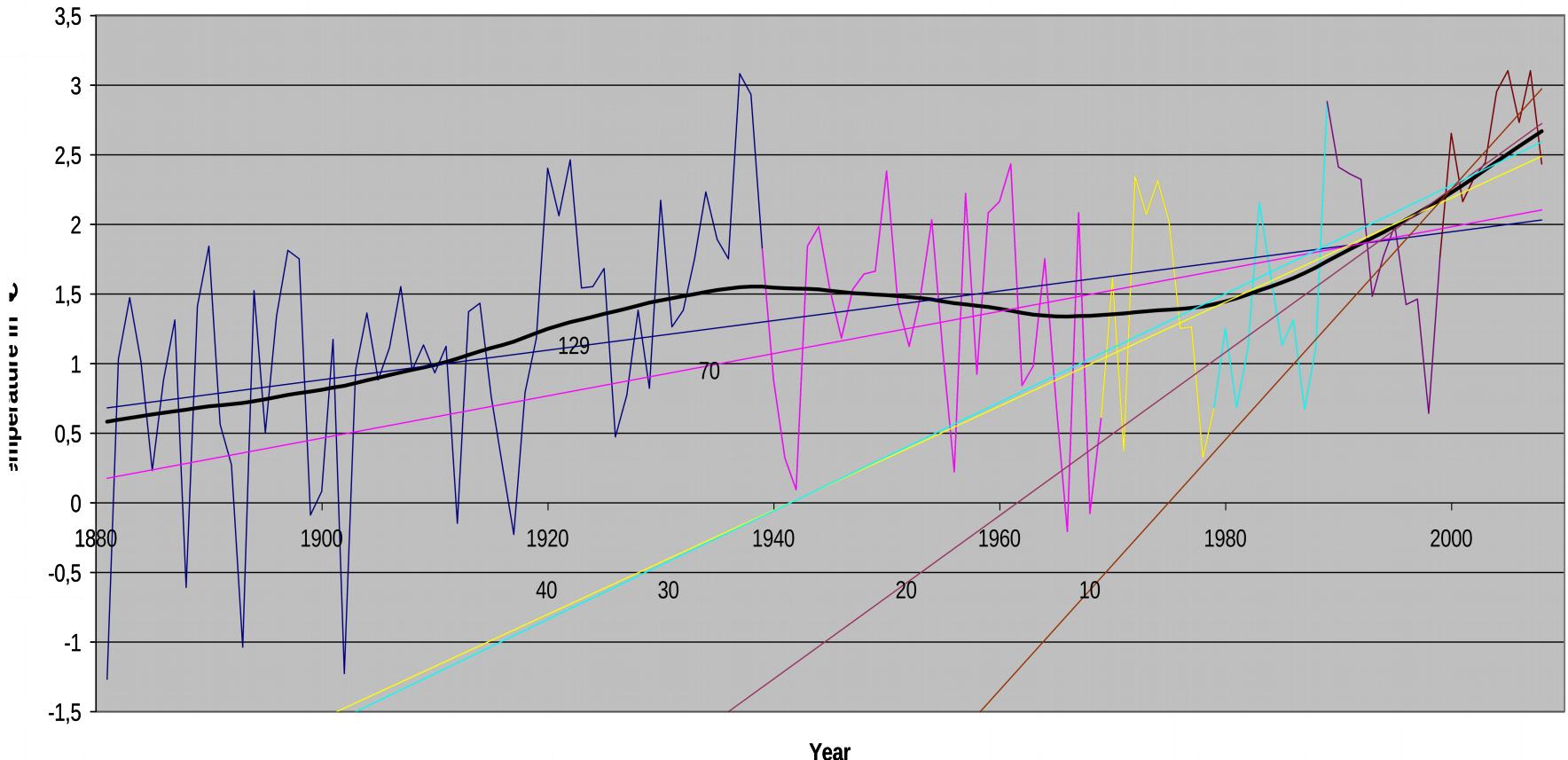


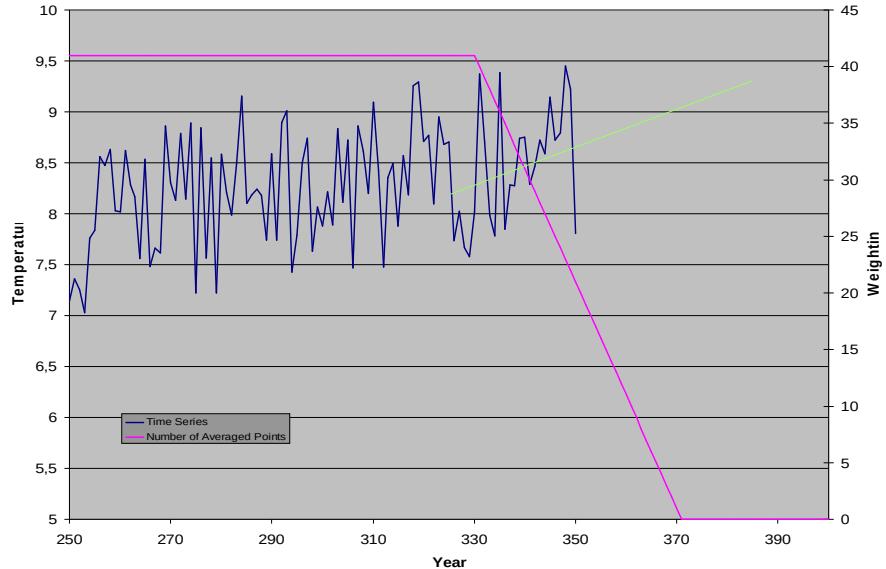
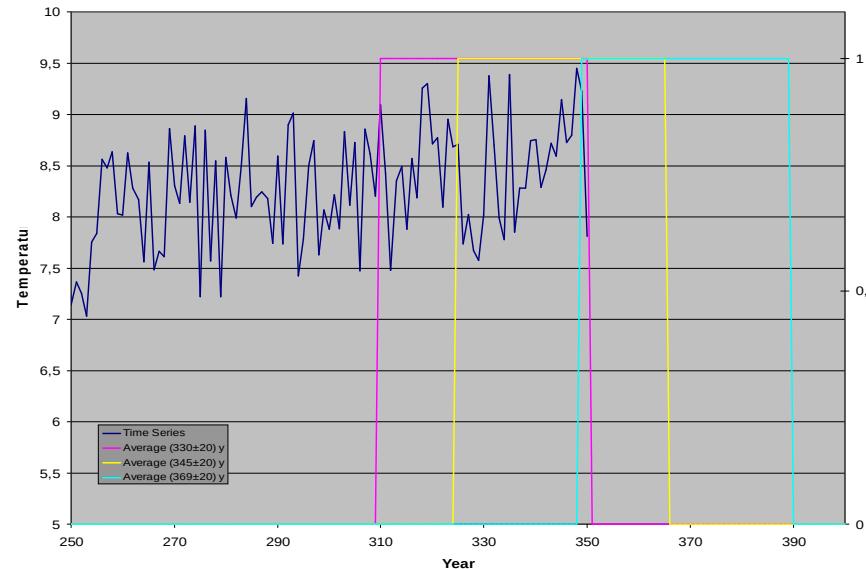
Calculation of climate trends functions from local time series

Dieter F. Ihrig, FH Suedwestfalen, Iserlohn, Germany

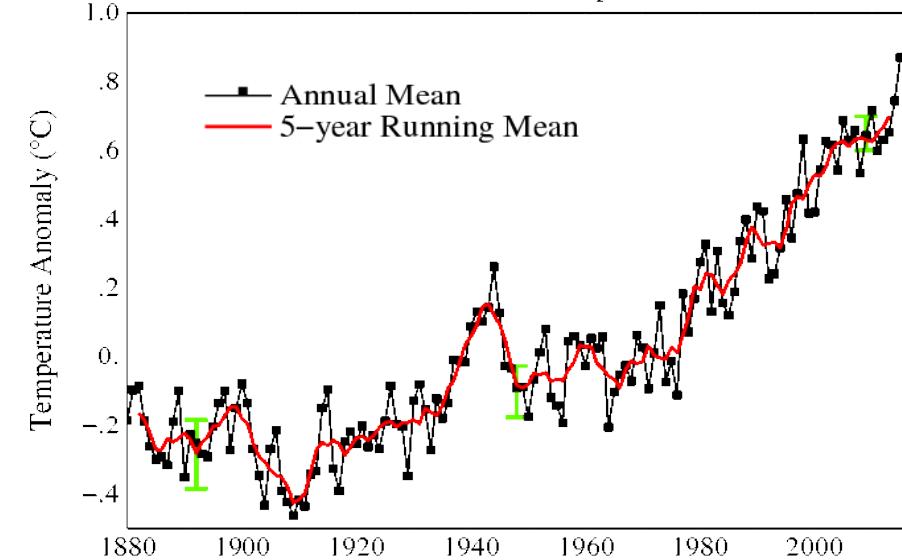
Annual mean surface temperature

Vardo 70,4 N 31,1 E



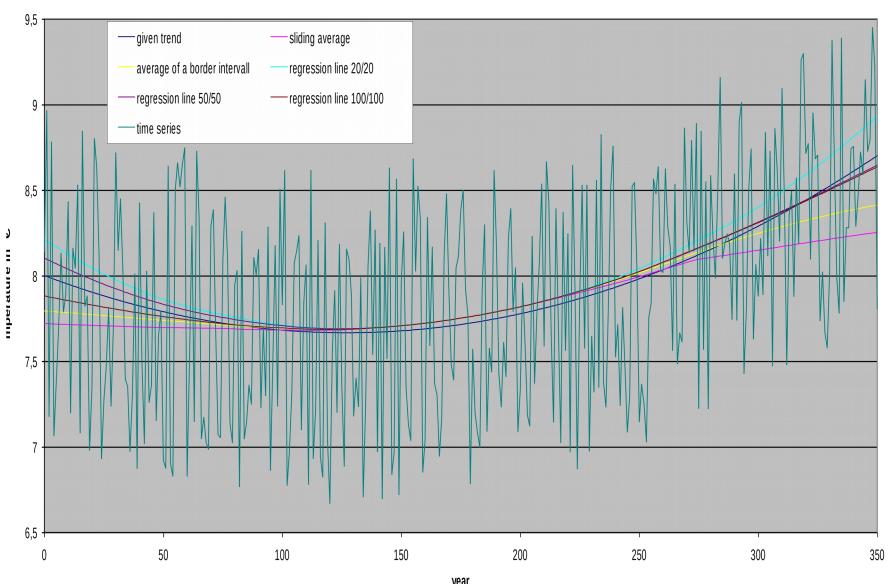


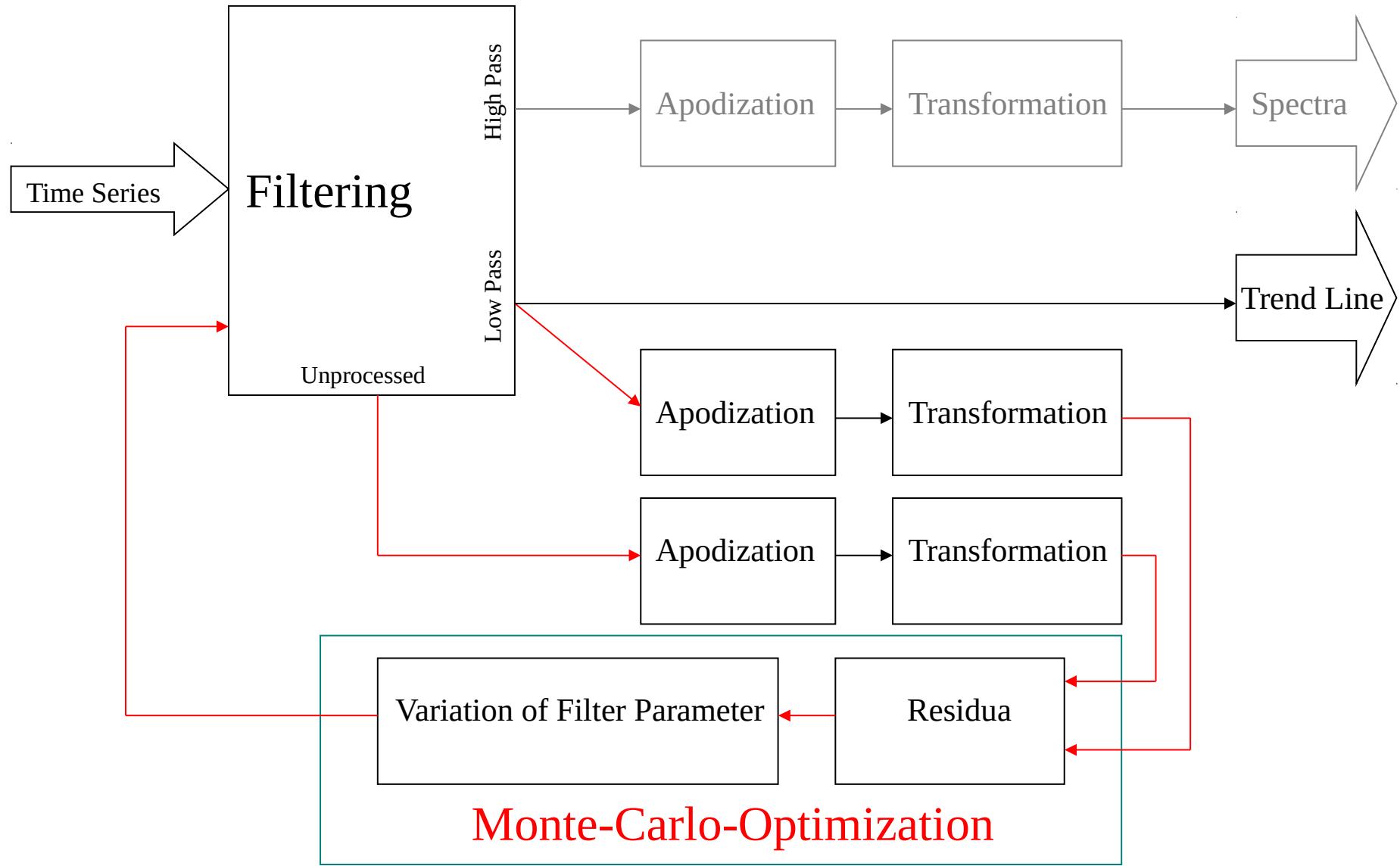
Global Land–Ocean Temperature Index

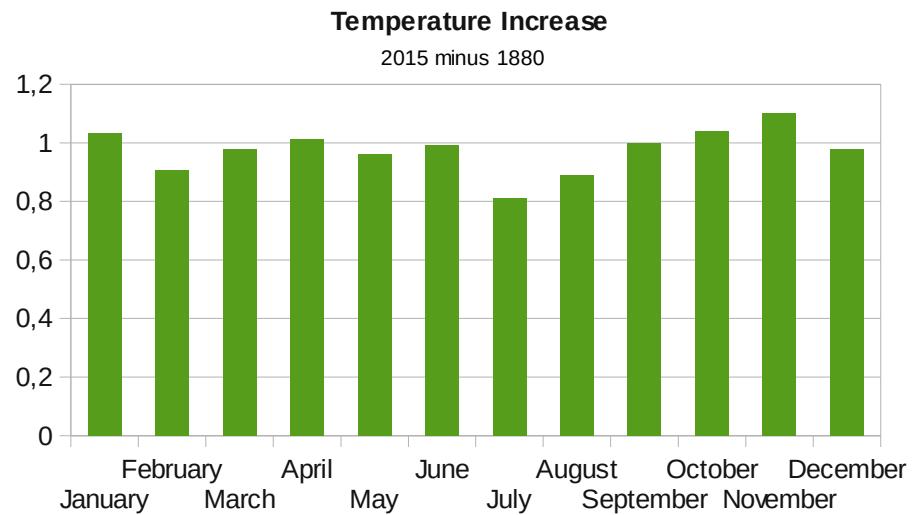
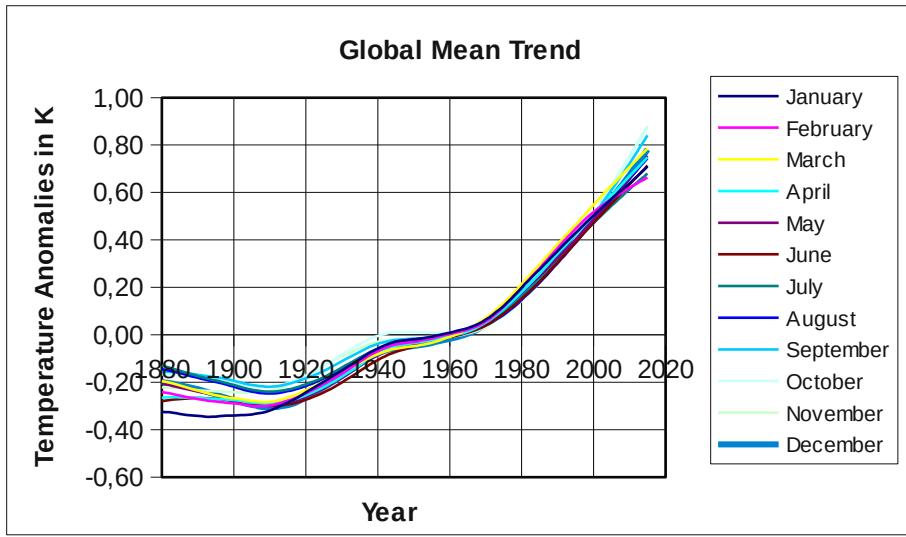
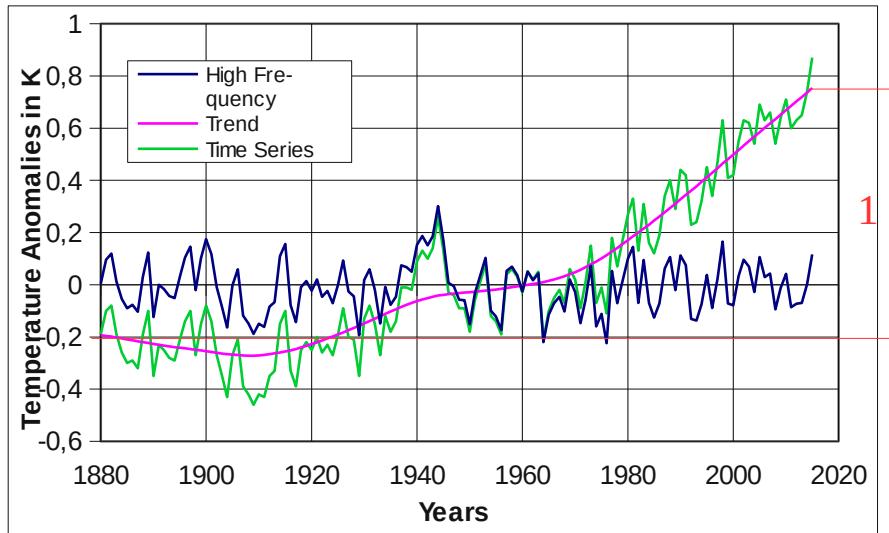
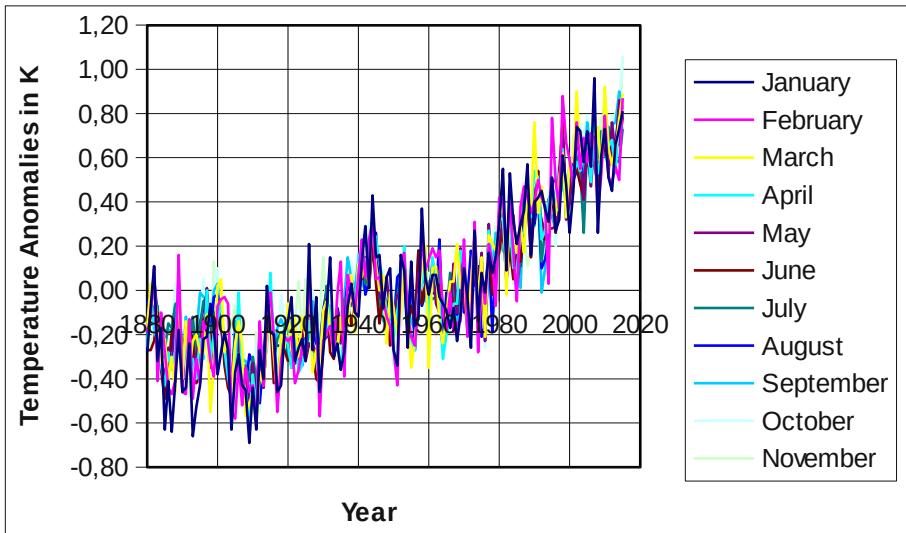


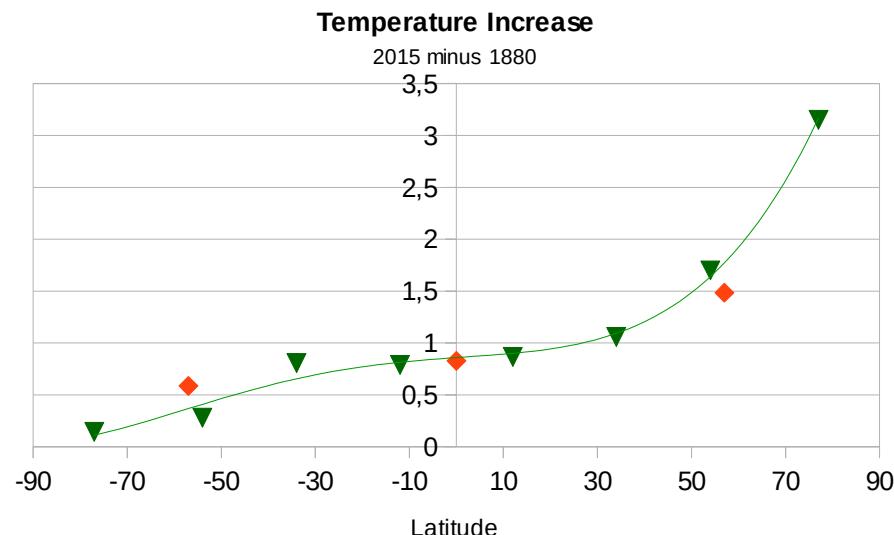
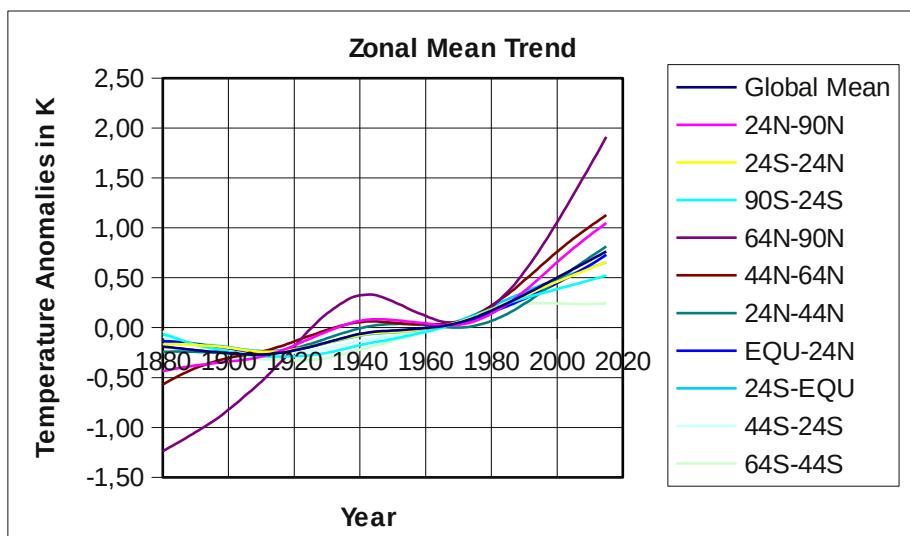
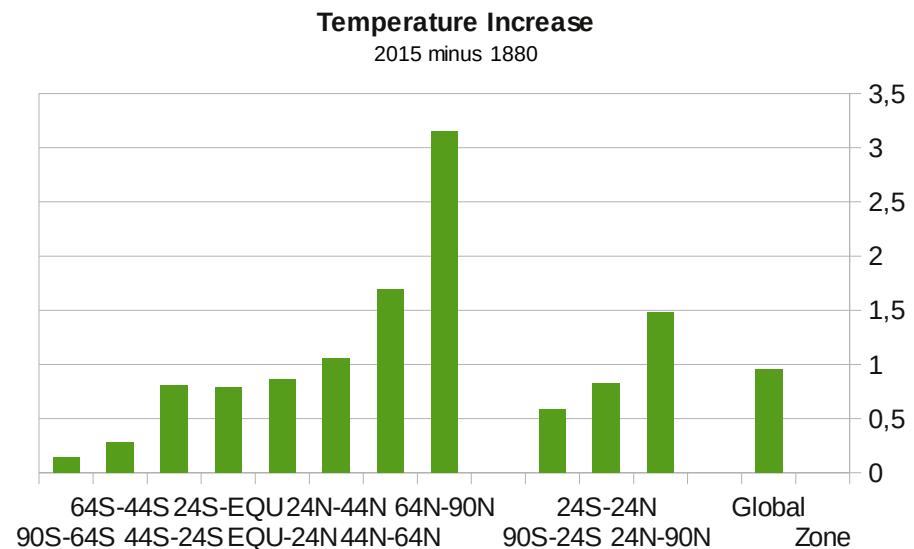
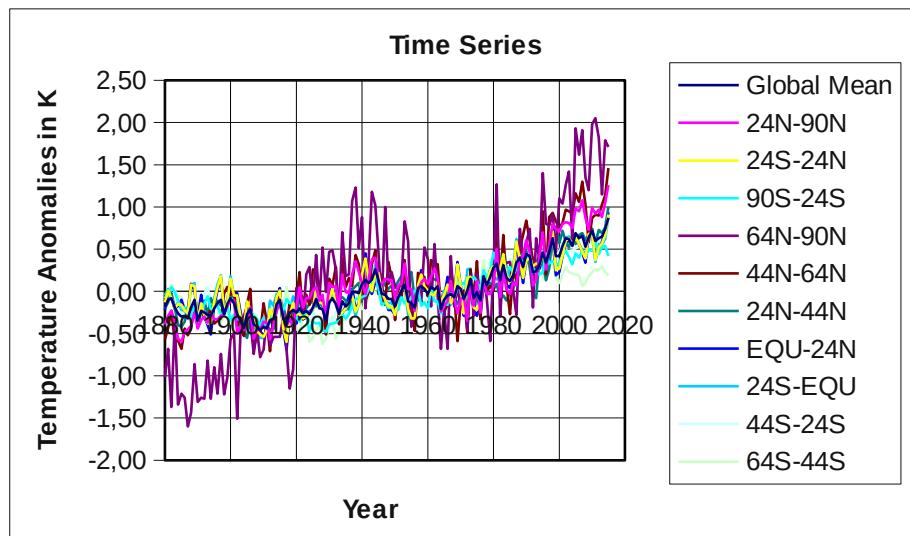
results of different procedures calculation the trend function

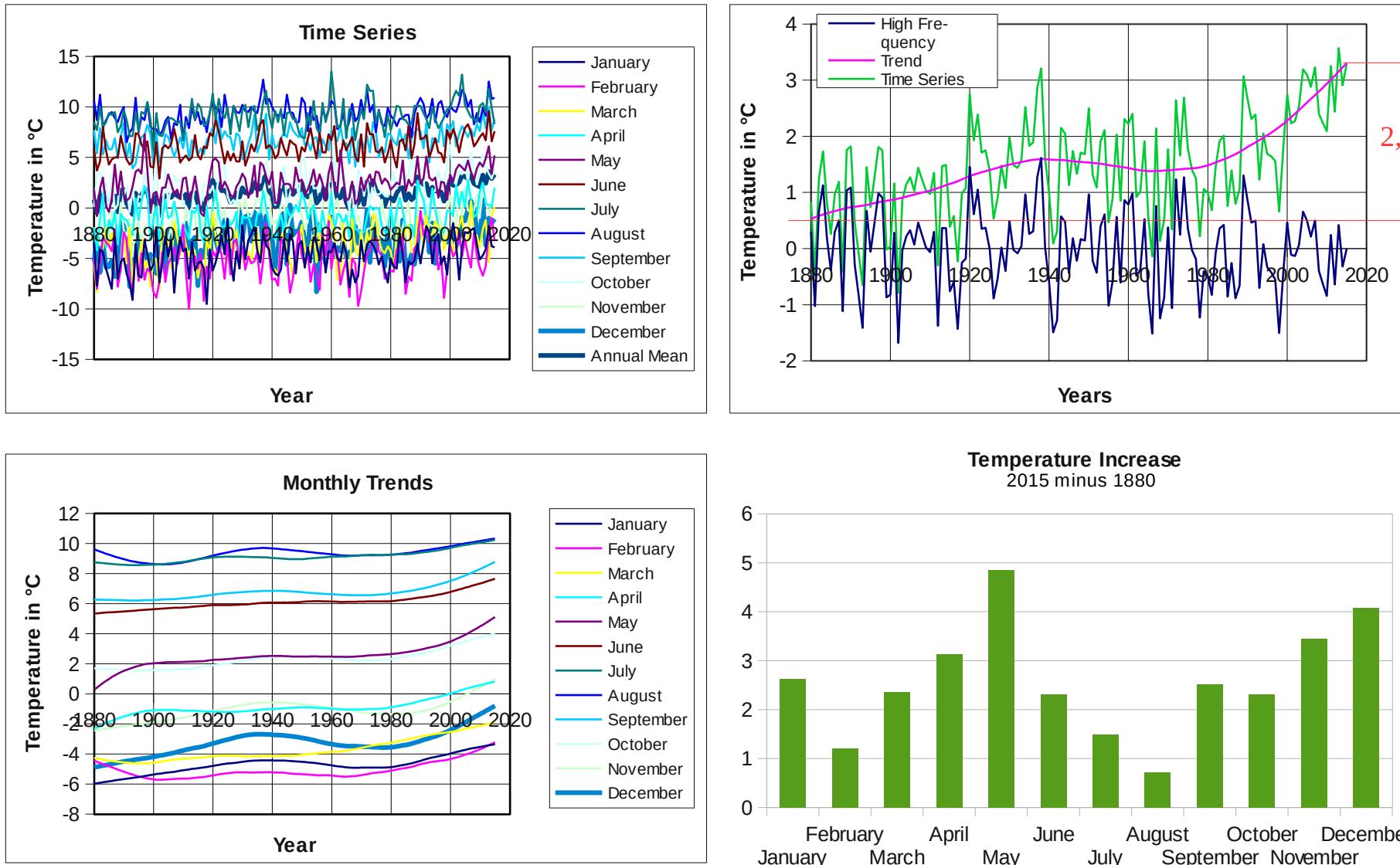
2. order filter



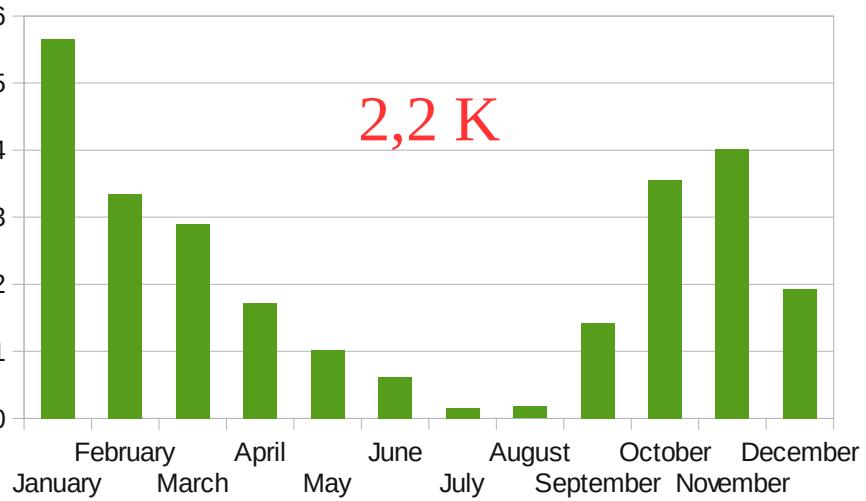




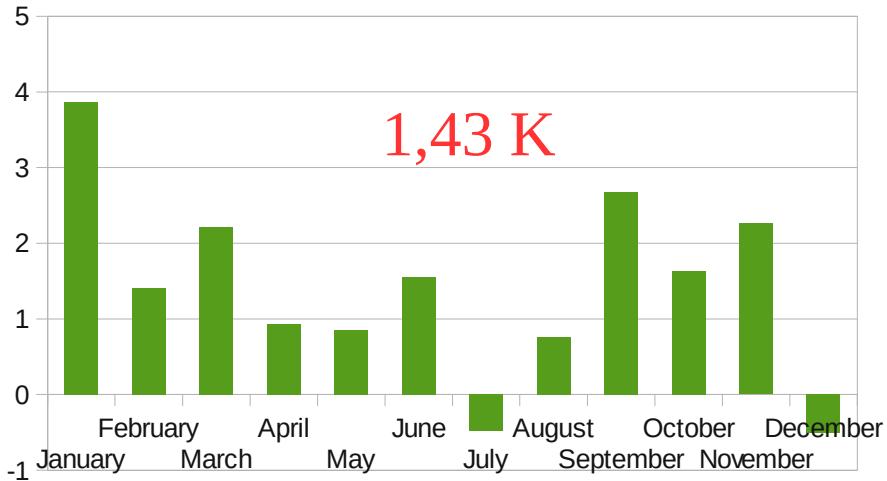




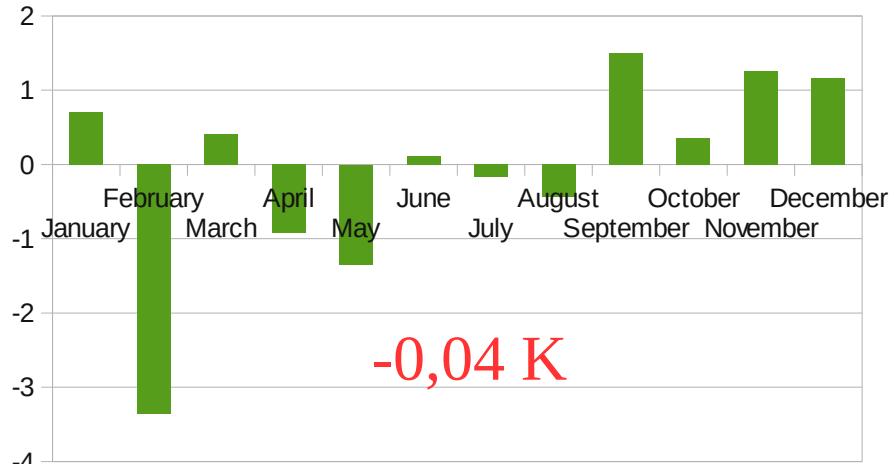
Los Angeles California 33,7N 118,3W



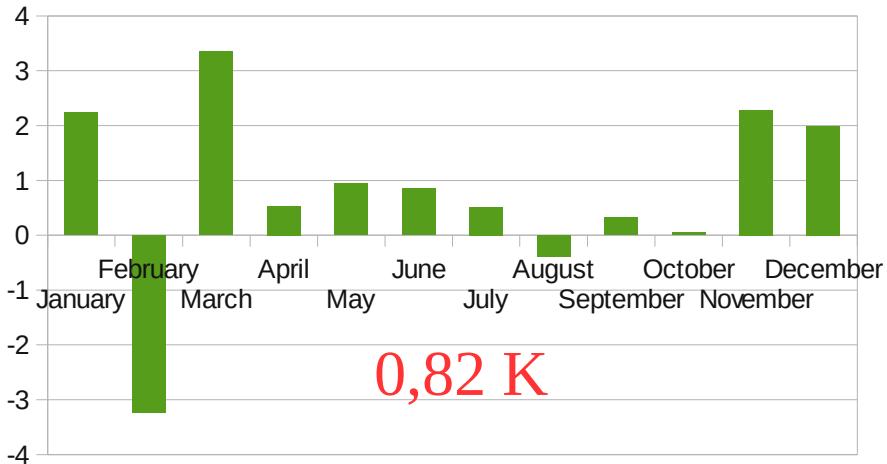
Phoenix Sky H 33,4N 112,0W

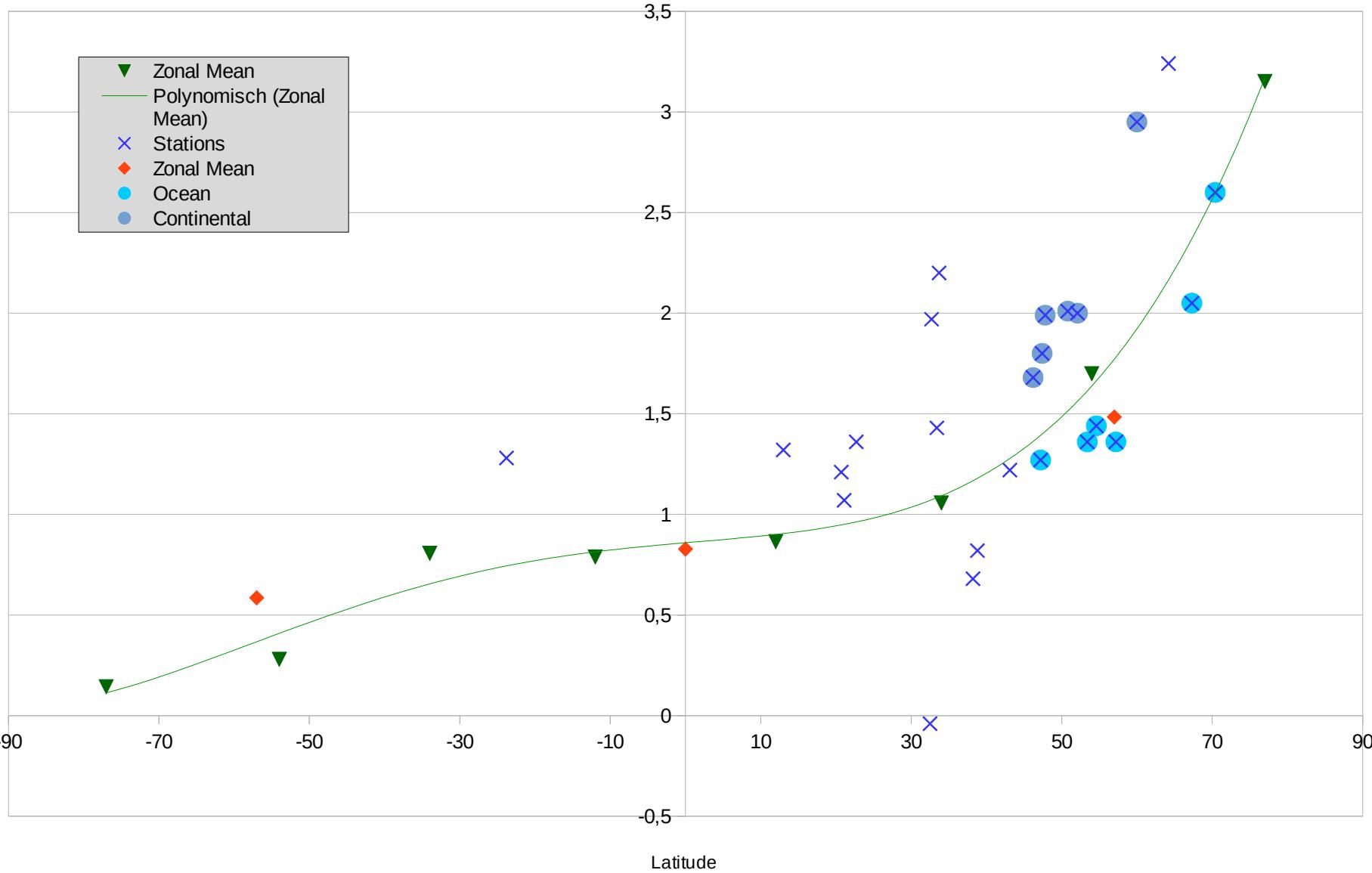


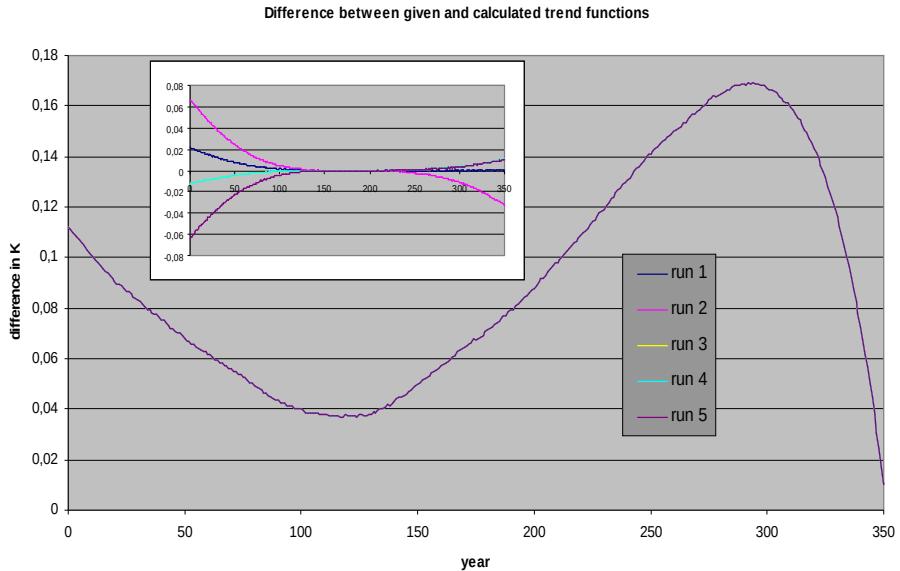
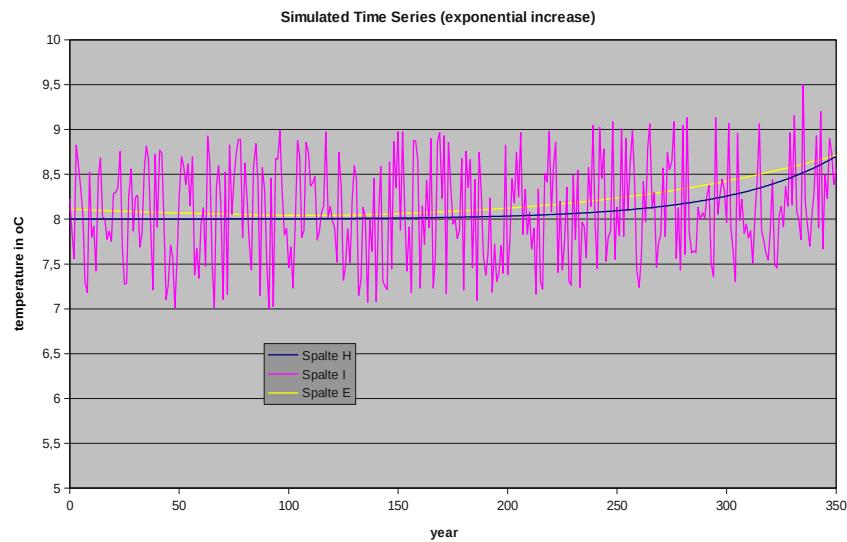
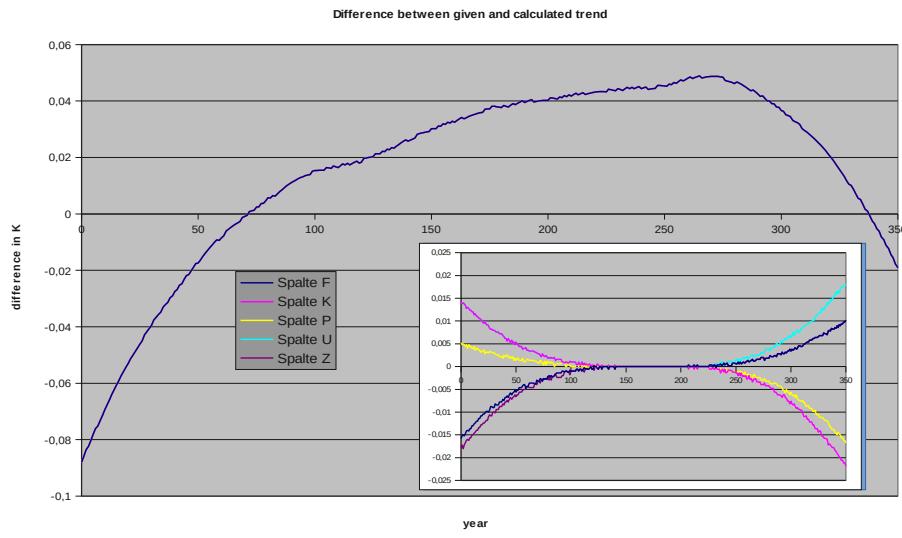
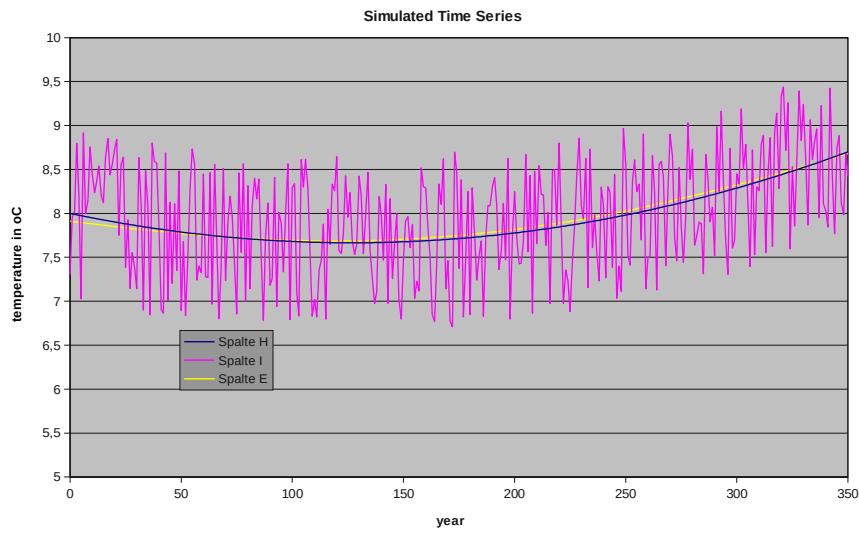
Shreveport Re 32,5N 93,8W

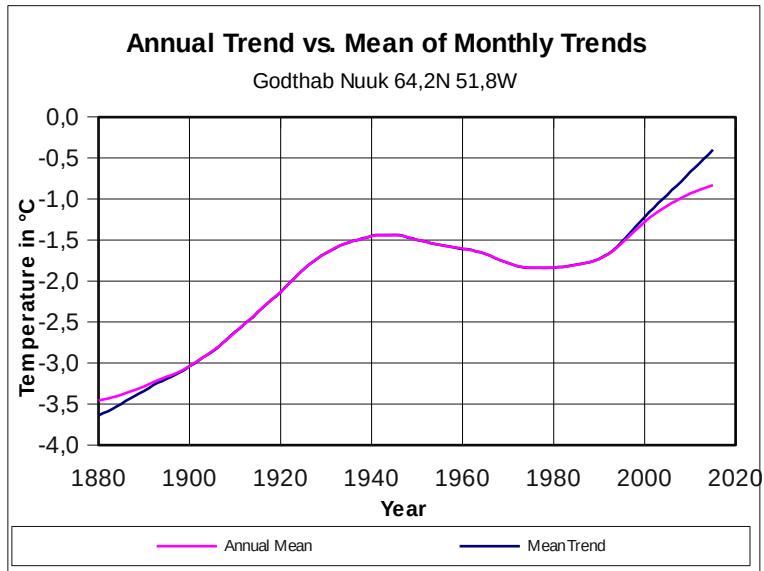
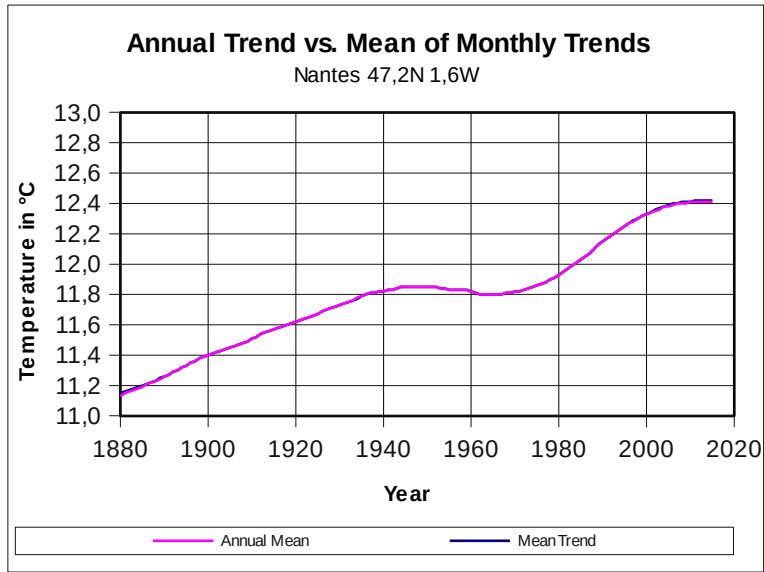


St Louis Lamb 38,8N 90,4W





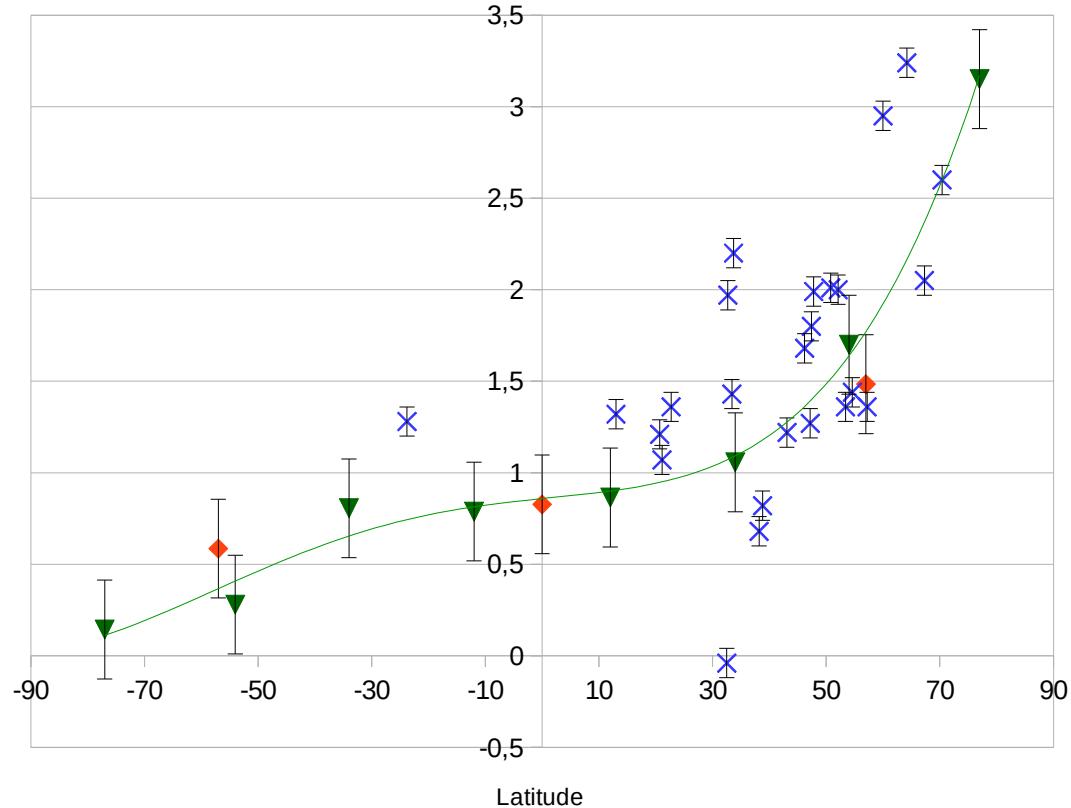




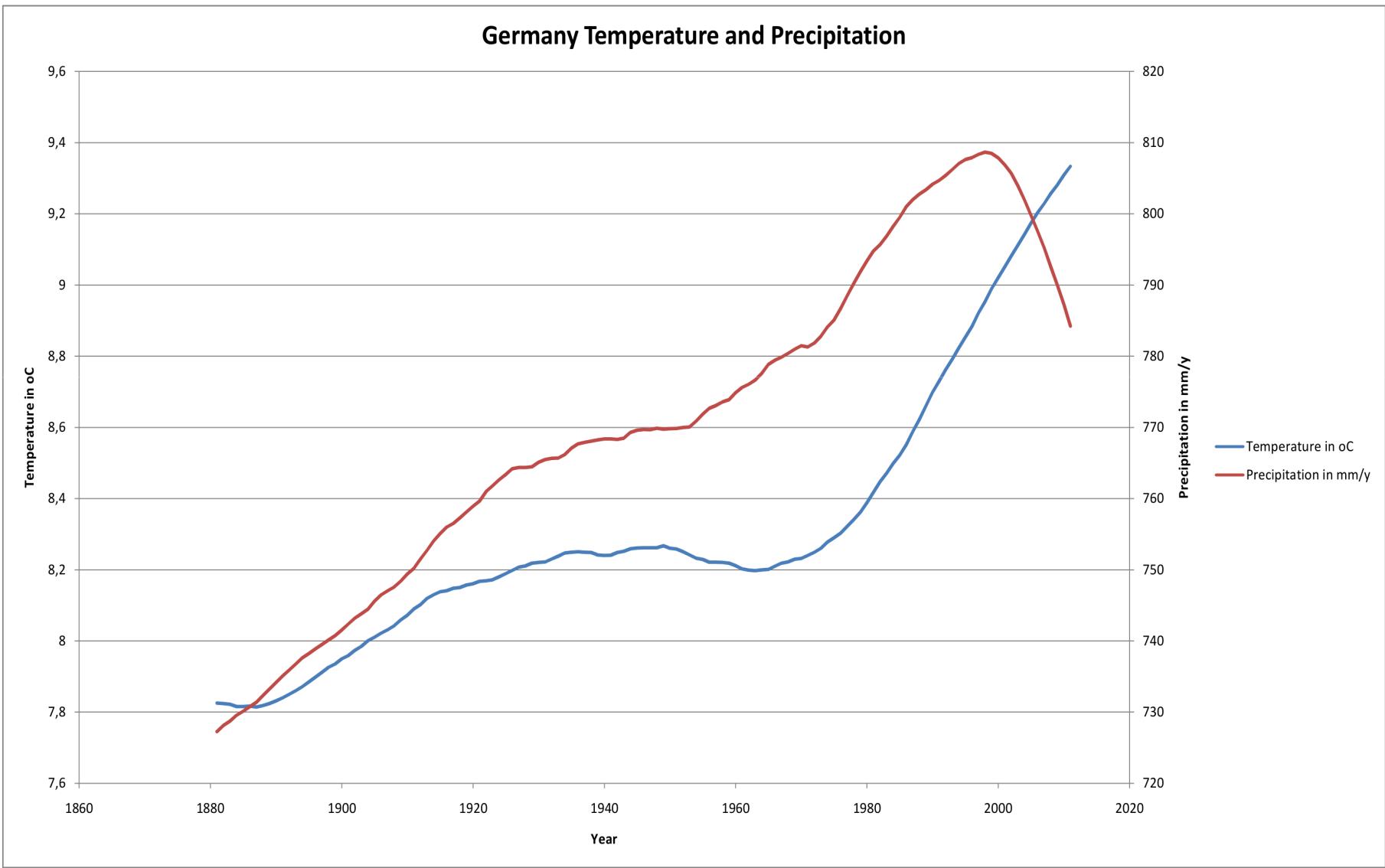
Comparison: Trend of Annual Mean vs. Mean of Monthly Trends

Standard Deviation of 25 Stations: 0,27 K

Confidence Limit: 0,077 K



Germany Temperature and Precipitation



- The Process calculates trend functions as new time series (Standard Deviation: 0,27 K; Confidence Limit: 0,077 K)
- 400 time series were processed
- Recently the most successful solution of the border problem is the use of regression lines. (In future: higher order or irrational functions?)
- But it's necessary to optimize the field length processed by calculation of regression lines using a Monte-Carlo-process.
- The algorithm cannot decide whether the calculated trend is man-made!
- There is a significant tendency of higher temperature (Up to 3.2 K at higher latitudes)

I thank you for your attention!