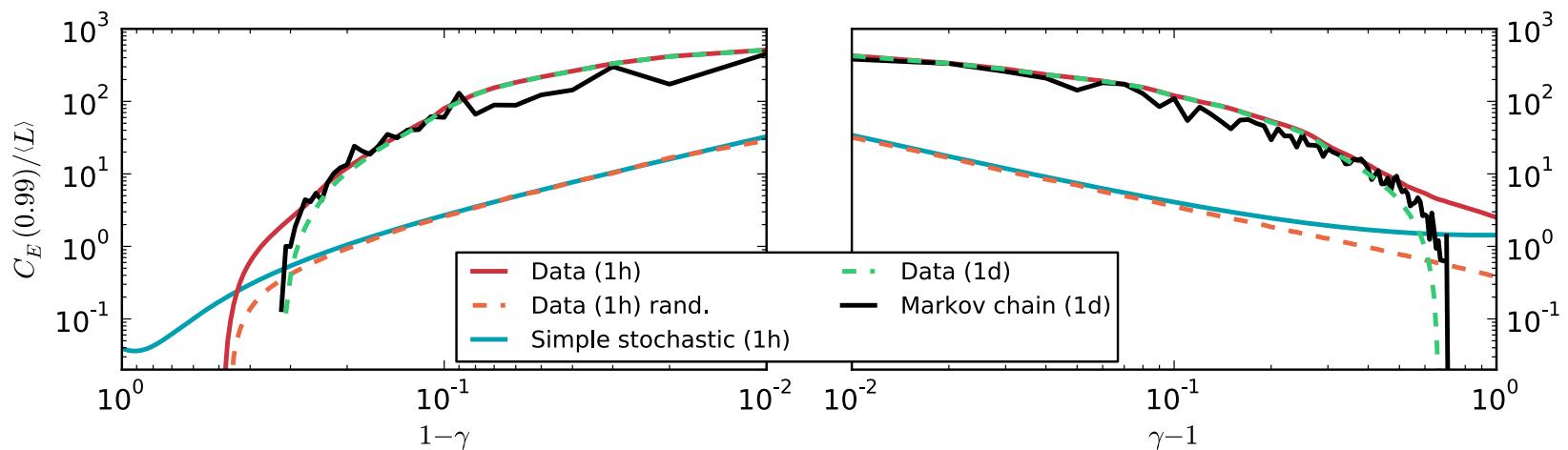
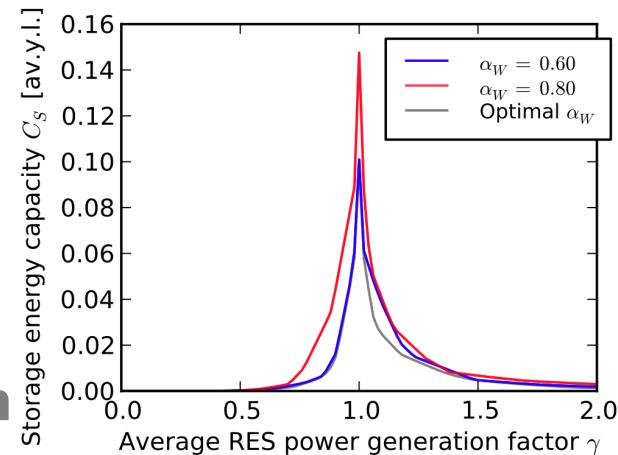
SOME FUNDAMENTAL CHALLENGES:
storage phase transition,
renormalisation scaling of power flows,
spatio-temporal flow pattern analysis,
self-organizing power flows,
emergence of socio-economic cooperation



Fundamental Research on Renewable Energy Systems at the interface between engineering + mathematics + physics

SOME FUNDAMENTAL CHALLENGES:

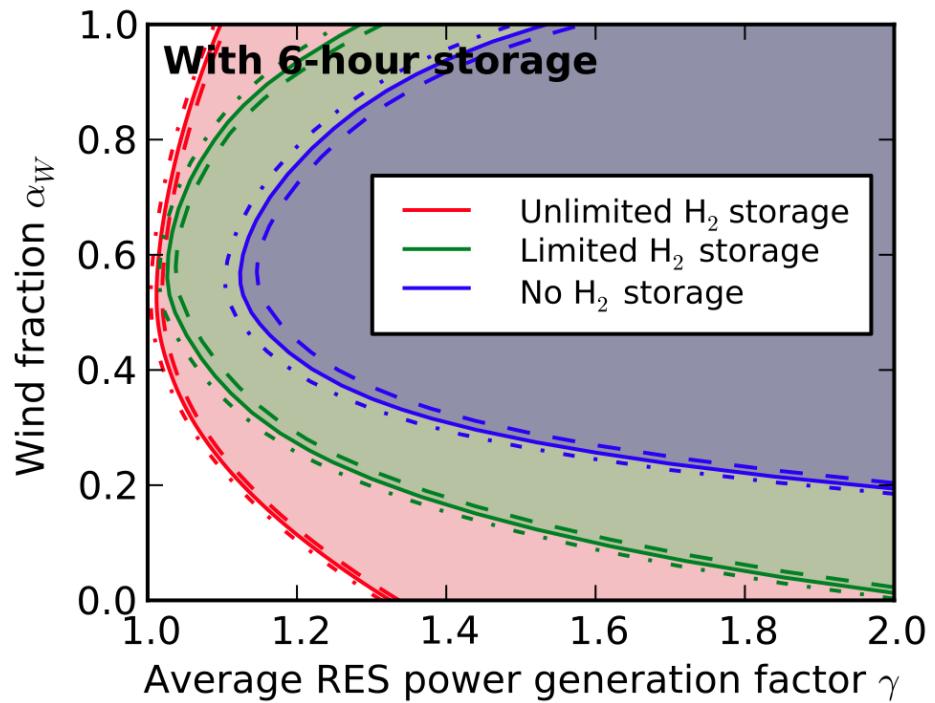
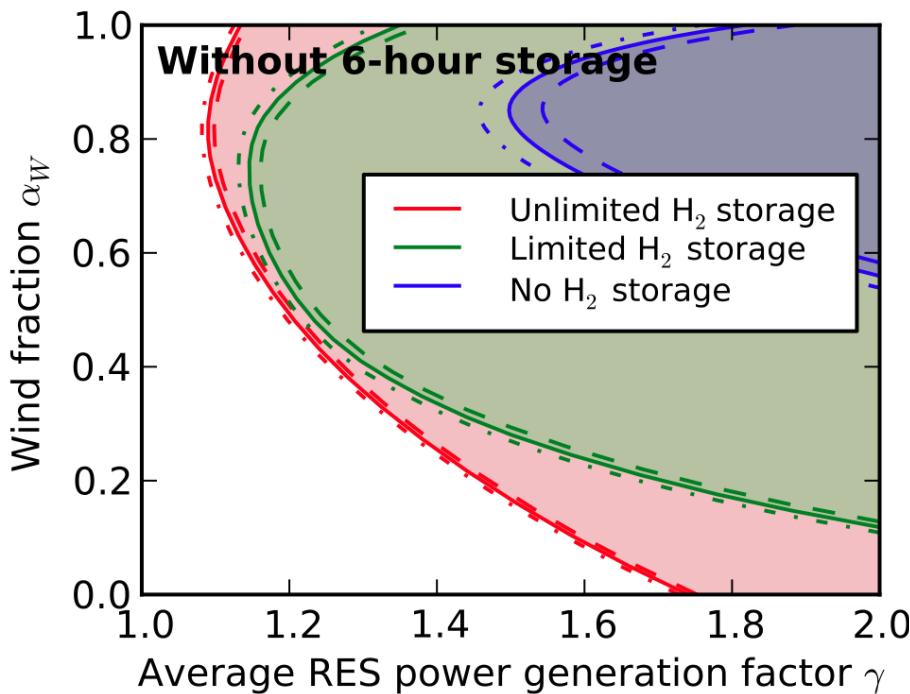
**storage phase transition,
renormalisation scaling of power flows,
spatio-temporal flow pattern analysis,
self-organizing power flows,
emergence of socio-economic cooperation**



Synergies: balancing + storage

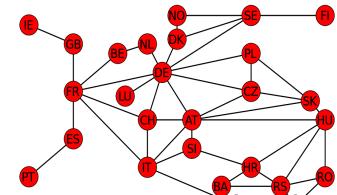
**6h “battery” storage
+ seasonal H₂ storage
+ “hydro/bio” balancing**

**(2.2 TWh, $\eta=1.0$)
(25 TWh, $\eta=0.6$)
(150 TWh)**



Fundamental Research on Renewable Energy Systems at the interface between engineering + mathematics + physics

BIG SIMULATION: **100% = 100+X%**
COMPLEX NETWORKS OF SMART ENERGY SYSTEMS
all renewables + backup +
+ transmission + storage,
electricity + heating + transportation



DESIGN OF FUTURE ENERGY MARKETS

OPTIMAL TRANSITION 2050 → 2015

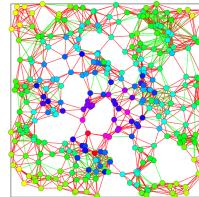


Fundamental Research on Renewable Energy Systems

at the interface between engineering + mathematics + physics

Martin Greiner, Aarhus University
greiner@eng.au.dk

(1) 100% Renewable Energy Systems



(2) Complex Networks

G Andresen
R Rodriguez
S Becker
B Sairanen
A Thomsen
M Dahl

(PostDoc)
(PHD)
(FIAS PhD)
(Master)
(Master)
(Master)

(3) Wind-farm Modeling + Optimization



U Poulsen (Assistant Professor)
J Herp (Master)

C Hoffmann
M Rasmussen
D Heide
T Jensen
A Søndergaard
T Zeyer

(IWES)
(PostDoc)
(PhD)
(Master)
(Master)
(Master)